

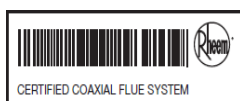
Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions



Electronic Continuous Flow Gas Indoor Water Heater 864 series 627 models

INSTALLER:

The ONLY suitable flue parts are certified Rheem coaxial flue components carrying the following label:



**DO NOT use any other type of flue parts.
Carefully follow the Installation Instructions.**

OPERATOR:

DO NOT OPERATE THIS WATER HEATER:

- Unless a certified Rheem coaxial flue system, venting to the outside through a certified Rheem terminal is installed in accordance with the Installation Instructions.
- If a loud continued vibration occurs during operation



Install a Rheem

*This water heater must be installed and serviced by an authorised person.
Please leave this guide with the householder.*

⚠ Warning: Upon completion of the installation and commissioning of the water heater, leave this guide with the householder or a responsible officer. **DO NOT** leave this guide inside of the cover of the water heater, as it may interfere with the safe operation of the water heater or ignite when the water heater is turned on.

PATENTS

This water heater may be protected by one or more patents or registered designs in the name of Rheem Australia Pty Ltd or Paloma Industries Ltd.

Rheem Pty Ltd is the New Zealand supplier of the Rheem range of electronic continuous flow gas water heaters, manufactured by Paloma Industries Ltd, a world leader in water heater technology and manufacture.

TRADEMARKS

® Registered trademark of Rheem New Zealand Pty Ltd.
™ Trademark of Rheem Pty Ltd.

Note: Every care has been taken to ensure accuracy in preparation of this publication.
No liability can be accepted for any consequences, which may arise as a result of its application.

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The other pages are intended for the installer but may be of interest.

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ABOUT YOUR WATER HEATER

MODEL TYPE

The Rheem® electronic continuous flow gas water heater model you have chosen is for indoor installation only. This model has an extended warranty (refer to “[Warranty](#)” on page 95).

The water heater has a factory pre-set outlet temperature setting of:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

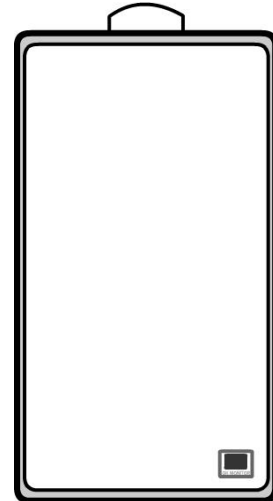
WATER HEATER OPERATION

The water heater operates automatically, heating water as it passes through the water heater. When a hot tap is opened, the gas burners ignite to provide immediate heating of the water. The heat produced by the burner is transferred to the water through the heat exchanger. The water is heated to a constant temperature by the automatic adjustment of the gas supply to the burner to suit the water flow rate (refer to “[Temperature Control](#)” on pages 9 to 38). The gas burners extinguish when the hot tap is closed.

Automatic safety controls are fitted to the water heater to provide safe and efficient operation.

GAS BOOSTING FOR A SOLAR WATER HEATER

Water stored in the solar storage tank passes through the in-series gas booster water heater when a hot tap is opened. The gas booster water heater is for heating water at times of low solar energy gain, such as during cloudy or rainy weather, or during winter months.



864 SERIES

Solar heated water can reach temperatures up to 75°C for a Premier Loline system. The gas booster water heater operates automatically. When the solar heated water temperature is 58°C or higher, the flow passes through the gas booster water heater without it operating. When the solar heated water temperature is below 58°C, the gas booster water heater operates to heat the water to a minimum temperature of 75°C.

862 SERIES

When the gas booster is set at temperatures up to 75°C and the water from a solar preheat is within 2°C of the gas booster set temperature, the incoming flow passes through the in-series gas booster without operating. If the water heater is set at 82°C the temperature difference before the gas booster operates increases to 4°C below the set temperature. (i.e. incoming water temperature is <78°C)

REDUCED HOT WATER FLOW WHEN HEAT EXCHANGER IS COLD

A cold start-up, i.e. when the water heater has not operated for some time (which is most often first thing in the morning), the initial flow of hot water may be reduced for a period of 5-10 seconds while the heat exchanger warms up. **This is both an energy and water saving feature of this water heater.** Once the heat exchanger has warmed up the hot water flow will increase and remain at normal flow levels. This feature will only occur on a cold start-up and not when the heat exchanger is already warm from a recent operation.

MAINS PRESSURE

The water heater is designed for direct connection to the mains water supply. If the mains supply pressure in your area exceeds that [shown on page 45](#), a pressure limiting valve must be fitted. The supply pressure should be greater than 140 kPa for the rated flow and performance to be achieved.

HOW HOT SHOULD THE WATER BE?

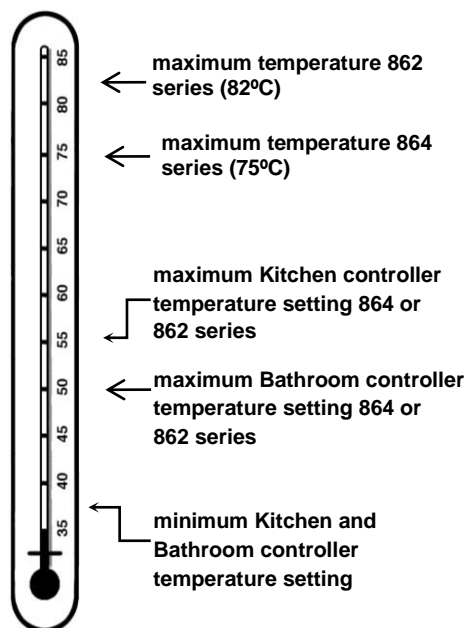
The water heater may be installed with one or more user adjustable temperature controllers, which allow you to choose the most suitable temperature for your hot water needs (refer to [“Temperature Control”](#) on page 9).

If a controller is not installed, the water heater heats the water to the pre-set outlet temperature setting. The factory pre-set outlet temperature setting is:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

Note: The pre-set outlet temperature setting of this water heater cannot be adjusted by the householder. The setting can only be adjusted by the installer, your nearest Rheem Service Centre.

If this water heater is installed as part of a solar water heater system, the installer has checked and if required, adjusted the pre-set outlet temperature setting of an 864 series water heater to 75°C.



⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater (864 or 862 series) as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

If this water heater is installed as part of a solar water heater system, the system can deliver water at temperatures from 58°C up to 82°C and possibly higher depending upon the model of solar water heater installed.

HOTTER WATER INCREASES THE RISK OF SCALD INJURY

This water heater can deliver water at temperatures which can cause scalding. Check the water temperature before use, such as when entering a shower or filling a bath or basin, to ensure it is suitable for the application and will not cause scald injury.

- The factory pre-set temperature setting of an 864 or 862 series water heater will not deliver temperatures exceeding 55°C.

There is no requirement in AS/NZS3500.4 to fit an additional temperature limiting device unless the water heater is supplying hot water to an early childhood centre, school, nursing home or a facility for young, aged, sick or disabled people.

⚠ WARNING

This water heater is only intended to be operated by persons who have the experience or the knowledge and the capabilities to do so. This water heater is not intended to be operated by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities i.e. the infirm, or by children. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not interfere with the water heater.

The water heater uses 240 Volt AC electrical power for operation of the control systems and the combustion fan. The removal of the front panel will expose 240 V wiring. It must only be removed by an authorised or qualified person.

The power lead from the water heater must be plugged into an electrical 240V outlet. Take care not to touch the power plug with wet hands.

SAFETY

This water heater is supplied with temperature sensors, a FlameSafe® protection system and a pressure relief valve. These devices must not be tampered with or removed. The water heater must not be operated unless each of these devices is fitted and is in working order.

If the power supply cord or plug is damaged, it must be replaced by an authorised person in order to avoid a hazard. The power supply cord and plug must be replaced with a genuine replacement part available from Rheem. Phone your nearest Rheem Service Centre to arrange for an inspection.

The warranty can become void if relief valves or other safety devices are tampered with or if the installation is not in accordance with these instructions.

- Do not store **flammable or combustible materials** near the water heater. Flammable liquids (such as petrol), newspapers and similar articles must be kept well away from the water heater and the flue terminal.
- Do not use **aerosols, stain removers and household chemicals** near the water heater whilst it is working. Gases from some aerosol sprays, stain removers and household chemicals become corrosive when drawn into a flame.
- Do not store **swimming pool chemicals, household cleaners**, etc., near the water heater.
- Do not place anything on top of the water heater or in contact with the flue terminal. Ensure the flue terminal is not obstructed in any way at any time.



GOING ON HOLIDAYS

If you are going on holidays, it is not necessary to turn the water heater off. If it is necessary to turn off the water heater, refer to ["To Turn off the Water Heater"](#) on page 7.

TO TURN OFF THE WATER HEATER

If it is necessary to turn off the water heater:

- Turn off the controller(s) (if fitted) by pressing the on / off button.
The light in the on / off button will go out and the priority light (standard controller) or the ACTIVE light (Deluxe controller), if it is on, will go out.
- Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater if there is no risk of freezing conditions occurring (refer to note below).
- Close the gas isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.
- Close the cold water isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.

Note: If there is a risk of freezing conditions, the electrical supply to the water heater should not be switched off unless the water heater is drained, otherwise damage could result (refer to “[Frost Protection](#)” on page 8 and “[Draining the Water Heater](#)” on page 8).

TO TURN ON THE WATER HEATER

- Screw in the drain plugs at the cold water inlet and hot water outlet of the water heater if the water heater has been drained.
- Open all of the hot taps in the house (don't forget the shower).
- Open the cold water isolation valve fully at the inlet to the water heater.
Air will be forced out of the taps.
- Close each tap as water flows freely from it.
- Open the gas isolation valve fully at the inlet to the water heater.
- Plug in the power supply cord at the power outlet.
- Switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater.
- Turn on a controller, if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button.
The light in the on / off button and the priority light (standard controller) or ACTIVE light (Deluxe controller) will both glow.

The water heater will operate automatically when you open a hot tap.

HOW DO I KNOW IF THE WATER HEATER IS INSTALLED CORRECTLY?

Installation requirements are shown on page 54, the water heater must be installed by an authorised person. In New Zealand, the installation must comply with Standards AS/NZS3500.4, or AS/NZS5601.1 and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater (864 or 862 series) as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

The pipe work between the solar storage tank (if one is installed) and the gas booster water heater has a minimum recommended pipe size of DN20, **MUST BE** of copper and be fully insulated in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS3500.4. The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed. The insulation must be fitted up to the connections on both the solar storage tank and the gas booster water heater.

DOES THE WATER CHEMISTRY AFFECT THE WATER HEATER?

The water heater is suitable for most public water supplies, however some water chemistries may have detrimental effects on the heat exchanger and fittings. **If you are in a known harsh water area you must read page 39.** If you are not sure, have your water chemistry checked against the conditions **described on page 39.**

HOW LONG WILL THE WATER HEATER LAST?

There are a number of factors that will affect the length of service the water heater will provide. These include the water chemistry, the water pressure, temperature (inlet and outlet) and the water usage pattern. However, your water heater is supported by a comprehensive warranty ([refer to page 95](#)).

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

The jacket of the water heater can be cleaned with a soft cloth and warm mild soapy water. Under no circumstances should abrasive materials or powders be used.

SERVICING

For safe and efficient operation, the water heater should be serviced annually by your nearest Rheem Service Centre. Only genuine replacement parts should be used on this water heater.

⚠ Warning: Servicing of a gas water heater should only be carried out by authorised personnel.

FROST PROTECTION

The water heater has a frost protection system. The frost protection system will protect the water heater from damage, by preventing ice forming in the waterways of the water heater, in the event of freezing conditions occurring.

Notes:

- The frost protection system will be rendered inoperable if electrical power is not available at the water heater. Damage caused by freezing due to the unavailability of power at the water heater is not covered by warranty (refer to [“Warranty Exclusions”](#) on page 96).
- If it is necessary to switch the power off to the water heater and there is a risk of freezing, then it is necessary to drain the water heater (refer to [“Draining the Water Heater”](#) below).
- Pipe work to and from the water heater must be adequately insulated to prevent freezing.
- The water heater is not suitable for installation in areas where the ambient temperature falls below -20°C (including wind chill factor).
- Refer to [“Warranty Exclusions”](#) on page 96.

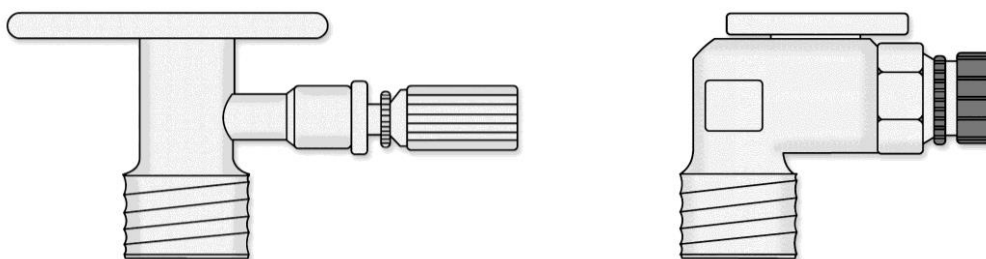
DRAINING THE WATER HEATER

- Turn off the water heater (refer to [“Turn Off The Water Heater”](#) on page 7).
- Open a hot tap (preferably the shower outlet).
- Unscrew the two drain plugs, one each at the cold water inlet and hot water outlet, on the underside of the water heater.

Water will drain from the water heater.

- When water stops flowing from the water heater, close the hot tap.

Note: It is recommended not to screw the drain plugs back in, until the water heater is to be turned on again.



TEMPERATURE CONTROL

NOTE: CONTROLLERS MUST NOT FITTED IF WATER TEMPERATURES ABOVE 55°C ARE REQUIRED

CONTROLLERS

The Rheem 864 and 862 series can be installed with Rheem controllers to enable the user to control the temperature of the delivered water from the outlet of the water heater. There are two families of Rheem controllers suitable for installation with this water heater. These are the standard controllers and the Deluxe controllers.

Standard Controllers

There are three types of standard controller. They are the Kitchen controller Bathroom1 controller and the Bathroom2 controller. The standard controllers are suitable for use on all 864 and 862 series.

The standard controllers are identified by a 'K' (Kitchen controller), 'B1' (Bathroom1 controller) or 'B2' (Bathroom2 controller) located on the front bottom left hand corner of the standard controller.

Deluxe Controllers

There are three types of Deluxe controller. They are the Kitchen Deluxe controller Bathroom1 Deluxe controller and the Bathroom2 Deluxe controller

The Deluxe controllers are identified by a 'K' (Kitchen Deluxe controller), 'B1' (Bathroom1 Deluxe controller) or 'B2' (Bathroom2 Deluxe controller), located under the front panel, to the bottom left hand corner adjacent to the BATH FILL VOLUME label.

The Deluxe controllers offer additional functions to the standard controllers. These are:

- An assistance call function, which provides a voice prompt when pressed and will sound on all controllers. This is useful should a family member require assistance when in the bathroom.
- A Bath Fill mode, which is designed to allow the water heater to deliver a selected volume of water at a selected temperature. Bath filling takes place when the hot tap is opened. When the set volume has been delivered, the water flow from the water heater ceases. Refer to ["Bath Fill Mode"](#) on page 30.

Note: The bath level should be monitored periodically while this function is in use to avoid the possibility of the bath overflowing. The Bath Fill mode should also be used with caution until you are familiar with its operation.

⚠ Warning: Baths should not be left unattended whenever young children are present.

⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater (864 series) as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

Notes:

- Where more than one controller is installed, the second or third controller must be of the same family.
- A standard controller can only be installed with another standard controller(s) and a Deluxe controller can only be installed with another Deluxe controller(s). A standard controller(s) and a Deluxe controller(s) cannot be connected to the same water heater.
- One, two or three controllers can be installed. Only one of each type of controller can be connected to the water heater. Therefore, a maximum of three controllers only can be connected to each water heater.
- A Bathroom2 controller can only be installed if a Bathroom1 controller is installed and a Bathroom2 Deluxe controller can only be installed if a Bathroom1 Deluxe controller is installed.
- Other manufacturers' controllers are not suitable to and cannot be installed with this water heater.

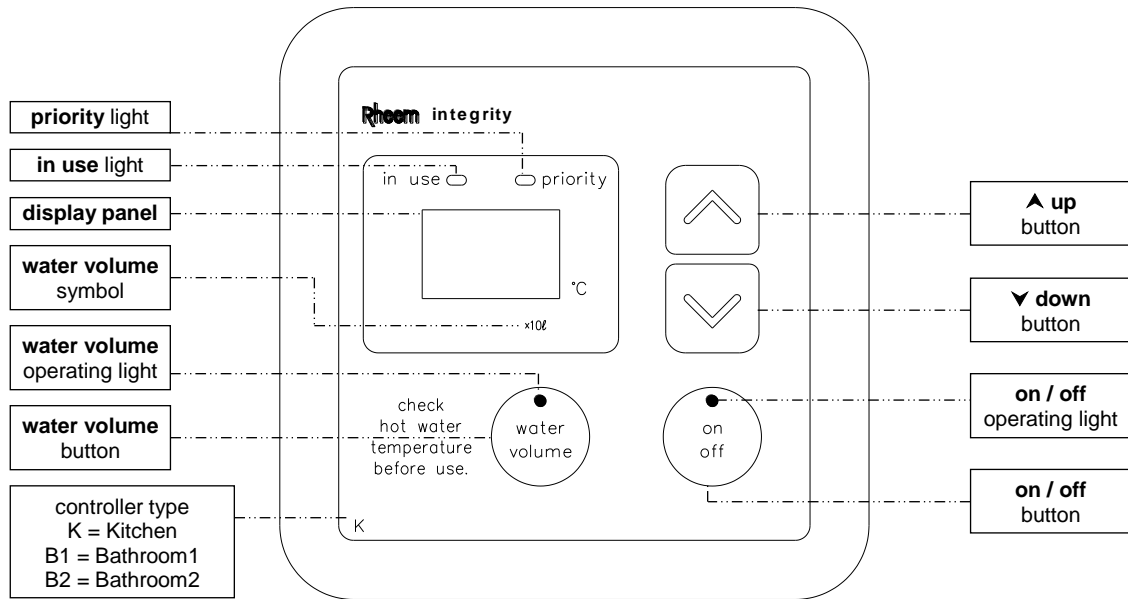
TEMPERATURE CONTROL – STANDARD

STANDARD CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS

If one or more controllers are installed, at least one must be on for the water heater to operate. If all controllers are off, the water heater will only deliver cold water.

- on / off button** – This button must be pressed once to turn on the controller.
- A controller cannot be turned on if water is flowing from a hot tap.
- To turn off a controller, press the on / off button once. The light will go out.
- A controller can be turned off whilst water is flowing.
- on / off–
operating light** The light in the on / off button will glow when the controller is turned on.
- The light will go out when the controller is turned off.
- priority light** – This light will glow on a controller when that controller has priority.
- The Bathroom controller(s), if they are turned on, have priority over the Kitchen controller.
- Priority means that controller has control of the water heater temperature setting.
- The water temperature setting can only be adjusted by the controller that has priority.
- in use light** – This light will glow on all controllers, whether they are on or off, when hot water is flowing, regardless of which controller has priority.
- display panel** – The current temperature setting is displayed on all controllers (whether hot water is flowing or not), when any controller is on.
- If all controllers are off, then the display remains blank.
- The water volume can also be displayed on the Kitchen controller. The x10l symbol glows when the water volume is displayed.
- ▲ (up button)** – The up button increases the temperature setting (refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Standard Controller”](#) on page 13).
- ▼ (down button)** – The down button decreases the temperature setting (refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Standard Controller”](#) on page 13).
- water volume button** (Kitchen controller only) – This feature enables an alarm to sound when a set volume of water has flowed through the water heater (refer to [“Water Volume Function – Standard Controller”](#) on page 18).
- water volume operating light** – The light in the water volume button will glow when the water volume button is pressed and the water volume mode is turned on.
- The light will go out when the water volume button is pressed and the water volume mode is turned off.
- water volume symbol** – The x10l symbol below the display panel glows when the water volume mode is turned on and the water volume is displayed.

STANDARD CONTROLLER



Note: **water volume** button, **water volume** operating light and **water volume** symbol are on the Kitchen controller only.

SILENCING A CONTROLLER – STANDARD

The controller emits a sound whenever a button is pressed. This sound can be turned off to provide silent operation.

To turn off the sound:

- Press the on / off button, to deactivate the controller (on / off light is off).
- Press and hold the up (▲) button.
- Press the on / off button, whilst the up (▲) button is pressed.

The sound for the controller is deactivated. Repeat this procedure on the other controllers if you wish to deactivate their sound. To restore the sound, repeat this procedure.

TEMPERATURE SETTINGS – STANDARD CONTROLLER

The temperature settings of each type of controller are:

- Bathroom1 & 2 37°C to 48°C (in 1°C increments), 50°C
- Kitchen 37°C to 48°C (in 1°C increments), 50°C, 55°C

Temperature settings

37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	50	55
warm			average hot shower				hot				very hot		

The installation of a Bathroom controller(s) only (i.e. no Kitchen controller) limits the temperature setting of the water heater to a maximum of:

- 864 and 862 series 50°C

Regardless of the pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater.

The installation of a Kitchen controller will allow a maximum temperature setting of:

- 864 series and 862 55°C

Regardless of the pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater.

If controllers are not installed, the water heater defaults to the factory pre-set outlet temperature setting in the first instance. This may be changed by the installer up to:

- 864 series 75°C
- 862 series 82°C

Refer to [“How Hot Should The Water Be?”](#) on page 5.

If a building is fitted with a temperature limiting device such as a tempering valve, and an 864 series water heater is installed without a separate untempered hot water line to the kitchen, laundry or other non-ablution area, the Kitchen controller will be able to display temperatures up to 55°C, and the water leaving the water heater will be at the pre-set temperature.

If fitted, the maximum water temperature which can be delivered to the hot water outlets in these locations is determined by the pre-set temperature setting of the temperature limiting device. If fitted, this is usually 55°C, however the temperature setting of the temperature limiting device will ultimately determine the outlet temperature.

To enable the delivery of water temperatures above 55°C (e.g. when used as a Solar Booster) no controllers can be fitted to either the 864 or 862 series. The water heater pre-set temperature will need to be increased. To supply water above 55°C to the kitchen, laundry or other non-ablution area, a separate untempered supply must be installed from the water heater to the hot water outlets in these locations.

TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT – STANDARD CONTROLLER

- A controller must be on and have priority to be able to adjust the temperature setting.
- The temperature adjustment is made by pressing the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.
- The maximum temperature setting for the controllers are:

Series	Kitchen	Bathroom
864 series	55°C	50°C
862 series	55°C	50°C

- Each press of the up (▲) button will increase the temperature setting by one increment.
- Pressing and holding the up (▲) button will scroll the temperature setting up to a maximum 43°C if there is hot water flowing or 45°C if there is no hot water flowing.
- From the 45°C setting, the up (▲) button must be pressed once for each increase in temperature increment.
- The temperature setting cannot be increased above 43°C whilst hot water is flowing.
- The minimum temperature setting for each type of controller is 37°C.
- Each press of the down (▼) button will decrease the temperature setting by one temperature increment.
- Pressing and holding the down (▼) button will scroll down the temperature setting.
- The temperature setting can be decreased from any temperature setting whether the hot water is flowing or not.

KITCHEN CONTROLLER – STANDARD

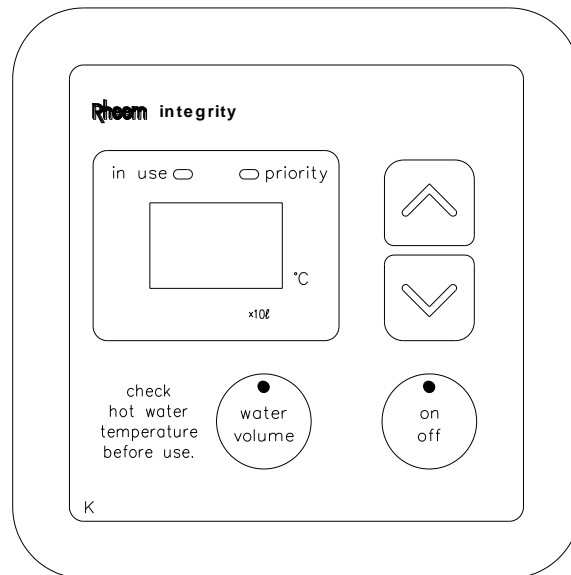
The Kitchen controller allows the user to select the temperature setting for the hot water to be used in the kitchen and laundry. It has a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

The Kitchen controller does not have priority if a Bathroom controller is on.

Notes on the Kitchen controller:

- The controller cannot be turned on whilst a hot tap is open.
- The Kitchen controller must be on and have priority in order to adjust the temperature setting on the Kitchen controller.
- The Bathroom controller(s) can be turned off from the Kitchen controller.
 - Press and hold the on / off button on the Kitchen controller for three seconds.
This turns off all the controllers and the displays go blank.
If hot water is flowing from a hot tap, it will go cold.



Kitchen Controller

To operate the Kitchen controller:

1. Turn off the Bathroom controller(s)

- If a temperature setting is displayed and the priority light is not glowing, it is necessary to turn off the Bathroom controller(s) to gain priority.
- Refer to the [notes on the Kitchen controller](#) on page 14.

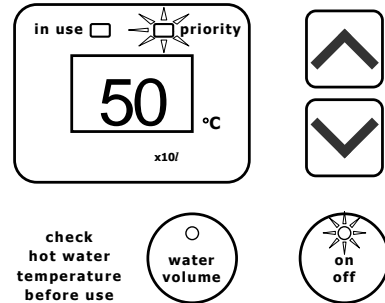
2. Turn on the Kitchen controller

- Press the on / off button.

The on / off operating light and the priority light will both glow.

The Kitchen controller temperature setting will be displayed. This is the lower of the previous setting and:

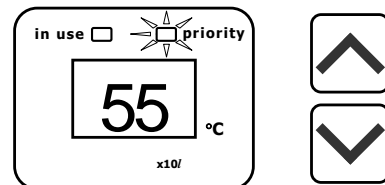
- ◆ 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C



3. Select the temperature setting

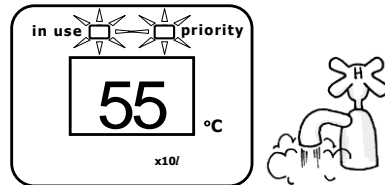
- Press the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.
- Refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Standard Controller”](#) on page 13.

The selected temperature setting will be displayed on all controllers.



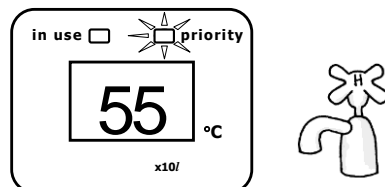
4. Open the hot tap.

The in use light will glow on all controllers.



5. Close the hot tap.

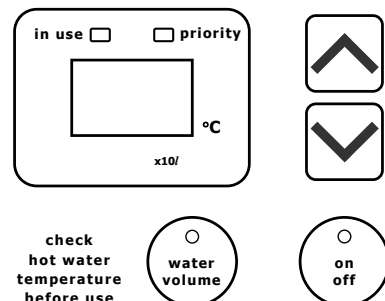
The in use light will go out on all controllers, if no other hot tap is open.



6. Turn off the Kitchen controller

- Press the on / off button.

The priority light and on / off operating light will go out and the temperature display will go blank.



Important: Turn off the Kitchen controller after hot water usage is finished in the kitchen and / or laundry. Refer to [Important](#) note for Bathroom controllers on page 16.

BATHROOM CONTROLLERS – STANDARD

The Bathroom controller(s) allows the user to select the temperature setting for the hot water to be used in the bathroom. They have a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

- 864 series 50°C
- 862 series 55°C

The Bathroom controllers operate in tandem. Whenever an operation is selected on one Bathroom controller, it is also set on the other Bathroom controller. The Bathroom controllers automatically have priority if they are on.

Important: It is important to turn on the Bathroom controller before opening a hot tap in the bathroom (priority is automatically gained). If the Bathroom controller is not on and the Kitchen controller is on (has priority), then it is possible to receive water at a temperature higher than expected from a hot tap in the bathroom. This temperature could be up to:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

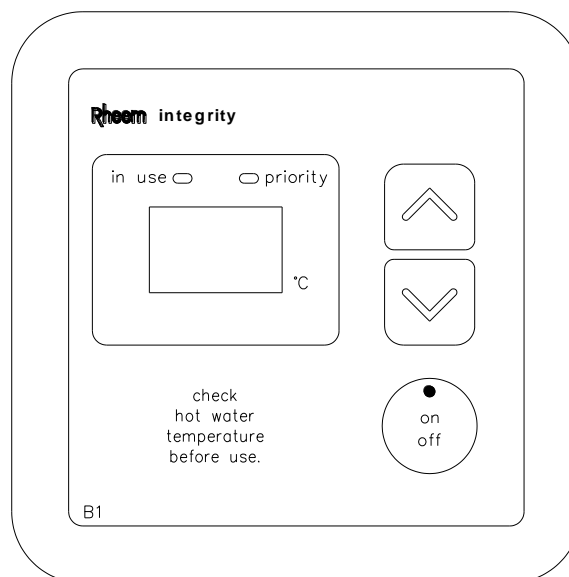
Notes on the Bathroom controllers:

- The controller cannot be turned on whilst a hot tap is open.
- When a Bathroom controller is turned on, it gains priority from the Kitchen controller.
- The Bathroom controller must be on in order to adjust the temperature setting on the Bathroom controller.
- The Kitchen controller can be turned off from a Bathroom controller.
 - Press and hold the on / off button on a Bathroom controller for three seconds.

This turns off all the controllers and the displays go blank.

If hot water is flowing from a hot tap, it will go cold.
- **⚠ Warning:** It is advised to leave the Bathroom controller on after hot water usage is finished in the bathroom. **Turning off a controller in one bathroom will also turn off the controller in the other bathroom.** The Kitchen controller will gain priority if it is on and the temperature setting can be up to:
 - 864 series 55°C
 - 862 series 55°C

If a hot tap is open in another bathroom, the water will be delivered at this temperature.



Bathroom Controller

To operate a Bathroom controller:

1. Turn off the Kitchen controller

- If a temperature setting is displayed and the priority light is not glowing, it is advised to turn off the Kitchen controller.

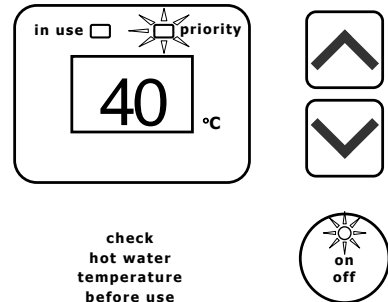
Refer to the [notes on the Bathroom controllers](#) on page 16.

2. Turn on the Bathroom controller

- Press the on / off button.

The on / off operating light and the priority light will both glow.

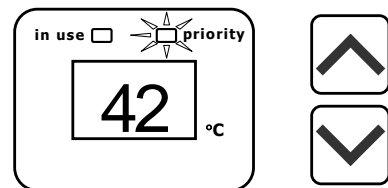
The temperature setting of 40°C will be displayed.



3. Select the temperature setting

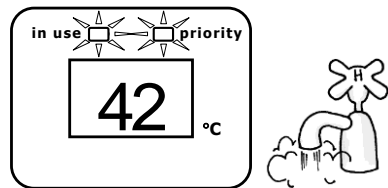
- Press the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.
- Refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Standard Controller”](#) on page 13.

The selected temperature setting will be displayed on all controllers.



4. Open the hot tap

The in use light will glow on all controllers.

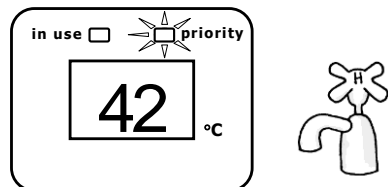


5. Close the hot tap

The in use light will go out on all controllers, if no other hot tap is open.

It is advised not to turn off the Bathroom controller(s).

- Refer to the [warning](#) in the notes on page 16.



WATER VOLUME FUNCTION – STANDARD CONTROLLER

The water volume function is designed to warn, by a beeping sound, that a certain volume of water has been delivered from the water heater. **It does not stop either the flow of or the heating of water.** This function is particularly useful if a bath is being filled, or measuring the water consumed by the use of a shower.

The water volume function can only be set by the Kitchen controller. Refer to the [notes on the water volume function](#) on page 19.

To operate the water volume alarm:

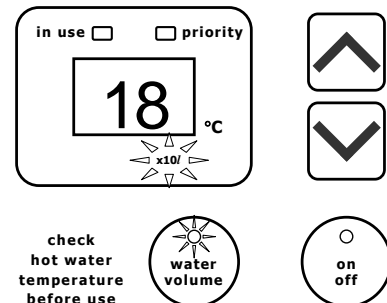
1. Turn on the water volume alarm

- Press the water volume button.

The water volume operating light will glow.

The current set water volume (in litres divided by 10) will be displayed and the x10l indicator will also glow.

Eg. the factory pre-set water volume of 180 litres is shown as 18 x10l.



2. Adjust the water volume setting (if necessary)

- To adjust the water volume setting, press the up (▲) button to increase the water volume or the down (▼) button to decrease the water volume.

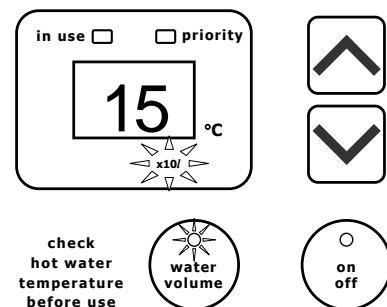
Each press of the up (▲) button or down (▼) button will change the water volume setting by 10 litres.

Pressing the up (▲) button or down (▼) button continuously will scroll the water volume setting.

Fifteen seconds after the water volume has been selected, the water volume operating light will start to flash and the selected water volume is set.

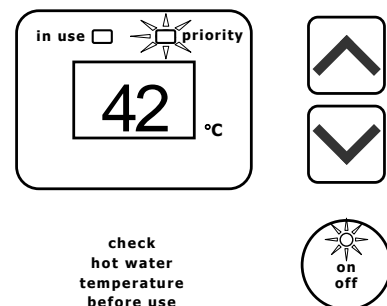
The water volume operating light will continue to flash until the alarm sounds.

A maximum of 500 litres (50 and x10l displayed) and a minimum of 10 litres (1 and x10l displayed) can be set with the water volume alarm.



3. Set the water temperature

- Turn on the controller for the room where the hot water is to be used.
- Gain priority (if using the Kitchen controller).
- Select the temperature setting.

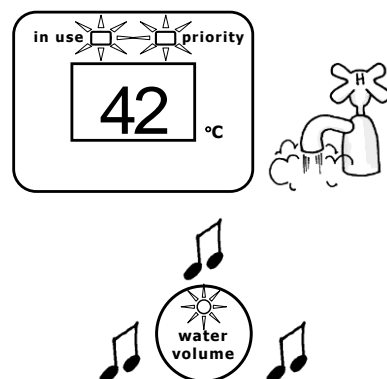


4. Open the hot tap

The in use light will glow on all controllers.

Measurement of the water flow at the water heater will commence when a hot tap is open and the water volume operating light is flashing.

The alarm will sound when the set volume of water has passed through the water heater.



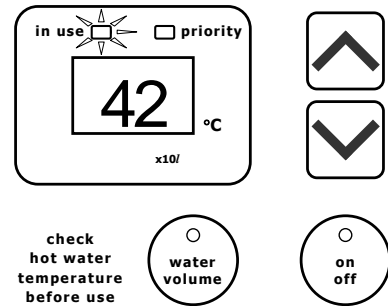
5.

5. Turn off the alarm

- Press the water volume button to turn off the alarm.

The water volume operating light goes out and 0 x10l is displayed momentarily on the controller.

The temperature setting of the controller with priority is then displayed.



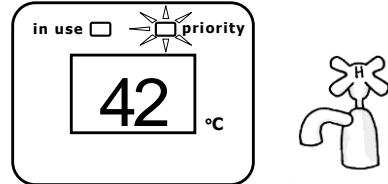
6. Close the hot tap

If it is a Bathroom controller which is in use and has priority, then it is advised to leave the controller on.

- Refer to the **warning** in the notes on page 16.

If it is the Kitchen controller which is in use and has priority, then it is advised to turn the controller off.

- Refer to **Important** note for Bathroom controllers on page 16.



Notes on the water volume function:

- The water volume can only be set by the Kitchen controller.
- The Kitchen controller does not require priority or to be on in order to set the water volume function.
- The water volume function can be set whilst a hot tap is open.
- The water volume alarm will only sound from the Kitchen controller.
- The water volume alarm will still sound if the Kitchen controller has been silenced (refer to “**Silencing a Controller**” on page 11).
- The factory pre-set water volume is 180 litres.
- If a hot tap is not opened for one hour after the new water volume has been set, then the setting will be automatically cancelled. The water volume resets to the previously set water volume (or the factory pre-set water volume if no water volume has previously been set).
- To display the remaining water volume while water is being drawn, press the water volume button. After a few seconds, the display returns to the temperature setting.
- To turn off the water volume function before the alarm sounds, press the water volume button twice.
- The water volume is measured as the water flows through the water heater. Therefore if more than one hot tap is open, the alarm will respond to the total water volume drawn from all taps and the expected water volume from the first tap will be decreased.
- If the hot tap is closed before the set water volume flows through the water heater and the water volume button is left on, then the alarm will sound when the remaining water volume is consumed during a later operation. To prevent the alarm from sounding, press the water volume button twice to turn it off.

TEMPERATURE CONTROL – DELUXE

DELUXE CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS

If one or more Deluxe controllers are installed, at least one must be on or the bath fill function activated for the water heater to operate. If all Deluxe controllers and the bath fill function are off, the water heater will only deliver cold water.

ON / OFF button – The ON / OFF button must be pressed once to turn on the Deluxe controller. A Deluxe controller cannot be turned on if water is flowing from a hot tap.

To turn off a Deluxe controller, press the ON / OFF button once. A Deluxe controller can be turned off whilst water is flowing.

ON / OFF operating light – The light in the ON / OFF button will glow when the Deluxe controller is turned on.

The light will go out when the Deluxe controller is turned off.

ACTIVE light – The ACTIVE light will glow on a Deluxe controller when the controller is 'active', i.e. it has priority. The Bathroom Deluxe controller(s), if they are turned on, are 'active' and have priority over the Kitchen Deluxe controller.

ACTIVE or priority means that Deluxe controller has control of the water heater temperature setting. The water temperature setting can only be adjusted by a Deluxe controller that has priority and is displaying the ACTIVE light.

operating light – The operating light will glow on all Deluxe controllers, whether they are on or off, when hot water is flowing, regardless of which Deluxe controller has priority.

temperature display panel – The current temperature setting is displayed in °C on all Deluxe controllers (whether hot water is flowing or not), when any Deluxe controller is on. If all Deluxe controllers are off, the display remains blank.

▲ (up button) – The up button increases the water temperature setting (refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers”](#) on page 25).

▼ (down button) – The down button decreases the water temperature setting (refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers”](#) on page 25).

assistance call button – Pressing this button sounds an alert message on all Deluxe controllers, indicating that assistance is required in the room from which the assistance call button was activated.

speaker – The audio of the voice prompts and chimes is emitted from the speaker.

BATH FILL button – The BATH FILL button must be pressed once to turn on the Bath Fill mode.

When the Bath Fill mode is turned on, the last selected bath fill water volume in litres will be displayed in the bath fill water volume display panel and the last selected bath fill temperature in °C will be displayed in the 'temperature' display panel.

The bath fill water volume and temperature can be adjusted by using the BATH FILL VOLUME and BATH FILL TEMPERATURE buttons located behind the hinged panel on the lower half of the Deluxe controller (refer to [“Bath-Fill Mode”](#) on page 30).

To turn off the Bath Fill mode, press the BATH FILL button.

BATH FILL operating light – The light in the BATH FILL button will glow when the BATH FILL button is pressed and the Bath Fill mode is turned on.

The light in the button will flash when the selected bath fill function is complete but before the Bath Fill mode has been turned off.

The light will go out when the BATH FILL button is pressed and the Bath Fill mode is turned off.

bath fill water volume display panel – The selected bath fill water volume is displayed in litres on all Deluxe controllers.

The selected bath fill water volume is displayed whenever the Bath Fill mode is on (refer to “[Bath Fill Mode](#)” on page 30) or when the bath fill water volume is being adjusted and the Bath Fill mode is off.

If the bath fill water volume is being adjusted and the Bath Fill mode is off, then the bath fill water volume display panel goes blank three (3) seconds after a BATH FILL VOLUME button is last pressed.

At other times, if the Bath Fill mode is off, the bath fill water volume display panel remains blank.

bath fill indicator light – this light in the display panel will glow when the bath fill water volume is displayed.

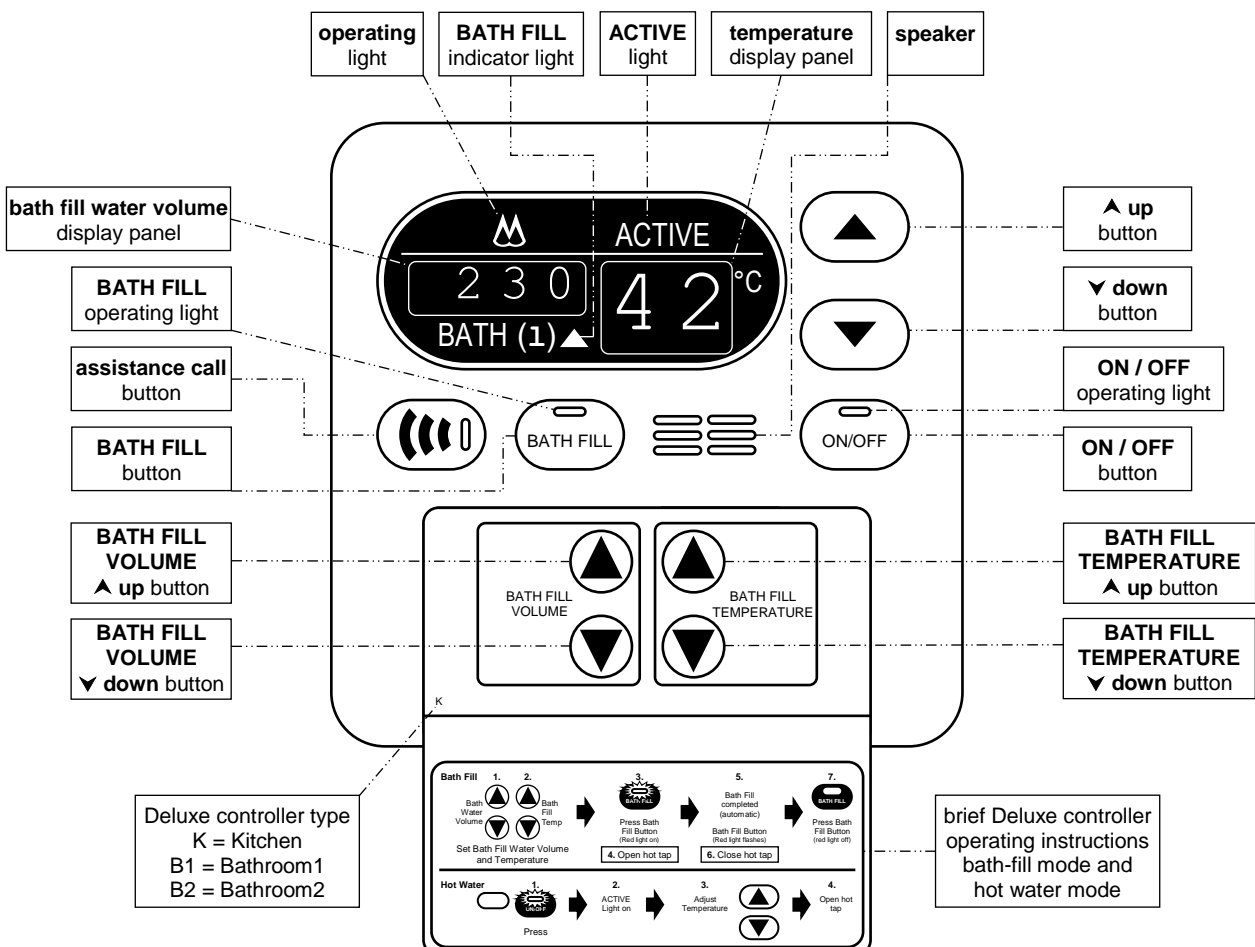
BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▲ (up button) – The up button increases the bath fill water temperature setting (refer to “[Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers](#)” on page 25 and to “[Bath Fill Mode](#)” on page 25).

BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▼ (down button) – The down button decreases the bath fill water temperature setting (refer to “[Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers](#)” on page 25 and to “[Bath Fill Mode](#)” on page 25).

BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) – The up button increases the bath fill water volume setting in increments of 10 litres up to 500 litres. A further setting of 990 litres can be selected.

BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) – The down button decreases the bath fill water volume setting from 990 litres to 500 litres and in increments of 10 litres from 500 litres down to 10 litres.

DELUXE CONTROLLER



VOICE PROMPT AND OPERATING TONE

The Deluxe controllers have a series of voice prompts and operating tones which sound during certain operations.

The voice prompts and operating tones sound from all Deluxe controllers, regardless of which Deluxe controller is being operated at the time.

Voice Prompt

The voice prompts are:

- When either the up (▲) button or BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▲ (up button) is pressed
"hot water temperature has been increased"
- When either the down (▼) button or BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▼ (down button) is pressed
"hot water temperature has been decreased"
- When the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) is pressed
"Caution, bath fill water volume has been increased, bath may overflow"
- When the BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) is pressed
"bath fill water volume has been decreased"
- When the BATH FILL button is pressed to turn on the bath Fill mode
"please set bath water volume and bath temperature, then open the hot water tap"
- When the set bath fill water volume has been delivered from the water heater during Bath Fill mode
"the bath is ready, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish"
- When the BATH FILL button is pressed to halt the bath fill function before it is complete
"bath filling has been stopped, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish"
- When the BATH FILL button is pressed to turn the Bath Fill mode off and the hot tap has not been turned off
"please ensure the bath hot water tap is turned off"
- When the Deluxe controllers have been turned off during the bath fill function
"bath filling has been stopped"
- When the assistance call button is pressed
"assistance required, assistance required"

Operating Tone

The operating chime will sound when the temperature adjustment up (▲) button or down (▼) button is pressed and the voice prompt is not speaking.

The operating beep will sound for each change in temperature increment when a BATH FILL TEMPERATURE adjustment button is pressed or scrolled, whether the voice prompt is speaking or not.

The operating beep will sound for each change in volume increment when a BATH FILL VOLUME adjustment button is pressed or scrolled and the voice prompt is not speaking.

Adjusting the Volume of the Voice Prompt and Operating Tone

The volume of the voice prompt and the operating tone can be adjusted to a level comfortable for you. The volume of the voice prompt and the operating tone can be adjusted independently of each other. The volume levels on a Deluxe controller are adjusted independently of another Deluxe controller.

The voice prompt and / or operating tone can also be turned off on an individual or all Deluxe controllers so they do not sound at all.

The factory default volume setting of both the voice prompt and operating tone is medium [med]. If there is an interruption to the water heater power supply, the volume of both the voice prompt and operating tone returns to the default setting.

When adjusting the volume levels, the operating tone volume level is indicated by a chime, followed by the voice prompt volume level which is indicated by two beeps. If during the volume setting procedure only the chime is audible, this indicates the voice prompt is off. If during the volume setting procedure only the two beeps is audible, this indicates the operating tone is off.

To adjust or turn off the volume for the voice prompt and operating tone:

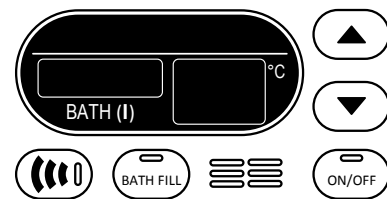
- Turn off all Deluxe controllers.
- Press and hold the up (▲) button, then within four (4) seconds press the ON / OFF button.

Each press of the ON / OFF button will change the voice prompt and operating tone in the following sequence:

- operating tone [MAX], voice prompt [OFF]
- operating tone [MIN], voice prompt [MIN]
- operating tone [MIN], voice prompt [OFF]
- operating tone [OFF], voice prompt [OFF]
- operating tone [MAX], voice prompt [MAX]
- operating tone [MED], voice prompt [OFF]
- operating tone [MED], voice prompt [MED]

This order then repeats.

Note: If the ON / OFF button is not pressed within four (4) seconds of the up (▲) button being pressed, “CL” will start flashing on the temperature display panel. If this occurs, release the up (▲) button and recommence the procedure.



ASSISTANCE CALL FUNCTION

A Deluxe controller has an assistance call button. Should assistance be required, such as when in the bathroom, a voice prompt will sound on all Deluxe controllers to notify others that assistance is required.

The Deluxe controller does not have to be on for the assistance call function to be activated and the function can be activated during any operation.

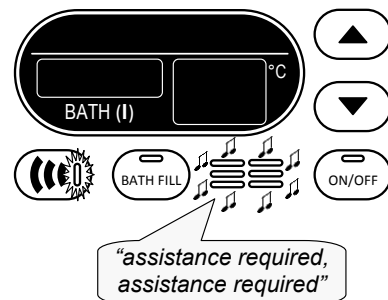
To Call for Assistance

To operate the assistance call function:

1. **Press the green assistance call button.**

The voice prompt will sound on all Deluxe controllers,
“assistance required, assistance required”

The red light in the assistance call button will glow on all Deluxe controllers for the duration of the voice prompt.



TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT – DELUXE CONTROLLERS

- A controller must be on with the ACTIVE indicator displayed to be able to adjust the temperature setting.
- The temperature adjustment is made by pressing the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.
- The minimum temperature setting for each type of controller is 37°C.
- The maximum temperature setting for the controllers are:

	Kitchen	Bathroom
864 series	55°C	50°C
862 series	55°C	50°C

- Each press of the up (▲) button will increase the temperature setting by one increment.
- Pressing and holding the up (▲) button will scroll the temperature setting up to a maximum 43°C if there is hot water flowing or 45°C if there is no hot water flowing.
- From the 45°C setting, the up (▲) button must be pressed once for each increase in temperature increment.
- The temperature setting cannot be increased above 43°C whilst hot water is flowing.
- Each press of the down (▼) button will decrease the temperature setting by one temperature increment.
- Pressing and holding the down (▼) button will scroll down the temperature setting.
- The temperature setting can be decreased from any temperature setting whether the hot water is flowing or not.

Note: A Deluxe controller sounds a double beep at the 42°C temperature setting, if the voice prompt is not speaking, when either the up (▲) button or down (▼) button has been pressed. The double beep does not sound at the 42°C temperature setting when the BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▲ (up button) or BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▼ (down button) is pressed.

KITCHEN CONTROLLER – DELUXE

The Kitchen Deluxe controller allows the user to select the temperature setting for the hot water to be used in the kitchen and laundry. It has a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

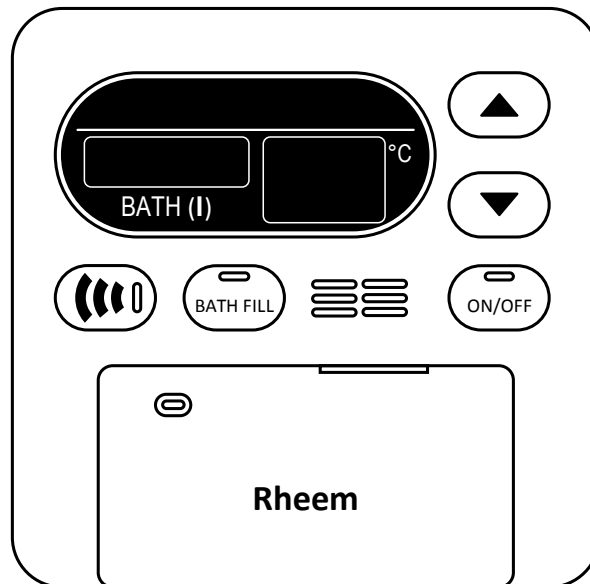
- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

The Kitchen Deluxe controller does not have priority (ACTIVE light is off) if a Bathroom Deluxe controller is on.

Notes on the Kitchen Deluxe controller:

- The Deluxe controller cannot be turned on whilst a hot tap is open.
- The Kitchen Deluxe controller must be on and have priority (ACTIVE light glows) in order to adjust the temperature setting on the Kitchen Deluxe controller.
- The Bathroom Deluxe controller(s) can be turned off from the Kitchen Deluxe controller.

Press and hold the ON / OFF button on the Kitchen Deluxe controller for three seconds. This turns off all the Deluxe controllers, including the bath fill function if it is on, the displays go blank and the lights go out. If hot water is flowing from a hot tap, it will go cold.

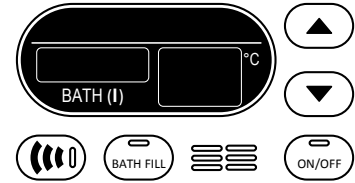


Kitchen Deluxe Controller

To operate the Kitchen Deluxe controller:

1. Turn off the Bathroom Deluxe controller(s)

- If a temperature setting is displayed and the ACTIVE light is not glowing, it is necessary to turn off the Bathroom Deluxe controller(s) to gain priority.
- Refer to the notes on the [Kitchen Deluxe controller](#) on page 26.



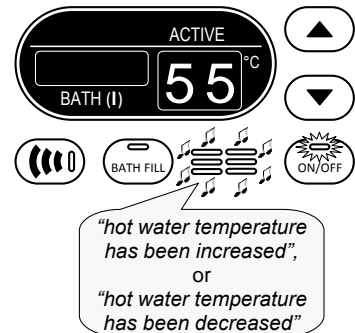
2. Turn on the Kitchen Deluxe controller

- Press the ON / OFF button.
The light in the ON / OFF button and the ACTIVE light will both glow.
The previous Kitchen Deluxe controller temperature setting will be displayed on the temperature display panel.



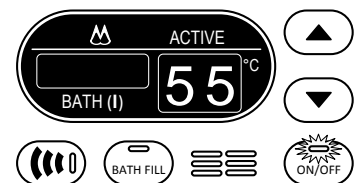
3. Select the temperature setting

- Press the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.
When the up (▲) button is pressed, the voice prompt will sound;
"hot water temperature has been increased"
When the down (▼) button is pressed, the voice prompt will sound;
"hot water temperature has been decreased"
- Refer to ["Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers"](#) on page 25.
The selected temperature setting will be displayed on all Deluxe controllers.



4. Open the hot tap.

The operating light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.



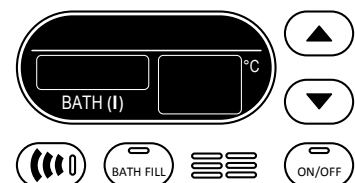
5. Close the hot tap.

The operating light will go out on all Deluxe controllers, if no other hot tap is open.



6. Turn off the Kitchen Deluxe controller

- Press the ON / OFF button.
The ACTIVE light and the ON / OFF light will go out and the temperature display panel will go blank.



Important: Turn off the Kitchen Deluxe controller after hot water usage is finished in the kitchen and / or laundry. Refer to **Important** note for Bathroom Deluxe controllers on page 28.

BATHROOM CONTROLLERS – DELUXE

The Bathroom Deluxe controller(s) allows the user to select the temperature setting for the hot water to be used in the bathroom. They have a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

- 864 series 50°C
- 862 series 50°C

The Bathroom Deluxe controllers operate in tandem. Whenever an operation is selected on one Bathroom Deluxe controller, it is also set on the other Bathroom Deluxe controller. The Bathroom Deluxe controllers automatically have priority (ACTIVE light glows) if they are on.

Important: It is important to turn on the Bathroom Deluxe controller before opening a hot tap in the bathroom (priority is gained automatically and the ACTIVE light glows). If the Bathroom Deluxe controller is not on and the Kitchen Deluxe controller is on (will have priority and ACTIVE light glows), then it is possible to receive water at a temperature higher than expected from a hot tap in the bathroom. This temperature could be up to:

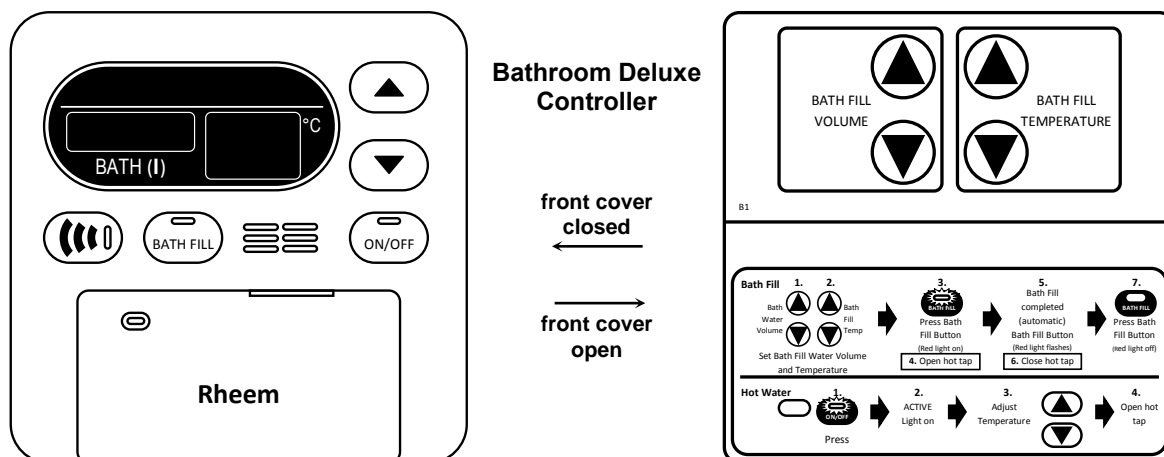
- 864 series 55°C.
- 862 series 55°C

Notes on the Bathroom Deluxe controllers:

- The Deluxe controller cannot be turned on whilst a hot tap is open.
- When a Bathroom Deluxe controller is turned on, it gains priority (ACTIVE light glows) from the Kitchen Deluxe controller.
- The Bathroom Deluxe controller must be on in order to adjust the temperature setting on the Bathroom Deluxe controller.
- The Kitchen Deluxe controller can be turned off from a Bathroom Deluxe controller.

Press and hold the ON / OFF button on the Bathroom Deluxe controller for three seconds. This turns off all the Deluxe controllers, including the bath fill function if it is on, the displays go blank and the lights go out. If hot water is flowing from a hot tap, it will go cold.

- **⚠ Warning:** It is advised to leave the Bathroom Deluxe controller on after hot water usage is finished in the bathroom. **Turning off a Bathroom Deluxe controller in one bathroom will also turn off the Bathroom Deluxe controller in the other bathroom.** The Kitchen Deluxe controller will gain priority (ACTIVE light glows) if it is on and the temperature setting can be up to:
- 864 series 55°C
 - 862 series 55°C
 - If a hot tap is open in another bathroom, the water will be delivered at up to 55°C for an 864 or 862 series if a temperature limiting device is installed in the hot pipe to the bathroom, or up to 55°C if a temperature limiting device is not installed.

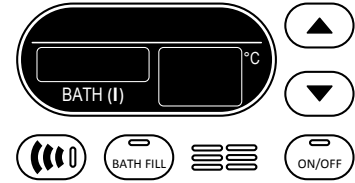


To operate a Bathroom Deluxe controller:

1. Turn off the Kitchen Deluxe controller

- If a temperature setting is displayed and the ACTIVE and ON / OFF operating lights are not glowing, it is advised to turn off the Kitchen Deluxe controller.

Refer to the notes on the [Bathroom Deluxe controllers](#) on page 28.

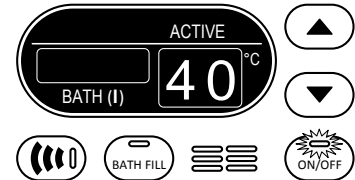


2. Turn on the Bathroom Deluxe controller

- Press the ON / OFF button.

The light in the ON / OFF button and the ACTIVE light will both glow.

The previous temperature setting of the Bathroom Deluxe controller will be displayed on the temperature display panel.



3. Select the temperature setting

- Press the up (▲) button or down (▼) button.

When the up (▲) button is pressed, the voice prompt will sound;

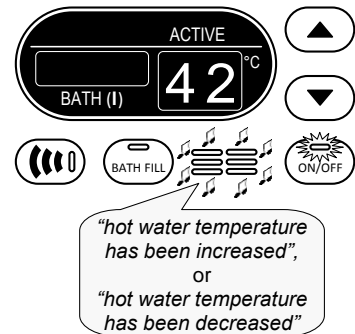
"hot water temperature has been increased"

When the down (▼) button is pressed, the voice prompt will sound;

"hot water temperature has been decreased"

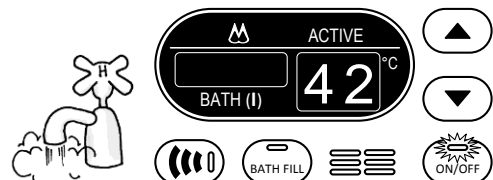
- Refer to ["Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers"](#) on page 25.

The selected temperature setting will be displayed on all Deluxe controllers.



4. Open the hot tap

The operating light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.



5. Close the hot tap

The operating light will go out on all Deluxe controllers, if no other hot tap is open.

It is advised not to turn off the Bathroom Deluxe controller(s).

- Refer to the [warning](#) in the notes on page 28.



BATH FILL MODE

The Bath Fill mode is designed to allow the water heater to deliver a selected volume of water at a selected temperature. The Bath Fill mode commences when the BATH FILL button is on and a hot tap is opened. When the set volume has been delivered, the water flow from the water heater ceases and heating stops. It is also useful for controlling the water volume used by a shower or other application.

Note: The bath level should be monitored periodically while this function is in use to avoid the possibility of the bath overflowing. The Bath Fill mode should be used with caution until you are familiar with its operation.

⚠ Warning: Baths should not be left unattended whenever young children are present. After using the bath fill function, check the water temperature before entering a bath, to ensure it is suitable and will not cause scald injury.

The Bath Fill mode can be set and turned off at any of the Deluxe controllers. Refer to the [notes](#) on page 36.

Bath Fill Mode – Brief Guide

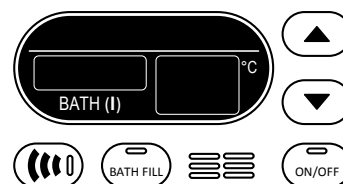
This guide provides a brief instruction on the operating sequence of the bath fill function. It is recommended to read the explanatory notes and become familiar with each step in the bath fill function. Refer to [“Bath Fill Mode – Explanatory Notes”](#) on page 32.

To operate the Bath Fill Mode:

1. Turn off all Deluxe controllers

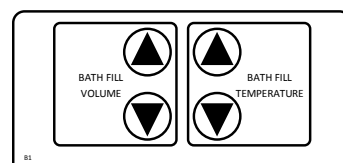
- It is advised to turn off all Deluxe controller(s) before activating the Bath Fill mode.

Refer to the notes on the [Bathroom Deluxe controllers](#) on page 28.



2. Pull down the front panel on the Deluxe controller.

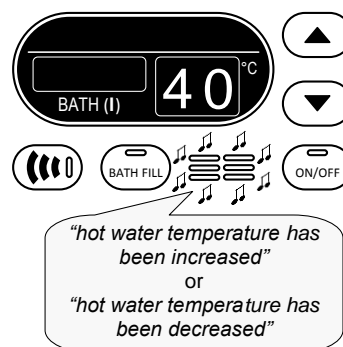
The BATH FILL VOLUME and BATH FILL TEMPERATURE up (▲) and down (▼) buttons will be exposed.



3. Set the Bath Fill temperature

- Press the BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▲ (up button) or the BATH FILL TEMPERATURE ▼ (down button) to select the desired bath fill temperature.
- Refer to [“Temperature Adjustment – Deluxe Controllers”](#) on page 25.

The selected temperature setting will be displayed on all Deluxe controllers.



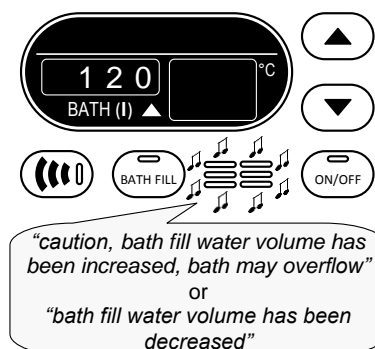
4. Set the bath fill water volume

- Press the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or the BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) to select the desired bath fill water volume. Each press will change the water volume setting by 10 litres.

Pressing the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) continuously will scroll the water volume setting.

A maximum volume of 990 litres and a minimum volume of 10 litres can be set. The volume changes in 10 litre increments.

The selected bath fill water volume will be displayed and the bath fill indicator light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.



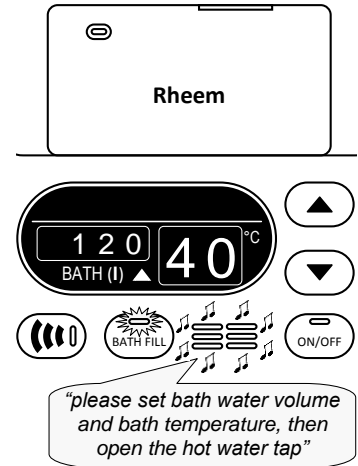
5. Close the front panel on the Deluxe controller.

6. Turn on the Bath Fill mode

- Press the BATH FILL button.

On all Deluxe controllers:

- The BATH FILL operating light will glow.
- The bath fill temperature setting will appear on the temperature display panel.
- The bath fill water volume will appear on the bath fill water volume display panel.
- The bath fill indicator light will glow.



7. Open the hot tap.

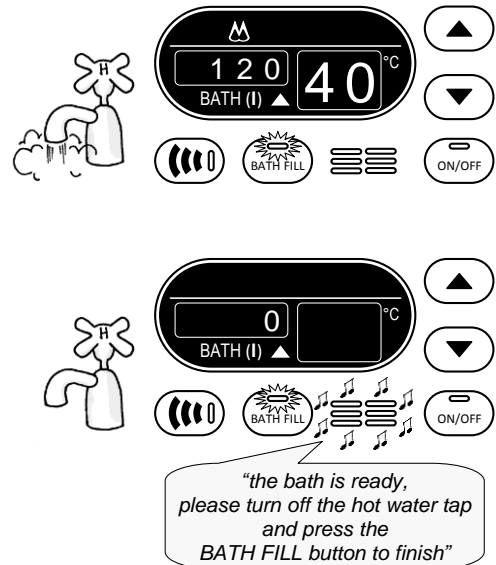
The operating light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.

Measurement of the water flow at the water heater will commence when the hot tap is opened.

When the set volume of water has passed through the water heater:

- Water flow from the hot tap will cease.
- The operating light will go out.
- The bath fill water volume display panel will show 0 litres.
- The temperature display will go blank.
- The BATH FILL operating light will commence to flash
- The voice prompt will sound;

"the bath is ready, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish"



8. Close the hot tap.

9. Turn off the Bath Fill mode

- Press the BATH FILL button.

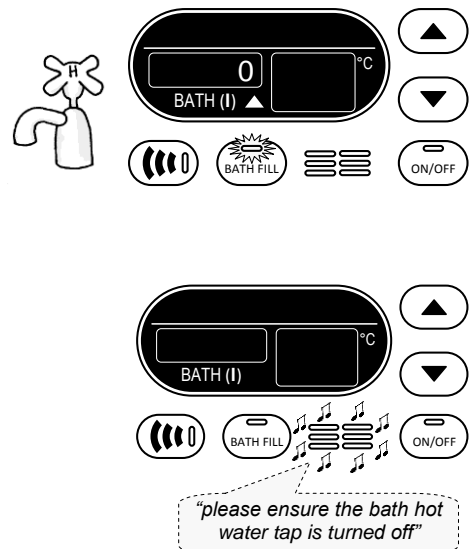
The BATH FILL operating light and bath fill indicator light will go out.

The BATH FILL operating light and bath fill indicator light will go out.

The bath fill water volume display will go blank.

Note: If the hot tap has not been turned off, the voice prompt will sound;

"please ensure the bath hot water tap is turned off"



4. Set the bath fill water volume

- Press the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or the BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button).

The first press of either the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or the BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) will display the last selected bath fill water volume setting in the bath fill water volume display panel and the bath fill indicator light will glow.

While the bath fill water volume is displayed, each subsequent press of the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) will change the water volume setting by 10 litres.

When the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) is pressed and the water volume setting is increased, the voice prompt will sound;

“caution, bath fill water volume has been increased, bath may overflow”

When the BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) is pressed and the water volume setting is decreased, the voice prompt will sound;

“bath fill water volume has been decreased”

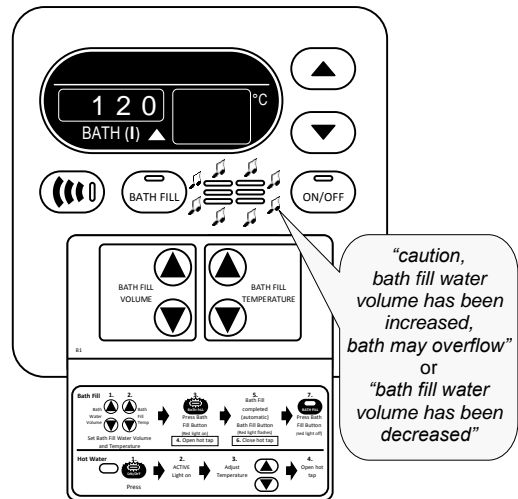
Pressing the BATH FILL VOLUME ▲ (up button) or BATH FILL VOLUME ▼ (down button) continuously will scroll the water volume setting.

A maximum volume of 990 litres and a minimum volume of 10 litres can be set. The maximum volume of 990 litres is achieved in 10 litre increments up to 500 litres, then 990 litres is the next setting.

The selected bath fill water volume will be displayed and the bath fill indicator light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.

The bath fill water volume display panel will go blank and the bath fill indicator light will go out 3 seconds after the last press of either of the volume adjustment buttons.

The set volume will be remembered when the BATH FILL button is next pressed “on”.



5. Close the front panel on the Deluxe controller.

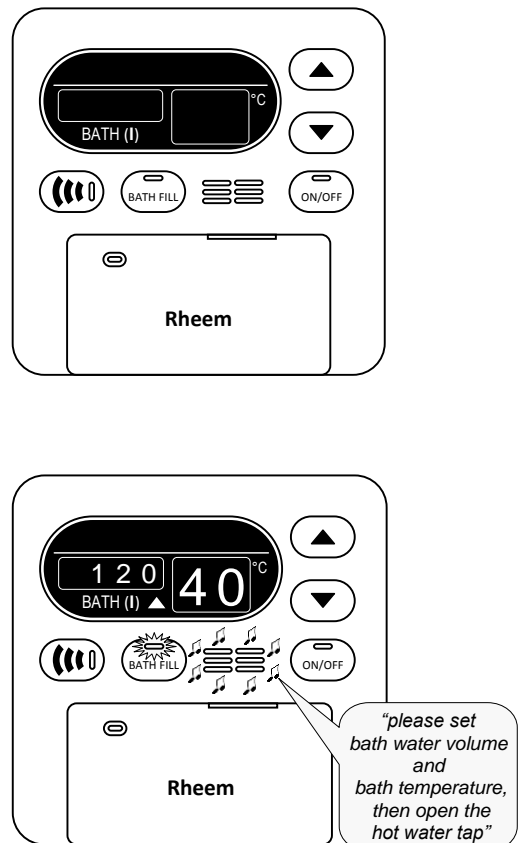
6. Turn on the Bath Fill mode

- Press the BATH FILL button.

On all Deluxe controllers:

- The BATH FILL operating light will glow.
- The bath fill temperature setting will appear on the temperature display panel.
- The bath fill water volume will appear on the bath fill water volume display panel.
- The bath fill indicator light will glow.
- The voice prompt will sound;

“please set bath water volume and bath temperature, then open the hot water tap”



7. Open the hot tap.

The operating light will glow on all Deluxe controllers.

Measurement of the water flow at the water heater will commence when the hot tap is opened.

Notes:

- If a second hot tap is opened when the Bath Fill mode is turned on, the set bath fill water volume expected from the first hot tap will be reduced by the volume which flows through the second hot tap.
- The bath fill temperature setting and bath fill water volume setting can also be adjusted whilst a hot tap is open and the Bath Fill mode is operating.

When the set volume of water has passed through the water heater:

- Water flow from the hot tap will cease.
- The operating light will go out.
- The bath fill water volume display panel will show 0 litres.
- The temperature display will go blank.
- The BATH FILL operating light will commence to flash
- The voice prompt will sound;

"the bath is ready, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish"



8. Close the hot tap.

9. Turn off the Bath Fill mode

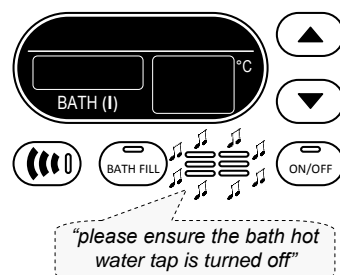
- Press the BATH FILL button.

The BATH FILL operating light and bath fill indicator light will go out.

The bath fill water volume display will go blank.

Note: If the hot tap has not been turned off, the voice prompt will sound;

"please ensure the bath hot water tap is turned off"



Turning Off Bath Fill Mode During Its Operation

The bath fill operation can be interrupted by pressing the BATH FILL button before completion of the bath fill operation.

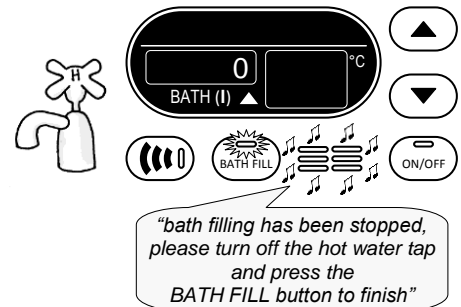
If it is necessary to turn off the Bath Fill mode before the operation is complete, during [Step 7](#):

- Press the BATH FILL button

At this first press of the BATH FILL button

- Water flow from the hot tap will cease
- The operating light will go out
- The bath fill water volume display panel will show 0 litres.
- The temperature display will go blank
- The bath fill operating light will flash
- The voice prompt will sound

"bath filling has been stopped, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish"



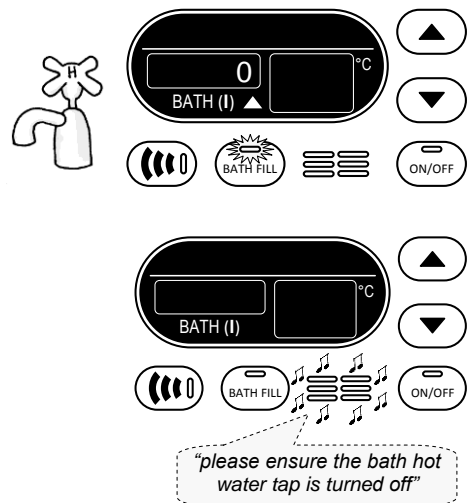
- Close the hot tap

- Press the BATH FILL button again

At this second press of the BATH FILL button

- The bath fill operating light and bath fill indicator light will go out
- The bath fill water volume display will go blank
- Note:** If the hot tap has not been turned off, the voice prompt will sound

"please ensure the bath hot water tap is turned off"



Notes on the Bath Fill mode:

- The Bath Fill mode can be set, turned on and turned off at any of the Deluxe controllers.
- The Deluxe controllers do not require having priority (ACTIVE light glowing) or being on in order to set the bath fill water volume or bath fill temperature or to turn the BATH FILL button on.
- The BATH FILL button cannot be turned on whilst a hot tap is open.
- The bath fill water volume and the bath fill temperature settings can be adjusted whilst a hot tap is open.
- If a hot tap is not opened for six hours after the new bath fill water volume and bath fill temperature has been set, whilst the BATH FILL button is on, the settings will be automatically cancelled and will reset to the previous settings or to the factory default settings if no previous settings have been set.
- The factory default bath fill water volume setting is 180 litres.
- The factory default bath fill temperature setting is 40°C.
- The Bath Fill mode will automatically have priority when the BATH FILL button is pressed and the Bath Fill mode is turned on. If the ACTIVE light is glowing on a Deluxe controller, it will go out. The ACTIVE light on a Deluxe controller will not glow whenever the BATH Fill operating light is on.
- Whilst water is flowing from a hot tap during the bath fill operation (BATH FILL operating light is on), a Deluxe controller cannot be turned on or off:
 - if it is on, pressing the ON / OFF button will not turn it off
 - if it is off, pressing the ON / OFF button will not turn it on.
- Whilst there is no water flowing from a hot tap and the BATH FILL operating light is on, a Deluxe controller can be turned on (ON / OFF light glows), but it will not gain priority (ACTIVE light will not glow).
- Pressing the up (▲) button or down (▼) button above the ON / OFF button during the bath fill operation (BATH FILL operating light is on) will not adjust the temperature setting.

Important

- Ensure all hot taps are turned off after a bath fill operation is complete and before pressing the BATH FILL button “OFF”. Otherwise;
 - Water will flow from the hot tap when the BATH FILL button is pressed “OFF”.
The water will be cold if all Deluxe controllers are off, or hot if a Deluxe controller is ACTIVE.
 - The voice prompt will also sound;
“please ensure the bath hot water tap is turned off”.

Opening a Second Hot Water Tap During Bath Fill Operation

- The bath fill water volume is measured as the water flows through the water heater. If more than one hot tap is open, the Bath Fill mode will measure the total water volume drawn from all taps and the expected water volume from the first tap will be decreased.
 - If the hot water supply should cease unexpectedly, check to see if the BATH FILL operating light is flashing
 - If the BATH FILL operating light is flashing, this indicates the set bath fill water volume has been delivered and the bath fill operation is complete
 - If further hot water is required for the application:
 - Turn off the hot tap
 - Press the bath fill button to turn off the Bath Fill mode
 - Recommence the Bath Fill procedure from Step 3, ensuring the water volume is adjusted to the volume required to complete the application.

Early Completion of Bath Fill Operation

- If the hot tap is closed before the set water volume flows through the water heater and the Bath Fill button is left on, the Bath Fill mode remains active for six hours.
 - If during this time a hot tap is turned on, the bath fill operation continues until the remaining bath fill water volume is consumed, then
The water flow will cease and the voice prompt will sound;
“the bath is ready, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish”
 - Close the hot tap
 - Press the BATH FILL button
 - To prevent the bath fill operation completing and interrupting the hot water supply, whilst the hot tap is off, then
 - press the BATH FILL button twice to turn it off
The first press of the BATH FILL button causes the bath fill operating light to flash and the voice prompt will sound
“bath filling has been stopped, please turn off the hot water tap and press the BATH FILL button to finish”
The second press of the BATH FILL button causes the bath fill operating light to go off.

Interrupting Bath Fill Operation

- The bath fill operation can be interrupted by:
 - Pressing the BATH FILL button before completion of the bath fill operation
Refer to [“Turning Off Bath Fill Mode During Its Operation”](#) on page 35, or by
 - Pressing and holding the ON / OFF button on any Deluxe controller for three seconds.
This turns off all the Deluxe controllers, including the bath fill function. The displays go blank and the lights go out.
A voice prompt will sound;
“bath filling has been stopped”
Hot water flowing from a hot tap will go cold.
 - Turn off the hot tap.

Operation of the Bath Fill mode whilst a Deluxe Controller is ACTIVE

It is recommended the Bath Fill mode be set and operated with the Deluxe controllers turned off (refer to [Step 1](#) on page 32).

However, if a Deluxe controller is ACTIVE during the setting and operation of the Bath Fill mode, then the following additional events occur:

During Step 3, when the bath fill temperature is being set

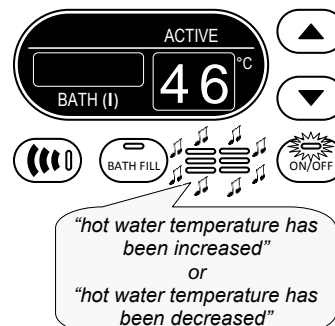
- The temperature setting of the ACTIVE Deluxe controller will display in the temperature display panel three seconds after the BATH FILL TEMPERATURE button is last pressed.

When the Deluxe controller temperature setting is higher than the bath fill temperature setting, the voice prompt will sound;

“hot water temperature has been increased”

When the Deluxe controller temperature setting is lower than the bath fill temperature setting, the voice prompt will sound;

“hot water temperature has been decreased”



During Step 6, when the BATH FILL button is pressed to turn the Bath Fill mode on

The Bath Fill mode has priority when operating. When the BATH FILL button is pressed, the Bath Fill mode will gain priority and over-ride the settings of all Deluxe controllers if they are on.

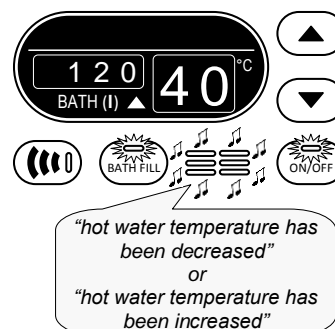
- The ACTIVE light will go out if it is on.
- The bath fill temperature setting will replace the temperature setting in the temperature display panel.

When the bath fill temperature setting is lower than the Deluxe controller temperature setting, the voice prompt will sound;

“hot water temperature has been decreased”

When the bath fill temperature setting is higher than the Deluxe controller temperature setting, the voice prompt will sound;

“hot water temperature has been increased”



During Step 9, when the BATH FILL button is pressed to turn the Bath Fill mode off

- The ACTIVE light will glow on the Deluxe controller which has priority.
- The temperature setting of the ACTIVE Deluxe controller will display in the temperature display panel.

**Notes**

- If it is a Bathroom Deluxe controller which is in use and it is on, i.e. it has priority and the ACTIVE light is glowing, then it is advised to leave the controller on.
Refer to the [warning](#) in the notes on page 28.
- If it is the Kitchen Deluxe controller which is in use and it is on, i.e. it has priority and the ACTIVE light is glowing, then it is advised to turn the controller off.
Refer to [Important](#) note for Bathroom controllers on page 28.

WATER SUPPLIES

Water heaters must be installed in accordance with this advice to be covered by the warranty.

A Rheem water heater is manufactured to suit the water conditions of most public reticulated water supplies. However, there are some known water supplies which can have detrimental effects on the water heater and its operation and / or life expectancy. If you are unsure of your water chemistry, you may be able to obtain information from your local water supply authority. This water heater should only be connected to a water supply which complies with these guidelines for the water heater warranty to apply.

CHANGE OF WATER SUPPLY

The changing or alternating from one water supply to another can have a detrimental effect on the operation and / or life expectation of a heat exchanger in a continuous flow water heater.

Where there is a changeover from one water supply to another, e.g., a rainwater tank supply, desalinated water supply, public reticulated water supply or water brought in from another supply, then water chemistry information should be sought from the supplier or it should be tested to ensure the water supply meets the requirements given in these guidelines for warranty to apply.

SATURATION INDEX

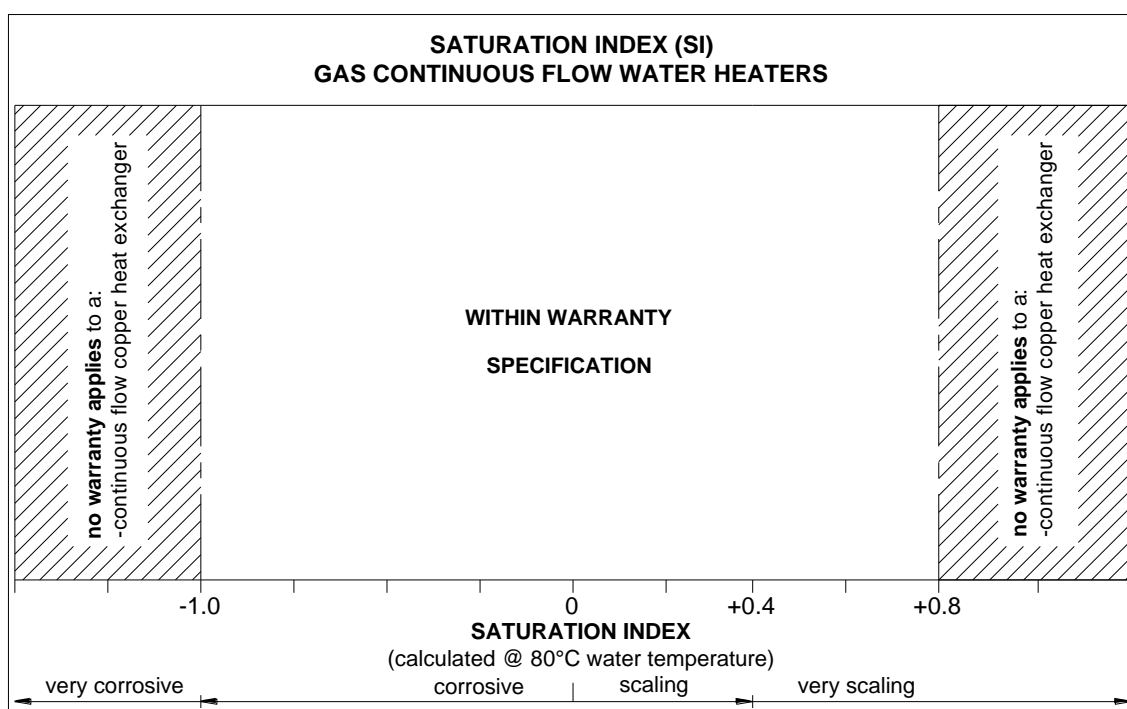
The saturation index (SI) is used as a measure of the water's corrosive or scaling properties.

In a corrosive water supply, the water can attack copper parts and cause them to fail. Where the saturation index is less than -1.0 , or the PH is less than 6.5 the water is very corrosive and warranty does not apply to a copper heat exchanger in a continuous flow water heater.

In a scaling water supply calcium carbonate is deposited out of the water onto any hot metallic surface. Where the saturation index exceeds $+0.80$, warranty does not apply to a copper heat exchanger in a continuous flow water heater.

Water which is scaling may be treated with a water softening device to reduce the saturation index of the water.

Refer to the [Saturation Index chart](#) below.



SAVE A SERVICE CALL

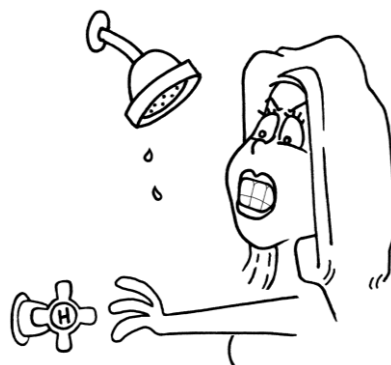
Check the items below before making a service call. You will be charged for attending to any condition or fault, which is not related to manufacture or failure of a part (refer to [“Warranty Exclusions”](#) on page 96).

NO DISPLAY ON THE CONTROLLER

- Is the controller turned on?
Press the on / off button (refer to [“Temperature Control”](#) on pages 9 to 38).
- Is the water heater plugged in and the power outlet switched on?
- Is power available in the house?
Try using another electrical appliance.

COLD WATER FROM THE HOT TAP

- Is the controller turned on?
Press the on / off button (refer to [“Temperature Control”](#) on pages 9 to 38).
- Close the hot tap, wait 10 seconds and open the hot tap again.
- Is the hot tap open enough?
The burners will not light if the flow rate is less than 3.0 L / min.
- Is the water heater plugged in and the power outlet switched on?
- Is power available in the house?
Try using another electrical appliance.
- Is the isolation valve in the gas line open?
- Is there a gas supply to the rest of the house?
Try lighting another gas appliance.
- Has the gas line been purged of air after installation?
Refer to your plumber.



WATER IS TOO HOT OR NOT HOT ENOUGH

- Does the controller you are using have priority? (refer to [“Temperature Control”](#) on pages 9 to 38)

NO WATER FROM THE HOT OUTLET

No flow of water from the hot outlet may indicate a restriction in or failure of the cold water supply to the water heater. Check for water flow at other taps and that the cold water isolation valve ([refer to page 55](#)) is fully open.

WATER FLOW FLUCTUATES

More than two or three outlets in use at the same time may cause a decrease in the hot water flow from the taps. This can also be evident if the water heater has been installed as a gas booster water heater to a solar preheat water heater and the solar preheat water is at a low temperature.

- Are there more than two or three outlets open, or are appliances such as a dishwasher or washing machine, in use at the same time?
Ensure only two or three outlets or appliances are on at the one time.
- Check the flow of the water from one tap, e.g., the shower.
The shower should be adjusted so the hot tap is fully open.

GAS BOOSTER OPERATING TOO FREQUENTLY

If the water heater is installed as a gas booster water heater to a solar preheat water heater, you may find that the water heater operates more frequently than expected. This will occur when the solar preheat water temperature is lower than 58°C (864 series) or 2°C lower than the pre-set outlet temperature (862 series) refer to page 4 [Gas Boosting Solar Hot Water](#), which may be experienced during periods of low solar energy gain or if there has been heavy hot water usage. Factors to consider are:

- **Hot tap not used recently**

If a hot tap has not been used for a while, the water in the pipe work between the solar water heater and the gas booster water heater may have cooled down. The water heater will sense the cooler water and this will cause the burners on the water heater to ignite and boost the water temperature when a hot tap is first turned on. The burners will extinguish when solar preheated water of 58°C or higher from the solar storage tank reaches the water heater (refer also to ["Fan Continues to Run after Water Heater Operation Stops"](#) below).

- **Insufficient sunlight**

Insufficient sunlight due to cloudy weather during summer months or low solar energy contribution in winter months may mean the gas booster operates more often.

- **Collectors shaded**

If trees or other objects shade the solar collectors or if the glass is dirty, the effectiveness of the solar collectors will be greatly reduced. Have the trees trimmed or the solar collectors relocated if the obstruction is permanent or clean the collector glass.

Ensure the glass on your solar collectors is free of dust, salt spray or any other matter, which may reduce the effectiveness of the solar collectors. If the collector glass becomes dirty, hose down or if the solar collectors are accessible, wash the collector glass with water and a soft brush when the solar collectors are cool.

- **Collector area is too small**

For most installations, the number of solar collectors recommended in Rheem literature has been proven to provide the required solar energy to meet the average family needs. However, in some circumstances, it may be necessary to install an additional solar collector.

- **Are you using more hot water than you think?**

Is one outlet (especially the shower) using more hot water than you think?

Very often it is not realised the amount of hot water used, particularly when showering. Carefully review the family's hot water usage. As you have installed an energy saving appliance, energy saving should also be practised in the home. Adjust your water usage pattern to take advantage of maximum solar gains.

Have your plumber install a flow control valve to each shower outlet, basin and sink to reduce water usage.

- **Water heater size**

Do you have the correct size water heater for your requirements?

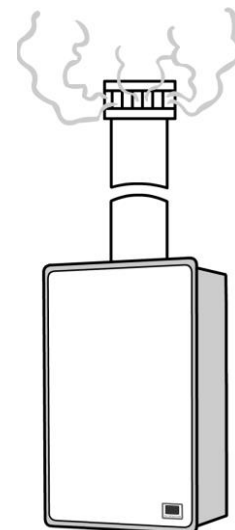
The sizing guide in the sales literature and on the Rheem website (www.rheem.co.nz) suggests average sizes that may be needed.

FAN CONTINUES TO RUN AFTER WATER HEATER OPERATION STOPS

It is the normal operation of the water heater for the fan to continue running after heating of the water is finished. The fan may run for up to six minutes after the burners extinguish, to prepare for the next ignition.

CLOUDS OF WHITE 'VAPOUR' FROM THE FLUE TERMINAL

During the heating cycle, it is not unusual to see water vapour clouds steaming from the flue terminal, particularly on cold days. This is normal operation of the water heater.



PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE DISCHARGING

A pressure relief valve is incorporated into the water heater controls. This valve protects the water heater, by allowing water to escape, in the event of excessive pressure build up in the waterways.

- **Normal operation**

A small volume of water may discharge from the bottom of the water heater when a hot tap is suddenly closed.

- **Continuous dribble**

A continuous dribble may indicate the water supply pressure is above the design pressure for the water heater. If so, a pressure limiting valve must be installed on the cold water supply pipe to the water heater (refer to "[Mains Water Supply](#)" on page 45).

ERROR CODE

The water heater provides a diagnostic error code in the event of an interruption to its operation. The error code is displayed on the controller(s) (if installed) and on the OK MONITOR on the front of the water heater as a numerical value. If an error code appears:

- Close the hot tap, turn off the controller(s) and switch off the electrical supply to the water heater.
- Check the gas isolation valve at the gas inlet to the water heater is fully open.
- Wait 5 minutes, then switch on the electrical supply to the water heater, turn on a controller and open a hot tap.
- If the error code persists, take note of the numerical code, turn off the hot tap and turn off the controller(s). Phone your nearest Rheem Service Centre to arrange for inspection.



HIGH GAS BILLS

Should you at any time, feel your gas account is too high, we suggest you check the following points:

- Is one outlet (especially the shower) using more hot water than you think?

Carefully review the family's hot water usage. Inexpensive flow control valves can be easily fitted to the shower outlets to reduce water usage.

- Is the gas booster water heater operating too frequently?

Refer to "[Gas Booster Operating Too Frequently](#)" on page 41.

- Consider recent changes to your hot water usage pattern and check if there has been any increase in tariffs since your previous account.



IF YOU HAVE CHECKED ALL THE FOREGOING AND STILL BELIEVE YOU NEED ASSISTANCE, CALL YOUR NEAREST RHEEM SERVICE CENTRE.

INSTALLATION – WATER HEATER

**THIS WATER HEATER IS FOR INDOOR INSTALLATION ONLY.
THIS WATER HEATER IS NOT SUITABLE FOR POOL HEATING.
Check the water heater is suitable for the gas type available.
(refer to the rating label on the water heater)**

The 864 and 862 series water heaters may be installed as an in-series gas booster water heater to a solar preheat water heater. For information relating to the function and operation of the solar water heater, refer to the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions supplied with the solar water heater.

The installation must comply with these installation instructions and with the requirements of Standards AS/NZS3500.4 and AS/NZS5601.1 and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

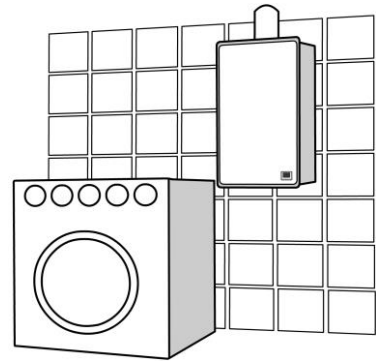
All packaging must be removed from the water heater prior to its installation.

WATER HEATER LOCATION

The water heater should be installed close to the most frequently used outlet and its position chosen with safety and service in mind. If this water heater is part of a solar water heater system, it should also be installed close to the solar storage tank. Make sure people (particularly children) will not touch the flue outlet. The flue outlet and air inlet must be clear of obstructions.

Clearance must be allowed for servicing of the water heater. The water heater must be accessible without the use of a ladder or scaffold. Make sure the entire front panel can be removed for service. You must be able to read the information on the rating plate. Remember you may have to take the entire water heater out later for servicing.

This water heater must be installed vertically upright with the water, gas and power connections on the underside, pointing toward the floor. There are also special requirements in AS/NZS5601.1 for water heaters installed in a garage, an enclosed space and other locations. Remember all local authorities have regulations about putting water heaters into roof spaces.



The back of the water heater can be either against a wall or supported by a frame. The water heater must be secured to the wall or frame using suitable mounting screws, two each at the top and bottom of the unit ([refer to page 51 for mounting hole positions](#)).

For a single water heater installation, refer to the [typical installation diagram](#) on page 54.

For a dual water heater installation using the Ez-Link system, refer to “[Ez-Link System Dual Installation](#)” on page 76 and the [typical installation diagram](#) on page 79.

The water heater must not be installed in an area with a corrosive atmosphere where chemicals are stored or where aerosol propellants are released. Remember the air may be safe to breathe, but when it goes through a flame, chemical changes take place which may attack the water heater.

VENTILATION

The ventilation of a room or an enclosure such as a cupboard, where the water heater is installed must comply with AS/NZS5601.1.

This water heater is to be installed with a Rheem coaxial flue system. The kit enables a room sealed installation, drawing air for combustion from outside of the building.

SECONDARY FLUE

A secondary flue must be installed with an indoor water heater to discharge combustion products outside the building. The water heater **MUST ONLY** be installed with a Rheem approved coaxial flue system.

Where more than one water heater is installed, each water heater must be individually flued using a Rheem approved coaxial flue system. A common flue system **MUST NOT** be used.

Refer to “Flueing” on page 57 for details on the flue requirements and installation details.

PIPE COVER

The pipe work to the water heater can be housed within a pipe cover. A pipe cover kit (PN 317694) is available for such an installation. Refer to the installation instructions which accompany the pipe cover kit.

FROST PROTECTION

The water heater has a frost protection system. The frost protection system will protect the water heater from damage, by preventing ice forming in the waterways of the water heater, in the event of freezing conditions occurring.

The frost protection system will be rendered inoperable if electrical power is not available at the water heater. Damage to the water heater caused by freezing of the pipe work to or from the water heater is not covered under warranty. Refer to AS/NZS3500.4 for precautions to be taken for installations in frost prone areas. The water heater is not suitable for installation in areas where the ambient temperature falls below -20°C (including wind chill factor).

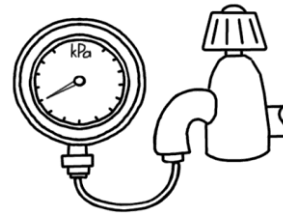
The cold water line to the water heater must be insulated with suitable thickness insulation if freezing conditions are likely to occur. The insulation must be fitted to the underside of the water heater and be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed.

MAINS WATER SUPPLY

Where the mains water supply pressure exceeds that shown in the table below, an approved pressure limiting valve that does not have non return valve characteristics (such as an RMC PSL series valve) is required and should be fitted as shown in the installation diagram ([refer to page 55](#)).

Model	864627 862627
Relief valve setting	1750 kPa
Max. mains supply pressure	1000 kPa
Min. mains supply pressure *	140 kPa

* minimum water supply pressure required to achieve the rated flow and performance



Notes:

- It is not recommended to install this water heater with a low pressure water supply.
- A minimum water supply pressure of 140 kPa is required to achieve the rated flow and performance of the water heater.
- If this water heater is installed as a gas booster for a solar water heater, the maximum water supply pressure to the solar preheat water heater, without an expansion control valve (ECV), is generally 800 kPa, however it may be less than this for some models. Refer to the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions supplied with the solar water heater for maximum mains supply pressure details.
- This water heater is not suitable for connection to bore water or spring water unless a water treatment device is fitted.
- If sludge or foreign matter is present in the water supply, it is recommended a suitable filter be incorporated in the cold water line to the water heater.
- Refer to "[Water Supplies](#)" on page 39.

HOT WATER DELIVERY

This water heater can deliver water at temperatures which can cause scalding.

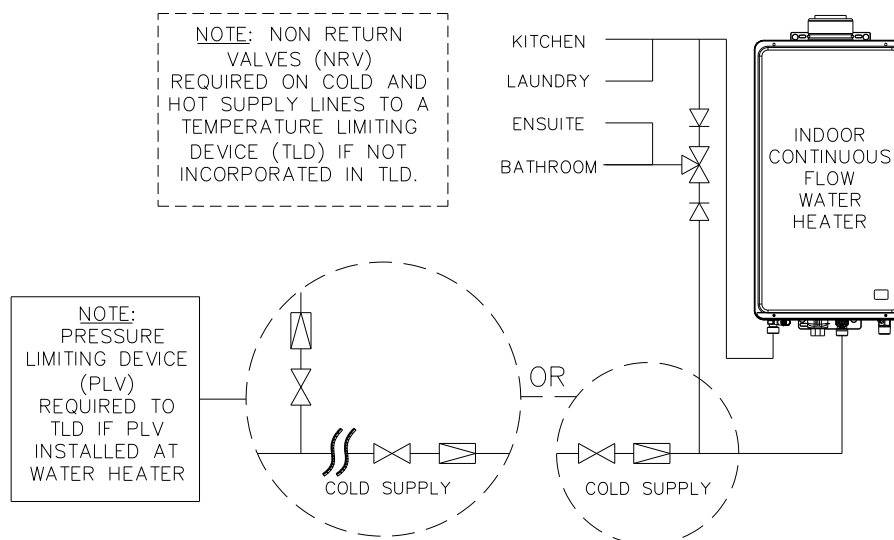
It is necessary and we recommend that a temperature limiting device be fitted between an 864 or 862 series water heater and the hot water outlets in any ablution and public areas such as a bathroom, en-suite or public amenities, to reduce the risk of scalding. The installing plumber may have a legal obligation to ensure the installation of this water heater meets the delivery water temperature requirements of AS/NZS3500.4 so that scalding water temperatures are not delivered to a bathroom, en-suite or other ablution or public area.

The temperature limiting device used with an electronic continuous flow gas water heater should have:

- a specified minimum temperature differential between the hot water inlet and the tempered water outlet of no greater than 10°C, and
- a specified maximum permitted pressure variation in the supply between the hot water inlet and the cold water inlet of no less than 15%.

Where a temperature limiting device is installed adjacent to the water heater, the cold water line to the temperature limiting device can be branched off the cold water line either before or after the isolation valve and pressure limiting valve to the water heater.

If a pressure limiting valve is installed on the cold water line to the water heater and the cold water line to a temperature limiting device branches off before this valve or from another cold water line in the premises, then a pressure limiting valve of an equal pressure setting may be required prior to the temperature limiting device.



Two Temperature Zones Using a Temperature Limiting Device

Gas Booster for a Solar Water Heater

The temperature limiting device used with an 864 or 862 series gas booster water heater as part of a solar water heater installation must have the additional capability of receiving a hot water supply temperature of up to 99°C if the solar preheat water heater does not have an over temperature protection system to limit the water to no greater than 90°C.

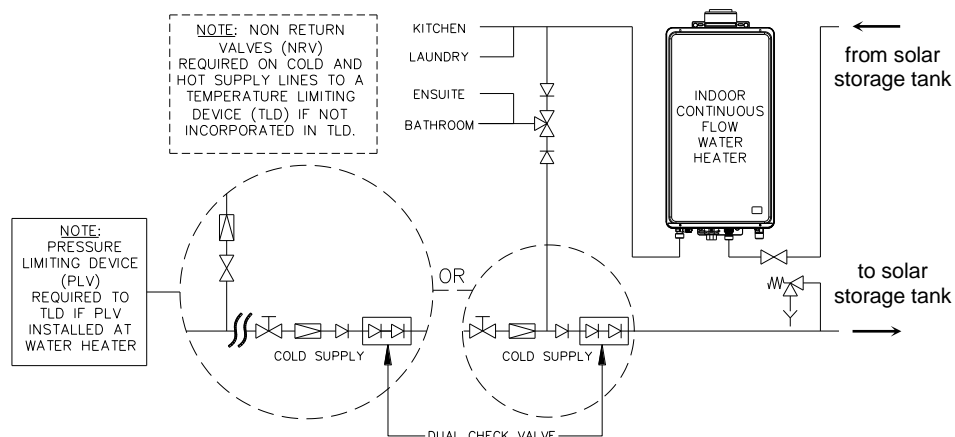
⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater as part of a solar water heater system (864 or 862 series) because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

Where a temperature limiting device is installed adjacent to the gas booster water heater, the cold water line to the temperature limiting device can be branched off the cold water line either before or after the isolation valve and pressure limiting valve to the solar storage tank, but it **MUST BE** before the non-return valve prior to an open circuit direct system. The cold water line to the temperature limiting device can be branched off the cold water line either before or after the non-return valve prior to a closed circuit indirect system. If an expansion control valve is required, it must always be installed after the non-return valve and be the last valve prior to the solar storage tank.

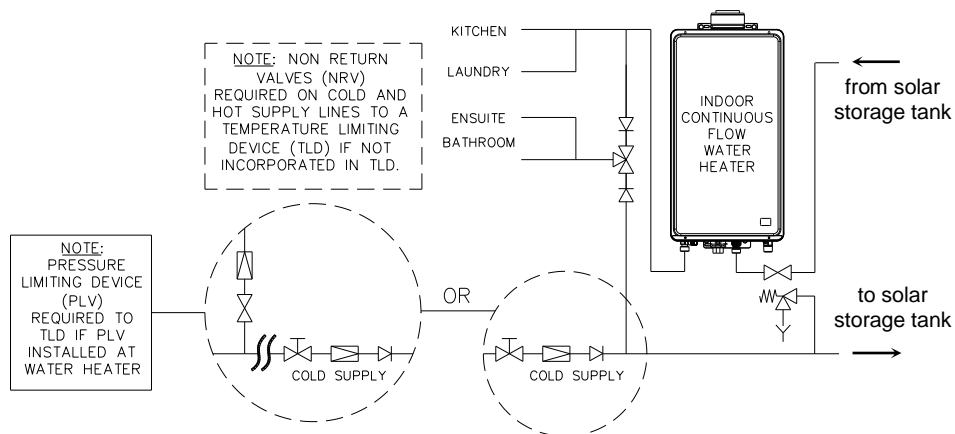
⚠ Warning: A non-return valve **MUST BE** installed on the cold water line to the solar storage tank **AFTER** the cold water branch to a temperature limiting device prior to an open circuit direct system. Due to the higher water temperatures generated under certain conditions in the solar collectors of an open circuit direct solar water heater, an additional effective back-flow prevention device also should be used as an extra safeguard. Valve manufacturer RMC recommends Dual Check Valve model N7150, as being suitable for this application.

If a combination isolation valve and non-return valve (duo or trio valve) is installed on the cold water line to an open circuit direct solar water heater and the cold water line to the temperature limiting device branches off after this valve, then a second non return valve must be installed between the cold water branch and the solar storage tank. Due to the higher water temperatures generated under certain conditions in the solar collectors of an open circuit direct pumped solar water heater, an effective back-flow prevention device should be used as the second non-return valve as an extra safeguard. Valve manufacturer RMC recommends Dual Check Valve model N7150, as being suitable for this application.

If a pressure limiting valve is installed on the cold water line to the solar water heater and the cold water line to a temperature limiting device branches off before this valve or from another cold water line in the premises, then a pressure limiting valve of an equal pressure setting may be required prior to the temperature limiting device.



**Gas Booster for Open Circuit Direct Solar Preheater Installation
Two Temperature Zones Using a Temperature Limiting Device**



**Gas Booster for Closed Circuit Solar Preheater Installation
Two Temperature Zones Using a Temperature Limiting Device**

CIRCULATED HOT WATER FLOW AND RETURN SYSTEM

The Rheem 864 and 862 series continuous flow water heater can be installed as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system in a building.

864 SERIES

- the pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater must be set to at least 60°C.
- temperature controllers cannot be installed with a water heater as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system.
- temperature controllers cannot be installed with this water heater as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system, including when installed as part of an Ez-Link System dual installation.

862 SERIES

- water should not be circulated from a water heater with a temperature setting of less than 60°C.
- the pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater should be set to at least 65°C if the water temperature decreases by more than 5°C through a circulated hot water flow and return system due to heat loss in the ring main.
- temperature controllers cannot be installed with this water heater as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system, including when installed as part of an Ez-Link System dual installation.

The circulator must be:

- sized and set to provide a minimum flow rate of 3.0 L/min through the recirculated hot water flow and return system, and
- either thermostatically and / or timer controlled.

The circulator **must not** be set to operate continuously, i.e. 24 hours per day.

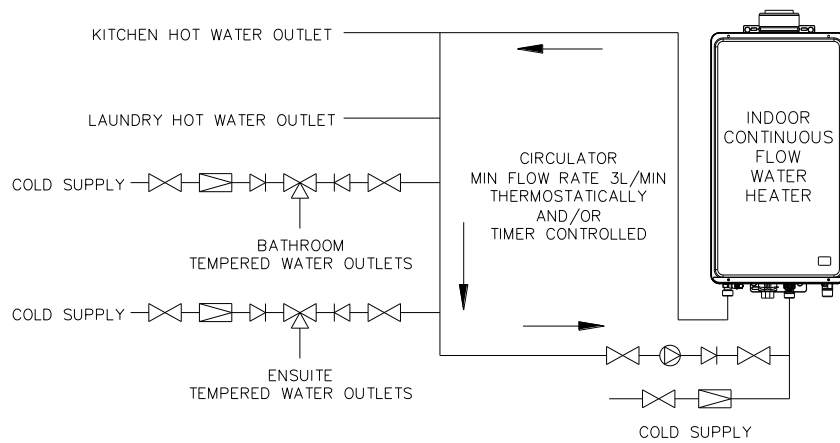
Temperature Limiting Device

A temperature limiting device cannot be installed in circulated hot water flow and return pipe work. The tempered water from a temperature limiting device cannot be circulated. Where a circulated hot water flow and return system is required in a building, a temperature limiting device can only be installed on a dead leg, branching off the circulated hot water flow and return pipe.

If circulated tempered water were to be returned back to the water heater, depending on the location of the return line connection on the water supply line to the water heater, then either:

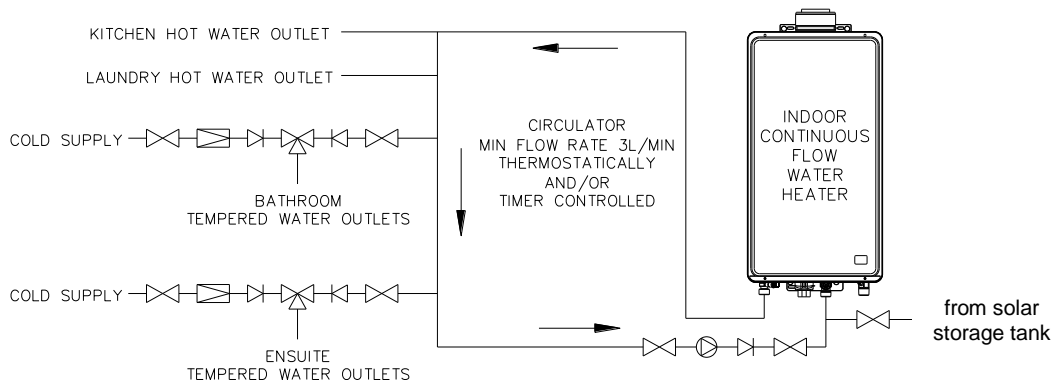
- water will be supplied to the cold water inlet of the temperature limiting device at a temperature exceeding the maximum recommended water supply temperature, or
- when the hot taps are closed no water will be supplied to the cold water inlet of the temperature limiting device whilst hot water will continue to be supplied to the hot water inlet of the temperature limiting device.

These conditions may result in either water at a temperature exceeding the requirements of AS/NZS3500.4 being delivered to the hot water outlets in the ablution areas, or the device closing completely and not delivering water at all, or the device failing. Under either condition, the operation and performance of the device cannot be guaranteed.



NOTE: A PLV IS REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE TEMPERING VALVE IF A PLV IS INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE WATER HEATER.
NON RETURN VALVES (NRV) REQUIRED ON COLD AND HOT SUPPLY LINES TO A TEMPERATURE LIMITING DEVICE (TLD) IF NOT INCORPORATED INTO TLD.

Recirculated Hot Water Flow and Return - Continuous Flow Gas Water Heater



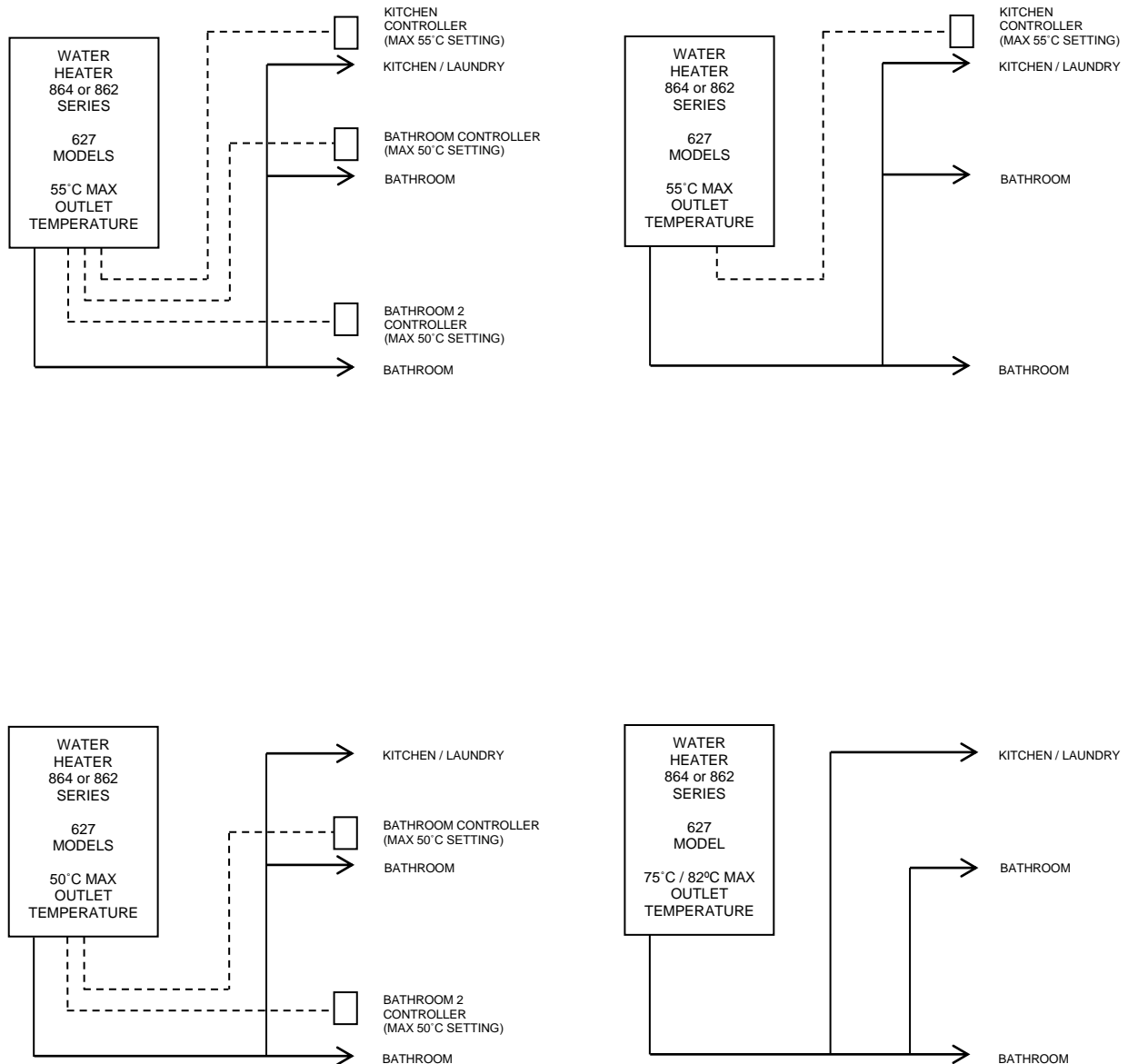
NOTE: A PLV IS REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE TEMPERING VALVE IF A PLV IS INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE WATER HEATER.
NON RETURN VALVES (NRV) REQUIRED ON COLD AND HOT SUPPLY LINES TO A TEMPERATURE LIMITING DEVICE (TLD) IF NOT INCORPORATED INTO TLD.

Recirculated Hot Water Flow and Return – Gas Booster for Solar Preheater Installation

REDUCING HEAT LOSSES

The hot water line from the water heater and the pipe work between the solar storage tank, if one is installed, and the gas booster water heater must be insulated in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS3500.4. The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed. The insulation must be fitted up to the connections on the both the underside of the water heater and the solar storage tank.

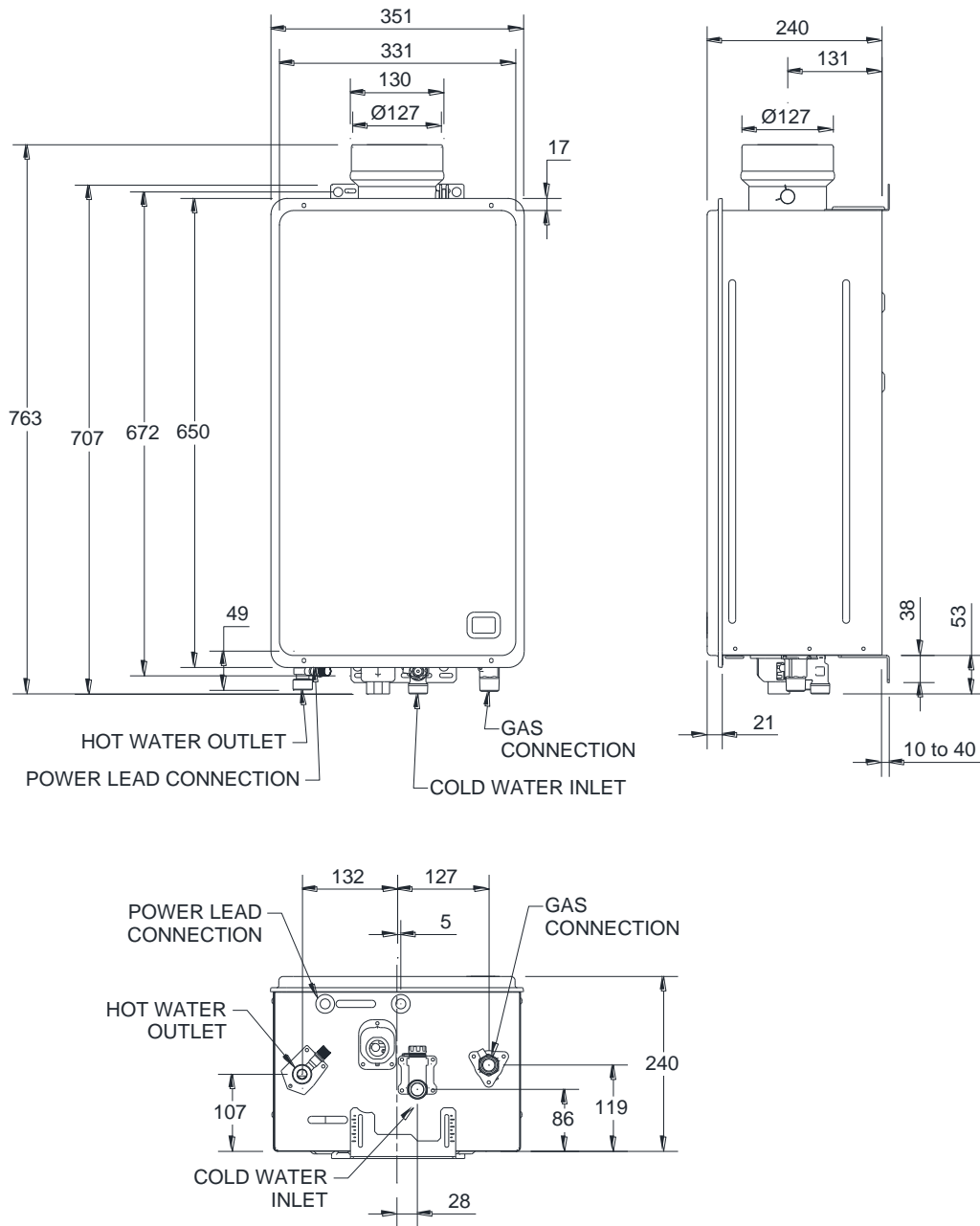
WATER TEMPERATURE DIAGRAMS



Notes:

- Temperature Limiting Devices – refer to [“Hot Water Delivery”](#) on page 46.
- Factory pre-set outlet temperature setting is:
 - 864 series 55°C
 - 862 series 55°C

DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL DATA



Model		864 627	862 627
Rated delivery (@ 40°C rise)	litres / min	16.5	16.5
Recovery (@ 25°C rise)	litres / min	27	27
Weight Empty	kg	24	24

Gas Details	Hourly Gas Consumption (MJ)	Min Gas Pressure (kPa)	Test Point Gas Pressure (kPa)		Max Gas Pressure (kPa)
			minimum	maximum	
Model	627	627	627	627	627
Natural	205	1.13	0.193	0.90	3.50
ULPG	205	2.75	0.277	1.5	3.50

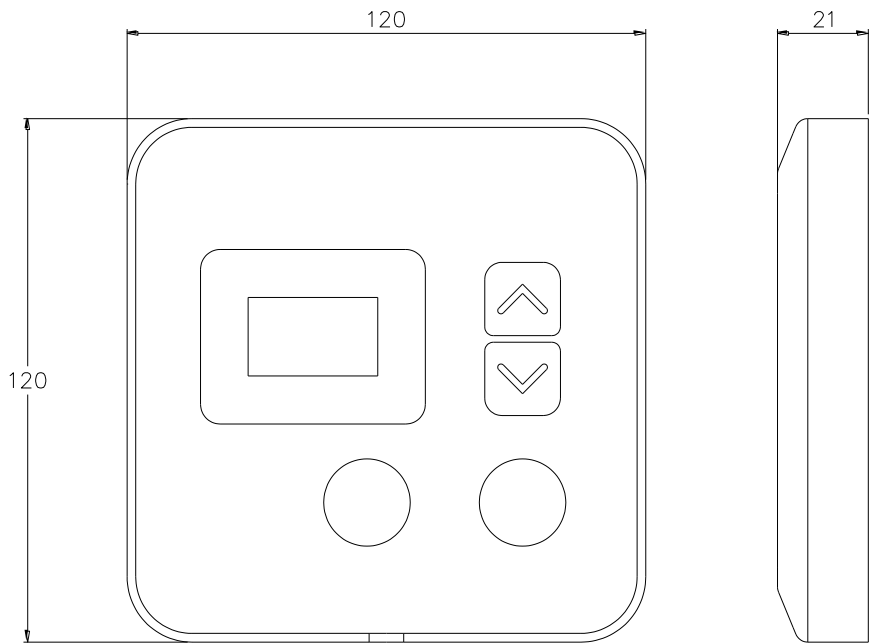
Model numbers: N = Natural, L = ULPG

Letter N or L is included in the model number, e.g. 864627NFZ, to denote gas type.

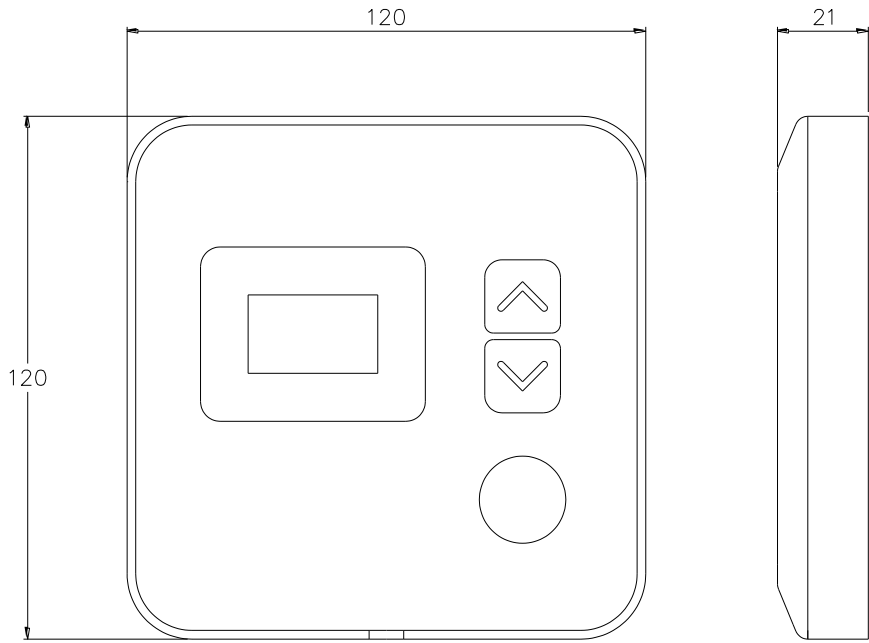
F = Frost protection.

Specifications are subject to change with ongoing product improvements.

DIMENSIONS – STANDARD CONTROLLERS

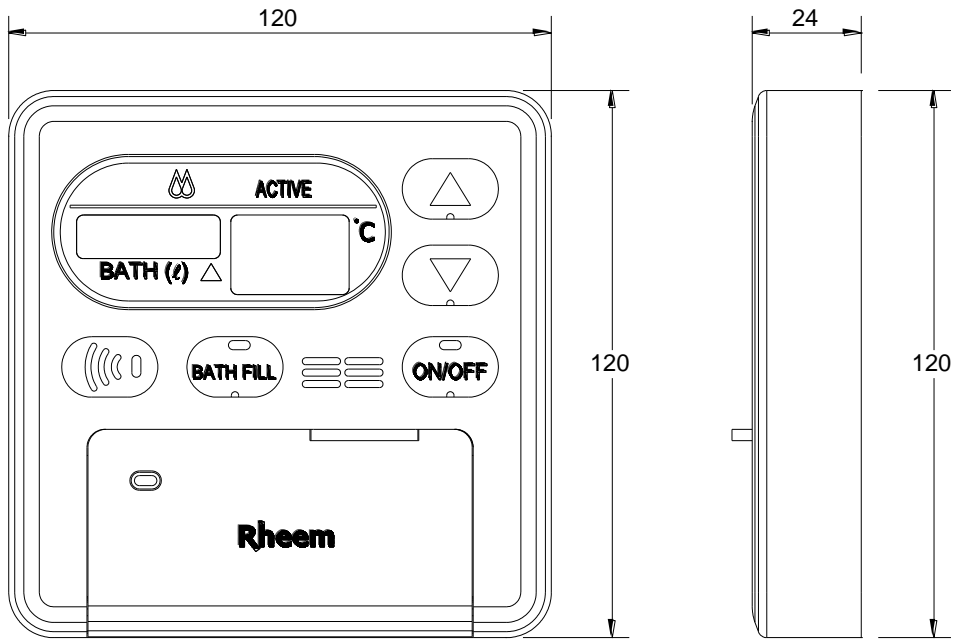


Kitchen Controller (Standard)

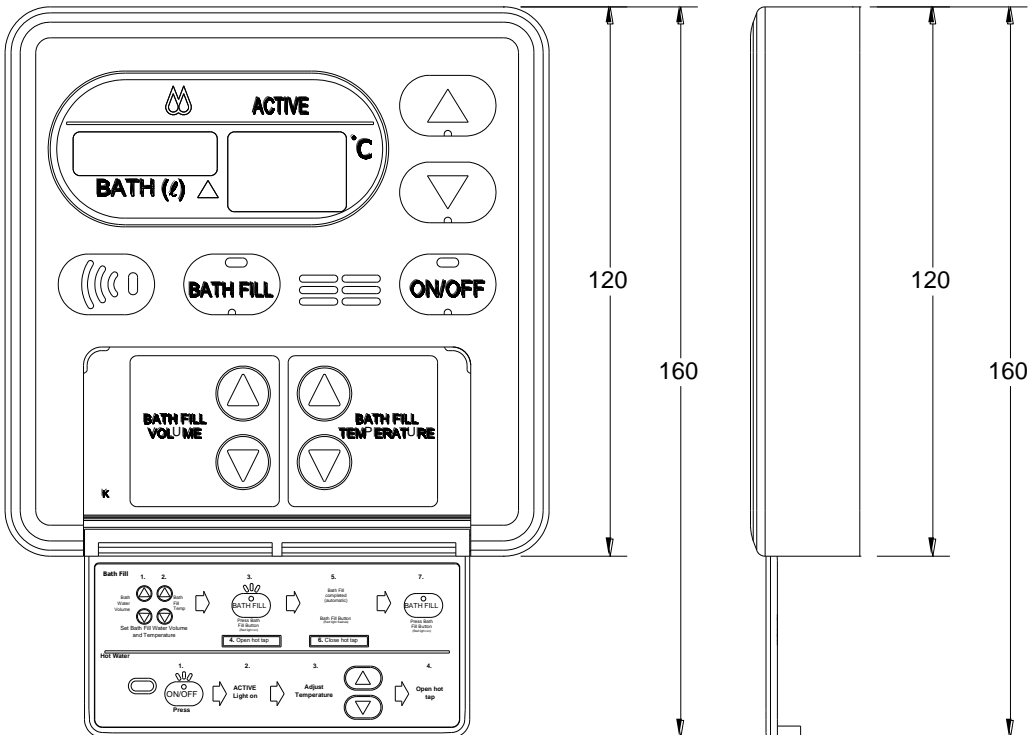


Bathroom Controller (Standard)

DIMENSIONS – DELUXE CONTROLLERS

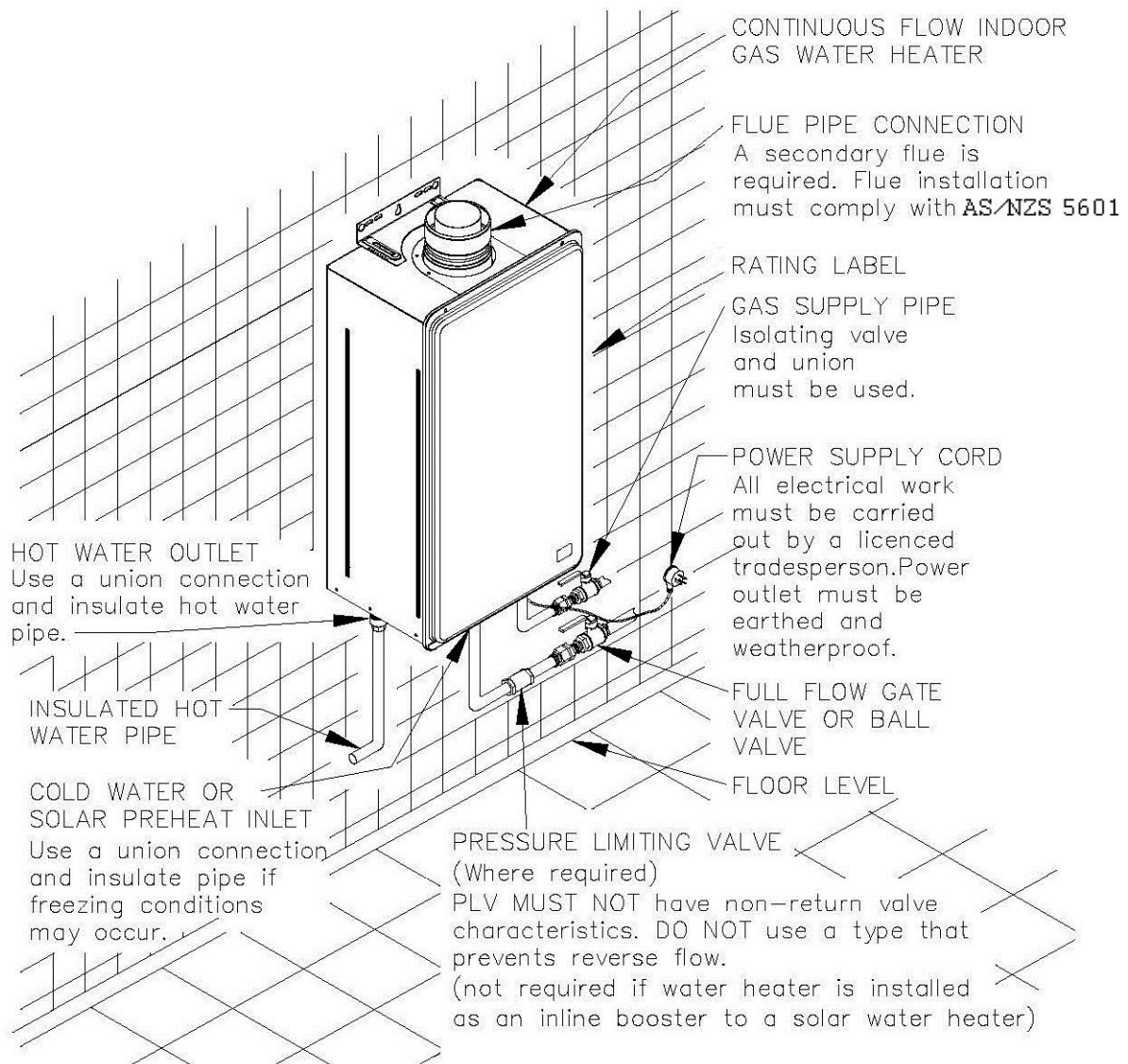


Deluxe Controller – Cover Closed



Deluxe Controller – Cover Open

TYPICAL INSTALLATION – INDOOR LOCATION



CONNECTIONS – PLUMBING

CONNECTION SIZES

Model	864627	862627
Hot water connection	R ³ / ₄ /20	R ³ / ₄ /20
Cold water connection	R ³ / ₄ /20	R ³ / ₄ /20
Gas inlet connection	R ³ / ₄ /20	R ³ / ₄ /20

All plumbing work must be carried out by a qualified person and in accordance with the National Plumbing Standard AS/NZS3500.4 and local authority requirements.

All gas work must be carried out by a qualified person and in accordance with the New Zealand Gas Installations Standard AS/NZS5601.1 and local authority requirements.

WATER INLET AND OUTLET

All pipe work must be cleared of foreign matter before connection and purged before attempting to operate the water heater. All olive compression fittings must use brass or copper olives. Use thread sealing tape or approved thread sealant on all fittings.

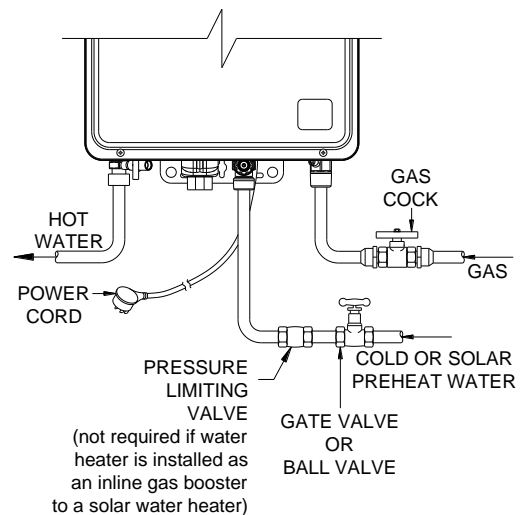
A full flow gate valve or ball valve must be installed on the cold water line or solar preheat water line to the water heater. **A non-return valve or stop tap must not be installed.** An acceptable arrangement is shown in the diagram. Refer also to “Hot Water Delivery” on page 46 and to “Mains Water Supply” on page 45.

A disconnection union must always be provided at the cold water inlet and hot water outlet on the water heater to allow for disconnection of the water heater.

Insulation used on the cold and hot water lines must extend up to the cold water inlet and hot water outlet of the water heater.

Notes:

- It is essential all pipe connections be correctly aligned, otherwise component connections within the water heater may be strained and / or components themselves misaligned. It is recommended also, wherever possible, pipe connections be made at the water heater first and final pipe runs be made in soft copper pipe to allow some adjustment for misalignment.
- Use the spanner flats on the water heater fittings and take care to avoid twisting the water inlet and outlet pipes inside the jacket.
- The maximum supply temperature to the water heater when used as an in-series gas booster for a solar preheat water heater should not exceed 80°C.**



**Gas Water Heater
Cold (or Solar Preheat) and Hot Water
and Gas Connection Details**

PIPE SIZES

The pipe sizing for hot water supply systems should be carried out by persons competent to do so, choosing the most suitable pipe size to ensure adequate flow for each individual application. Reference to the technical specifications of the water heater and local regulatory authority requirements must be made.

To achieve true mains pressure operation, the cold water line to the water heater should be the same size or bigger than the hot water line from the water heater.

The minimum recommended cold pipe or solar preheat pipe and hot pipe size is DN20.

IN-SERIES BOOST WATER HEATER

The pipe work between the solar storage tank (if one is installed) and the gas booster water heater has a minimum recommended pipe size of DN20, **MUST BE** of copper and be fully insulated in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS3500.4. The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed. The insulation must be fitted up to the connections on both the solar storage tank and the gas booster water heater. A full flow isolation valve must be installed on the water line to the gas booster water heater.

GAS INLET

The gas connection is made at the underside of the water heater. The pipe work must be cleared of foreign matter before connection and purged before attempting to operate the water heater. An isolation valve and disconnection union must be installed to allow servicing and removal of the water heater (refer to the [diagram on page 55](#)).

Note: Refer to the New Zealand Gas Installations Standard AS/NZS5601.1 for the correct method of sizing the gas supply pipe to the water heater. The pipe size selection must take into account the high gas input of this water heater ([refer to table on page 51](#)) as well as all of the other gas appliances in the premises.

⚠ Warning: Always isolate the water heater before pressure testing the gas supply system. Disconnect the water heater after the isolation valve to prevent the risk of serious damage to the gas control. Warranty does not cover damage of any nature resulting from failure to observe this precaution. Refer to rating label for gas types and pressures.

FLUEING

SECONDARY FLUE

A secondary flue must be installed with an indoor water heater to discharge combustion products to outside the building. The water heater **MUST ONLY** be installed with certified Rheem coaxial flue components carrying the label opposite. **DO NOT** use any other type of flue parts.

Where more than one water heater is installed, each water heater must be individually flued using certified Rheem coaxial flue components.



A common flue system **MUST NOT** be used.

The installation of the secondary flue must be carried out by a qualified person and be in accordance with the Gas Installations Standard AS/NZS5601.1, as applicable under local regulations, local authority requirements and the installation instructions. A charge will be made for any service related call due to the installation of the flue system not complying with these installation instructions.

The water heater must be flued separately from all other appliances and flued to the outdoors. Minimum clearance requirements apply from the flue terminal in accordance with AS/NZS5601.1 (refer also to "[Flue Terminal Location](#)" on page 59). Do not install the flue to discharge into a chimney. There is no requirement on the flue to maintain a minimum distance from combustible materials.

⚠ Warning: Where the flue penetrates through walls, floors or ceilings, the penetration must comply with local regulations for fire rating. The coaxial flue system does not have nor provides a fire rating.

The water heater flue may be terminated either horizontally with a Horizontal Flue Terminal or vertically with a Vertical Flue Terminal. The secondary flue must be self-supporting and not impose a load on the water heater.

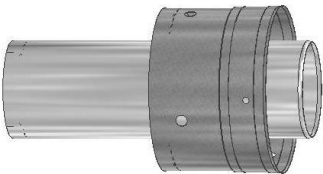



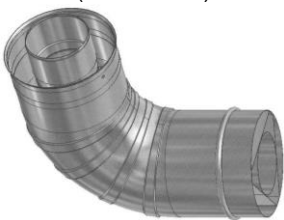





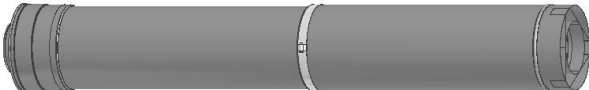

Flue runs must be adequately supported along both horizontal and vertical runs. The maximum recommended unsupported span for a horizontal run should be no more than 2.0 m. Support isolation hanging bands should be used. Do not use wire. Wall Brackets (PN 295129) are available and should be used for vertical runs. The coaxial flue components are to be connected together using the screws provided. The flue outside diameter is 127 mm.

⚠ Warning: Never operate the water heater unless it has been installed in accordance with the installation instructions. Failure to install the water heater in accordance with the installation instructions, properly flueing the water heater to the outdoors and ensuring it has an adequate air supply, will result in unsafe operation of the water heater, possibly causing fire, explosion, serious injury and asphyxiation from carbon monoxide.

A sealing gasket is located at one end of the inner flue. Check all flue components to ensure the gasket is in place and properly seated. **DO NOT** install if any gaskets are missing. Contact Rheem Service or their nearest Service Centre if the gasket is missing.

COMPONENTS

A complete flue system is comprised from the following components.

<p>horizontal flue terminal (PN 295116)</p> 	<p>trim ring (PN 295125)</p> 
<p>vertical flue terminal (PN 295117)</p> 	<p>condensate trap (PN 295139)</p> 
<p>90° bend (PN 295118)</p> 	<p>45° bend (PN 295119)</p> 
<p>straight length – 300 mm (PN 295126)</p> 	<p>wall bracket (PN 295129)</p> 
<p>male to male (MM) adapter (PN 295124)</p> 	<p>female to female (FF) adapter (PN 295123)</p> 
<p>adjustable straight length – 560 to 890 mm (PN 295127)</p> 	<p>straight length – 900 mm (PN 295122)</p> 

FLUE TERMINAL LOCATION

The water heater must be located to ensure that the location of the flue terminal complies with the requirements of AS/NZS5601.1, as applicable under local regulations. As a guide the following requirements are extracted from the Gas Installations Standard. The distances are measured along the wall from the flue penetration.

Horizontal Flue Terminal Location

- At least 300 mm between the top of the flue terminal and the eaves.
- At least 300 mm between the bottom of the flue terminal and the ground, balcony or other surface.
- At 500 mm between the flue terminal and the edge of any opening into the building, such as an openable door or window, measured horizontally*.
- At least 1500 mm between the top of the flue terminal and the edge of any opening into the building, such as an openable window, measured vertically.
- At least 300 mm between the flue terminal and a return wall or external corner, measured horizontally*.
- At least 1500 mm between the flue terminal and any opening into a building, in the direction of the flue discharge.
- At least 500 mm between the flue terminal and a fence, wall or other obstruction, in the direction of the flue discharge.
- At least 300 mm between the flue terminal and any other flue terminal, cowl or other combustion air intake.

Note: * If these horizontal distances cannot be achieved, AS/NZS5601.1 states an equivalent horizontal distance measured diagonally from the nearest discharge point of the flue terminal to the opening may be deemed by the technical regulator to comply.

For a multiple unit installation, refer to [“Horizontal Flue Terminations”](#) on page 71 for minimum distances between flue terminals.

Vertical Flue Terminal Location

- At least 300 mm between the underside of the flue terminal and the nearest part of a non-trafficable roof.
- At least 1500 mm between the top of the flue terminal and the edge of any opening into the building, such as an openable window, measured vertically.
- At least 500 mm between the flue terminal and any building structure or obstruction facing the terminal, measured horizontally.
- At least 1500 mm between the flue terminal and the edge of any opening into the building, measured horizontally.
- At least 300 mm between the flue terminal and any other flue terminal, cowl or other combustion air intake.

For a multiple unit installation, refer to [“Vertical Flue Terminations”](#) on page 71 for minimum distances between flue terminals.

FLUE LENGTHS

Maximum Flue Length

The system will not operate if there is excessive restriction (pressure drop) in the flueing system.

The secondary flue between the water heater and the flue terminal must:

- not exceed a maximum length of 9.0 m.
- have no more than three (3) 90° bends.
- be installed with a gradient of 20 mm per metre of horizontal run.

Note: Ensure the seam of the inner flue in horizontal runs is at the top of the installation.

Minimum Flue Length

The minimum horizontal flue distance which may be used is 300 mm, provided:

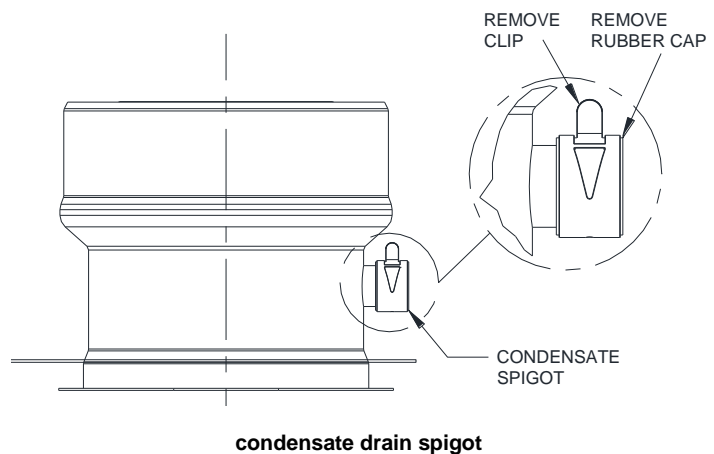
- one 90° Bend is connected to the flue outlet of the water heater, and
- the Horizontal Flue Terminal is connected to the 90° Bend.

FLUE CONDENSATE

Condensate from the combustion gases may form in the flue. The flue outlet assembly at the top of the water heater incorporates a condensate drain spigot to allow for draining of this condensate.

This spigot is covered by a rubber cap held in position by a clamp. For certain types of installations, it will be necessary to remove the clamp and cap and install a Condensate Trap (PN 295139) and drain line.

The Condensate Trap must be filled with water prior to the operation of the water heater. Refer to "[Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line](#)" on page 61.



Draining the Condensate

A Condensate Trap and drain line must be installed under the following conditions in order to prevent condensate from draining back into the water heater:

- Where vertical sections exceeding 2 m are incorporated in a horizontally terminating flue system.
- Where the flue terminates vertically.
- Where there is a horizontal run of flue between two bends and the bend closest to the flue terminal is orientated upward.
 - This horizontal run of flue must have a gradient upward to the flue terminal. Condensate will drain back toward the water heater.

Failure to install a Condensate Trap and drain line could allow acidic flue gas condensate to enter into the water heater flue-way, causing premature failure of the water heater. Any resultant faults will not be covered by the Rheem warranty.

Note: A horizontal run of flue connecting directly to a Horizontal Flue Terminal must have a gradient downward to the flue terminal. Condensate will drain from the flue terminal.

Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line

Where the installation requires a Condensate Trap and condensate drain line:

1. Remove the clamp and rubber cap from the condensate drain spigot on the water heater flue outlet assembly.
2. Locate the Condensate Trap in a suitable position adjacent to the water heater.

The loop of the condensate trap **MUST BE** below the spigot of the condensate drain section to ensure proper drainage.

- Secure to the wall with the pipe saddle supplied.

If required, trim the hose length to suit the installation. Ensure the structure of the Condensate Trap including the fixed loop is not altered and the trimmed hose seals to the spigot.

3. Fill the condensate trap with water.
4. Fit the shorter end of silicone tube to the 16 mm spigot of the water heater flue outlet, ensuring a constant fall to the condensate trap.

- Secure to the spigot with the clamp removed in step 1.
- Ensure the silicon hose is not kinked.

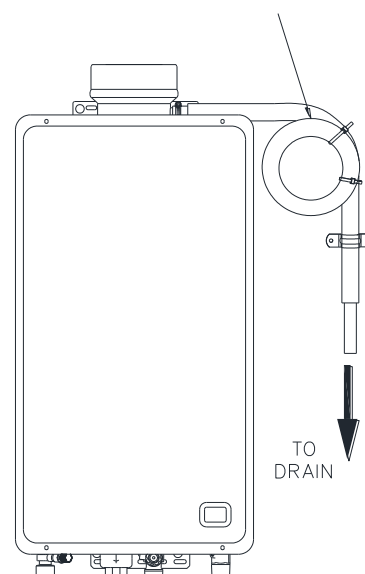
5. Plumb the outlet of the Condensate Trap to drain.

- Ensure the silicon hose is not kinked.

The drain line should be as short as possible, have a continuous fall all the way from the Condensate Trap to the discharge outlet and have no tap, valves or other restrictions in the pipe work.

The outlet of the drain line must be in such a position that flow can be easily seen, but arranged so the condensate will not cause injury, damage or nuisance.

CONDENSATE TRAP REQUIRED
TO BE FILLED WITH WATER.



Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line

⚠ Warning: Failure to fill with water may cause flue gasses to escape through the condensate trap. Check regularly to ensure the condensate trap is filled with water, replenishing when required.

Notes

AS/NZS3500.4 section 5.12, is used as a guide in preparing the following drainage recommendations.

- As the condensate is mildly acidic, copper tube and fittings must not be used as they will corrode.
- Use UPVC (Unplasticised Polyvinyl Chloride) or PE (polyethylene) piping.
- The outlet of the drain line must be in such a position that flow can be easily seen, but arranged so that discharge will not cause injury, damage or nuisance.
- The drain line must not discharge onto electrical connections, earth stakes, copper pipe, concrete paths or into a pond.

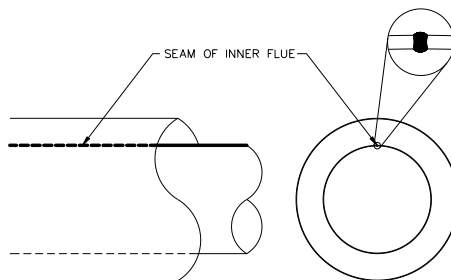
For a multiple unit installation, refer to [“Multiple Water Heater Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line Installation”](#) on page 72.

HORIZONTAL FLUE RUNS

There are a number of basic installation requirements which must be followed for a flue installation incorporating horizontal flue runs.

Failure to observe these precautions can lead to the premature failure of the flue system and / or water heater.

- The flue must be installed with the seam of the inner flue toward the top of the installation.
- A horizontal section of flue must be installed with a gradient of 20 mm per metre (1 in 50 or 1° fall) of horizontal run.
- A horizontal run of flue between two bends, where the bend closest to the flue terminal is **orientated upward**, must have a gradient upward to the flue terminal.
 - Condensate will drain back toward the water heater. A Condensate Trap and drain line must be installed where the horizontal flue is installed with an upward gradient. Refer to [“Draining the Condensate”](#) on page 60.



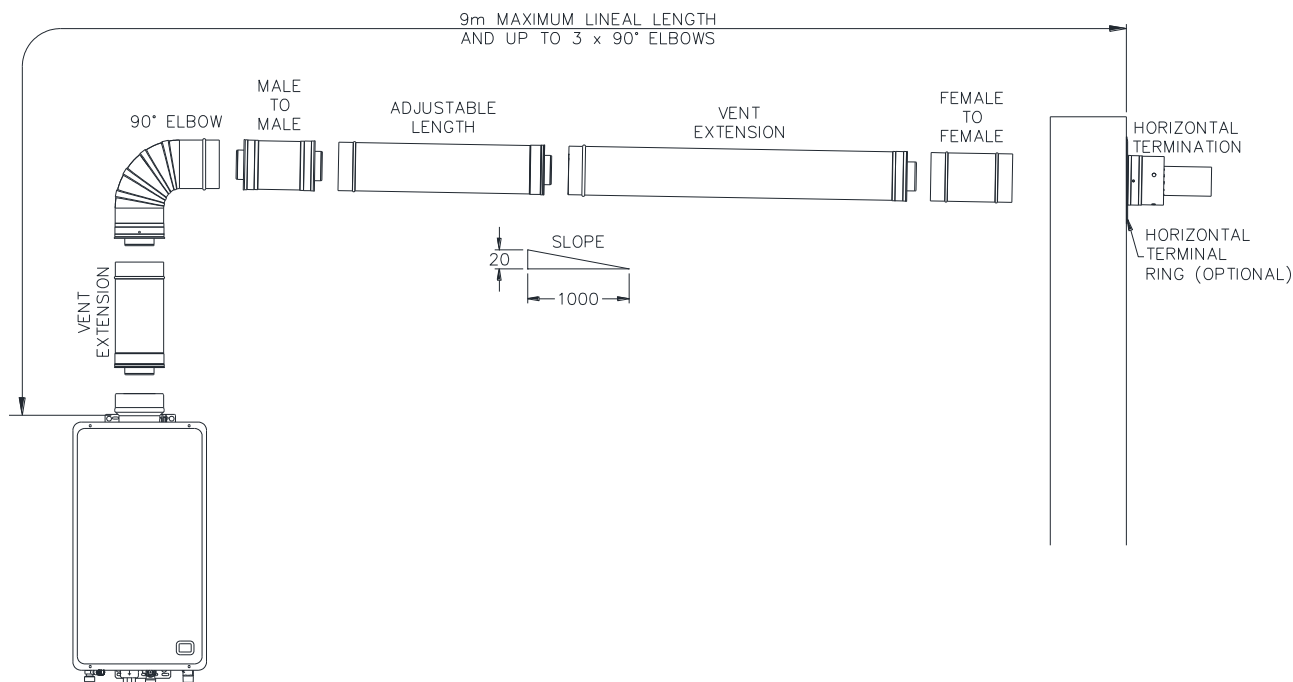
This ensures any condensate formed during operation of the water heater is prevented from draining back into the water heater.

- A horizontal run of flue connecting directly to a Horizontal Flue Terminal must have a gradient downward to the flue terminal.

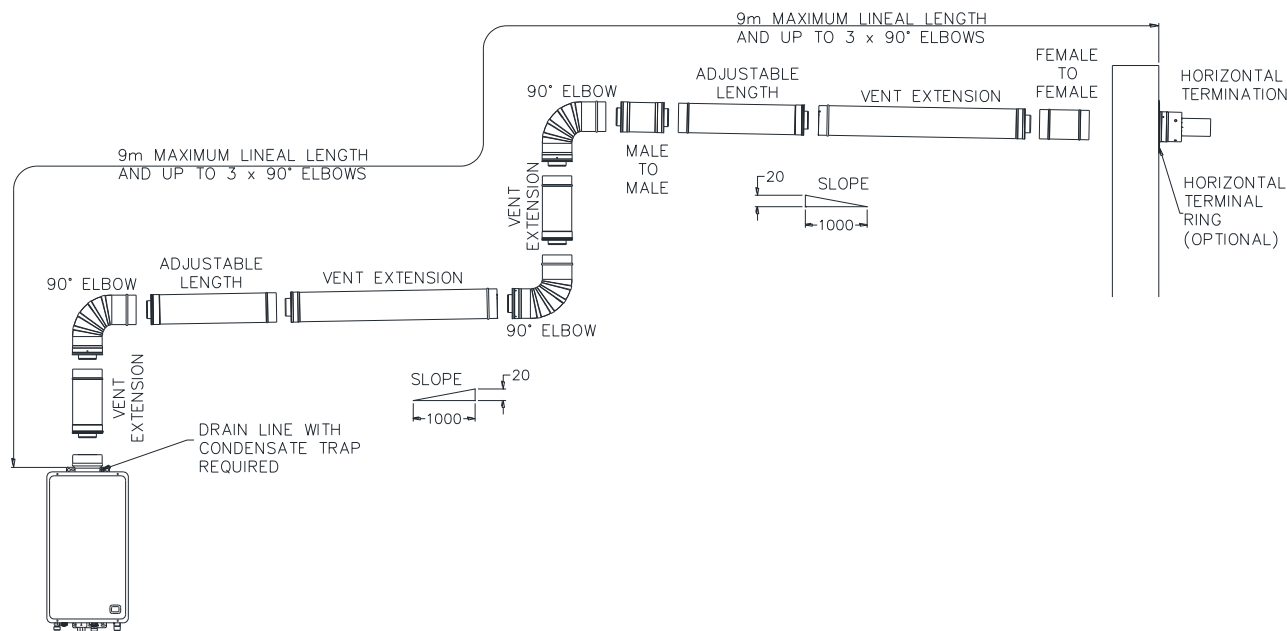
This prevents rainwater from entering the flue draining back into the water heater.

- Use Male to Male and Female to Female Adapters to reverse the direction of flue insertion where three or more sections of flue are used in a horizontal flue run and the flue drains toward the flue terminal. Refer to the diagram [“Typical Installation – Horizontal Terminal with One Bend”](#) below.

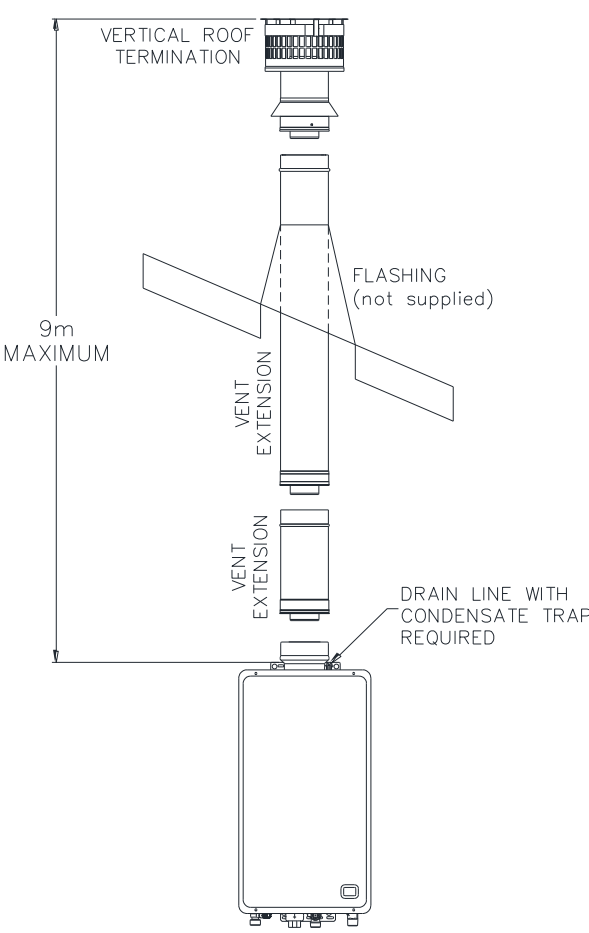
This provides for proper draining of condensate without pooling at the flue component joins.



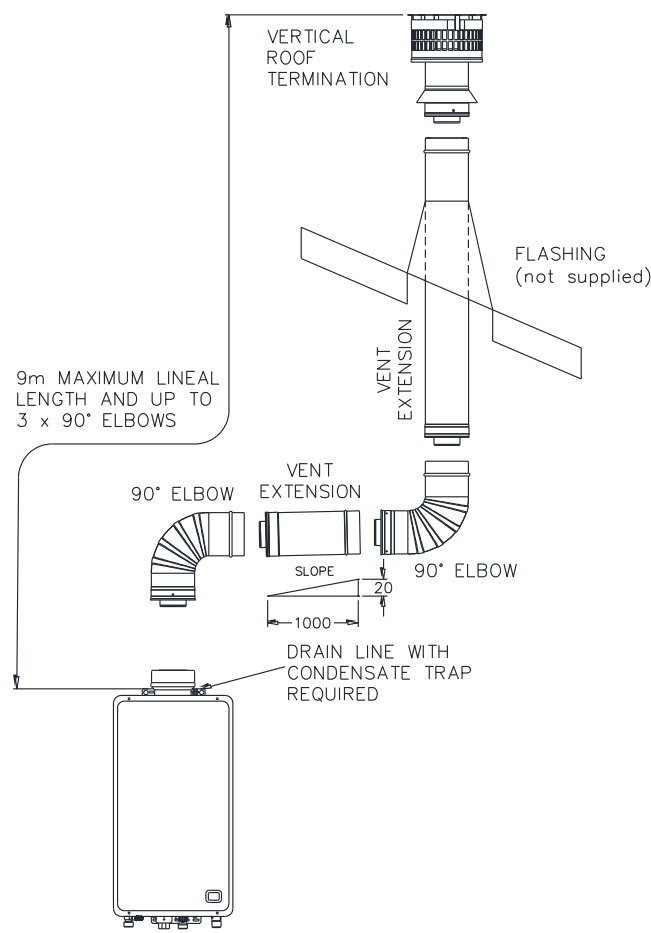
Typical Installation – Horizontal Terminal with One Bend



Typical Installation
Horizontal Terminal with Multiple Vertical and Horizontal Sections



Typical Installation
Vertical Flue



Typical Installation
Vertical Terminal with Vertical and Horizontal Sections

HORIZONTAL FLUE INSTALLATION

Horizontal Flueing – Directly Behind Water Heater

This method of flue installation is used where the secondary flue is to penetrate and terminate immediately behind the wall on which the water heater is mounted.

Do not plumb the water heater prior to this type of flue installation, as the water heater (if mounted) requires to be removed from the wall prior to the final installation of the flue.

Notes:

- Ensure each flue component is fully engaged and the rubber seal on the inner duct is well seated at each joint.
- Each flue component is supplied with screws to connect to the adjacent flue component. The screws are located in a bag taped to the outside of the flue component.

To install a horizontal flue and termination directly behind the water heater:

6. Carefully remove the template inserted as the middle pages of this installation instructions booklet.
7. Align the mounting bracket holes on the template exactly over the upper wall mounting bracket holes on the water heater.

This step presumes the water heater is hung on the wall.

- It may be convenient to tape the template to the wall.

Note: Ensure there are no studs, noggins, pipes or electrical cables located in the wall where the flue is to penetrate

8. Mark the pilot hole location through the centre of the template.

- Remove but **DO NOT DISCARD** the template.

9. **Remove the water heater from the wall.**

Note: It is necessary to remove the water heater from the wall to allow the fitting and installation of the flue. It is also good practice so no debris from the drilling operation enters the water heater flue outlet.

10. Drill a pilot hole using a 6.5 mm diameter or smaller drill bit.

The drill bit must be long enough to penetrate completely through the outer skin of the external wall.

Note: Ensure the drill remains level and straight during this step.

11. Cut along the middle of the **bold** circle marked “Cut Line” on the template.
12. Align the centre of the template with the pilot hole on the wall surface and scribe around the template onto the wall.

The circle should be 150 mm in diameter.

- Remove but **DO NOT DISCARD** the template.

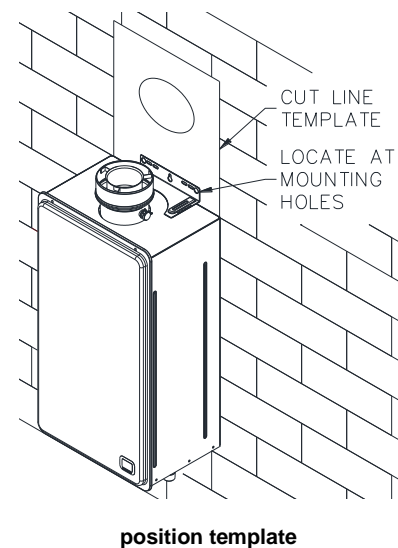
13. Align the centre of the template with the pilot hole on the outside wall surface and scribe around the template onto the wall.

The circle should be 150 mm in diameter.

- Remove the template.

14. Drill or cut the flue termination hole through the wall using a cutting tool suitable for the wall construction.

Note: The Trim Ring (PN 295125) will cover a 150 mm diameter hole.



Note: Steps 15 to 19 can only be conducted whilst the water heater is off the wall.

15. Connect the 90° Bend (PN 295118) to the water heater flue outlet so it is orientated behind the water heater.

- Fit the end of the bend down over the water heater flue outlet as far as it will go.

Ensure there is a minimum 35 mm and maximum 42 mm overlap, the rubber seal on the inner flue is well seated and the bend is fully engaged on the water heater flue outlet.

- Secure the bend to the outlet with the screws provided.

16. Fit the 300 mm Straight Length (PN 295126) of flue to the 90° Bend, if required.

Note: A total wall thickness of greater than 170 mm will require a 300 mm Straight Length of flue.

17. Fit the Horizontal Terminal (PN 295116) to either the 90° Bend or 300 mm Straight Length of flue.

18. Secure each flue component using the sheet metal screws provided.

19. Fit a Trim Ring over the last section of flue.

20. Rehang the water heater on the wall, carefully inserting the flue assembly through the wall penetration.

The water heater should be installed in its final location and fixed in position before completing the flue installation.

Securely fasten the water heater to the wall at each of the Wall Bracket mounting points.

Adjust the mounting brackets at the top and bottom of the water heater if required. Bracket adjustment of up to 30 mm can be made and may assist with flue fitment and alignment.

21. Check the end of the outer skin of the flue terminal extends a minimum of 75 mm from the face of the external wall.

22. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and exterior wall of the building, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for outdoor application.

Failure to properly seal the flue penetration through the wall will result in long term damage due to weather conditions.

23. Apply an adequate bead of sealant on the rear face of a Trim Ring, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for outdoor application.

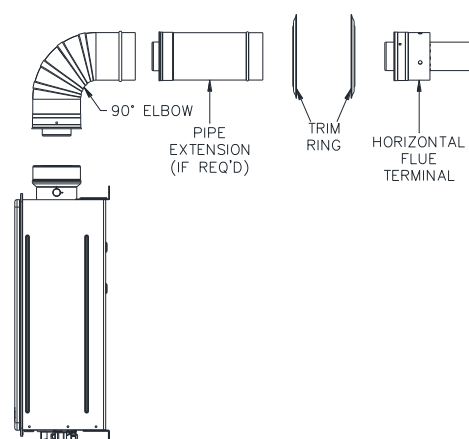
- Fit the Trim Ring over the flue terminal and press against the wall.

24. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and interior wall of the building and on the rear face of the Trim Ring, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for indoor application.

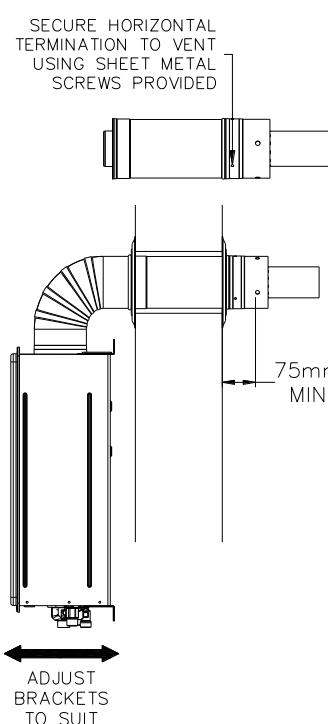
Press the Trim Ring against the wall.

25. Upon completion of the secondary flue installation, remove the warning label adhered to the top left hand corner of the water heater's front panel.

Refer to [“Connections – Electrical”](#) on page 75 electrical connection details and [“Commissioning”](#) on page 87 for the commissioning details of the water heater.



flue components required



Horizontal Flueing – Extended Flue Run

Notes:

- Ensure each flue component is fully engaged and the rubber seal on the inner duct is well seated at each joint.
- Each flue component is supplied with screws to connect to the adjacent flue component. The screws are located in a bag taped to the outside of the flue component.
- Refer to diagrams:
 - “Typical Installation – Horizontal Terminal with One Bend” on page 62, and
 - “Typical Installation – Horizontal Terminal with Multiple Vertical and Horizontal Sections” on page 63.

To install an extended horizontal flue and termination:

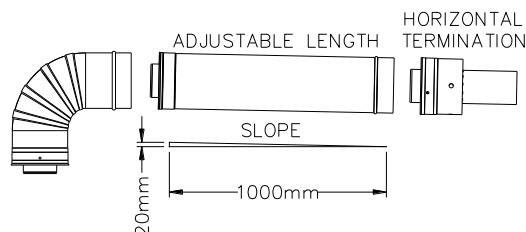
1. Install the water heater in its final location.
2. Connect the 90° Bend (PN 295118) to the water heater flue outlet and rotate in the desired direction of discharge, if the flue is not to have a change of direction from horizontal to vertical.
 - Fit the end of the bend down over the water heater flue outlet as far as it will go.

Ensure there is a minimum 35 mm and maximum 42 mm overlap, the rubber seal on the inner flue is well seated and the bend is fully engaged on the water heater flue outlet.

 - Secure the bend to the outlet with the screws provided.
3. Mark the location where the top of the flue is to penetrate the wall to outside of the building.

If the flue is not to have a change of direction from horizontal to vertical, then to accurately mark this position:

- Measure the vertical distance from the floor to the top of the 90° Bend, and
- Measure the horizontal distance from the wall behind the water heater to the centre of the 90° Bend, and
- Then, where the flue is expected to penetrate the wall, mark the vertical distance up from the floor and the horizontal distance out from the wall measured from the previous steps.



Note: If the flue is to have an additional one or two horizontal changes of direction, then it is not necessary to measure or mark the horizontal distance from the wall behind the water heater to the centre of the 90° Bend.

- Alternatively, using a level, run from the top of the 90° Bend to a location horizontal on the wall where the flue will penetrate and mark this point on the wall
- Measure the horizontal distance, along the proposed flue route, from the end of the 90° Bend to the where the flue is to penetrate the wall.

Divide this measurement by 50 to calculate the vertical distance fall of the flue (allowing for a 1 in 50 fall).

- Measure this distance down from the previous mark placed on the wall.

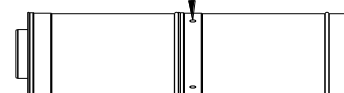
This point will be the top of the flue termination hole and the flue will have a gradient of 20 mm per metre of length towards the terminal.

Note: Ensure there are no studs, noggins, pipes or electrical cables located in the wall where the flue is to penetrate

4. Carefully remove the template inserted as the middle pages of this installation instructions booklet.
 - Cut along the middle of the **bold** circle marked “Cut Line”.
5. Align the top of the circular template with the mark on the wall.
 - It may be convenient to tape the template to the wall.
6. Mark the pilot hole through the centre of the template and scribe around the template onto the wall.
The scribed circle should be 150 mm in diameter.
 - Remove but **DO NOT DISCARD** the template.
7. Drill a pilot hole using a 6.5 mm diameter or smaller drill bit.
The drill bit must be long enough to penetrate completely through the outer skin of the external wall.
Note: Ensure the drill remains level and straight during this step.
8. Align the centre of the template with the pilot hole on the outside wall surface and scribe around the template onto the wall.
The scribed circle should be 150 mm in diameter.
 - Remove the template.
9. Drill or cut the flue termination hole through the wall using a cutting tool suitable for the wall construction.
Note: The Trim Ring (PN 295125) will cover a 150mm diameter hole.
10. Starting from the 90° Bend and working towards the terminal location, connect all of the other flue system components.
 - Ensure each flue component is fully engaged and the rubber seal on the inner duct is well seated at each joint.
11. Secure each flue component using the sheet metal screws provided.
12. Support horizontal sections at a distance no greater than 2 m using a Wall Bracket (PN 295129).
13. A horizontal run of flue connecting directly to a Horizontal Flue Terminal must have a downward gradient to the flue terminal.
 - Use Male to Male and Female to Female Adapters to reverse the direction of flue insertion where three or more sections of flue are used in a horizontal flue run and the flue drains toward the flue terminal. Refer to the [diagram](#) on page 62.

This provides for proper draining of condensate without pooling at the flue component joins.
14. A horizontal run of flue between two bends, where the bend closest to the flue terminal is **orientated upward**, must have a gradient upward in the direction of the flue terminal.
Note: A Condensate Trap and condensate drain line must be installed if the flue has a gradient upward in the direction of the flue terminal. Refer to step 22.
15. The Adjustable Straight Length (PN 295127) may be required if a special length is required between offsets or changes in direction of the flue or to ensure the outer skin of the Horizontal Flue Terminal extends a minimum of 75 mm from the face of the external wall.
 - The Adjustable Straight Length can be adjusted from 560 mm to 890 mm by pulling on its end to increase its length or pushing on its end to decrease its length.
16. Fit a Trim Ring over the last section of flue prior to penetrating the wall.

SECURE SECTIONS OF
FLUE USING SHEET METAL
SCREWS PROVIDED



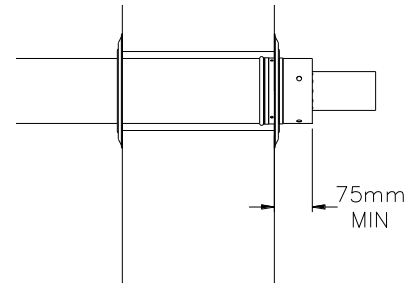
17. Once the flue is assembled and penetrating the wall, install the Horizontal Terminal and secure the termination to the flue using the sheet metal screws provided.

Note: If the flue terminal position is more than 1800 mm above a safe working surface, then suitable equipment will be required to enable safe access to fit the flue terminal.

Alternatively, the flue terminal may be fitted to the flue assembly prior to the assembly penetrating the wall.

18. Make a final adjustment to the Adjustable Straight Length, if required, to ensure the end of the outer skin of the flue terminal extends a minimum of 75 mm from the face of the external wall.

- Firmly tighten the compression band on the Adjustable Straight Length to prevent the pipe from extending or compressing its length over time.



19. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and exterior wall of the building, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for outdoor application.

Failure to properly seal the flue penetration through the wall will result in long term damage due to weather conditions.

20. Apply an adequate bead of sealant on the rear face of a Trim Ring, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for outdoor application.

- Fit the Trim Ring over the flue terminal and press against the wall.

21. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and interior wall of the building and on the rear face of the Trim Ring, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for indoor application.

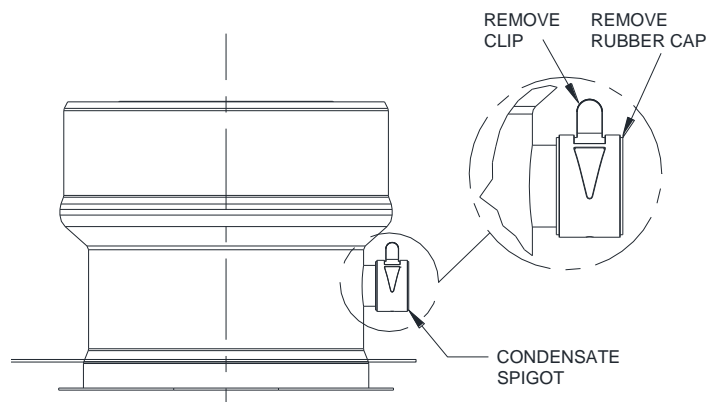
Press the Trim Ring against the wall.

22. Connect a Condensate Trap (PN 295139) to the condensate drain spigot on the water heater flue outlet the flue has a change of direction from horizontal to vertical or if there is a long vertical rise directly from the water heater.

- Install a condensate drain line to the Condensate Trap.

Refer to [“Draining the Condensate”](#) on page 60 and to [“Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line”](#) on page 61.

23. Upon completion of the secondary flue installation, remove the warning label adhered to the top left hand corner of the water heater's front panel.



condensate drain spigot

Refer to [“Connections – Electrical”](#) on page 75 electrical connection details and [“Commissioning”](#) on page 87 for the commissioning details of the water heater.

VERTICAL FLUE INSTALLATION

Suitable flashing (not supplied) is required to waterproof the roof penetration.

Notes:

- Ensure each flue component is fully engaged and the rubber seal on the inner duct is well seated at each joint.
- Each flue component is supplied with screws to connect to the adjacent flue component. The screws are located in a bag taped to the outside of the flue component.
- Refer to diagrams:
 - [“Typical Installation – Vertical Flue”](#) on page 63, and
 - [“Typical Installation – Vertical Terminal with Vertical and Horizontal Sections”](#) on page 63.

To install a vertical flue and termination:

1. Determine the location where the flue will penetrate through the roof.

Note: Ensure there are no rafters, purlins, pipes or electrical cables located in the roof where the flue is to penetrate.

2. Drill or cut the flue termination holes through the roof and ceiling of a suitable size to allow the installation of the flue, using a cutting tool suitable for the roof construction.

3. Install a Condensate Trap (PN 295139) to the condensate drain spigot on the water heater flue outlet.

- Install a condensate drain line to the Condensate Trap.

Refer to [“Draining the Condensate”](#) on page 60 and to [“Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line”](#) on page 61.

4. Connect the first flue component to the water heater flue outlet.

- Fit the end of the flue component down over the water heater flue outlet as far as it will go.

Ensure there is a minimum 35 mm and maximum 42 mm overlap, the rubber seal on the inner flue is well seated and the flue component is fully engaged on the water heater flue outlet.

- Secure the bend to the outlet with the screws provided.

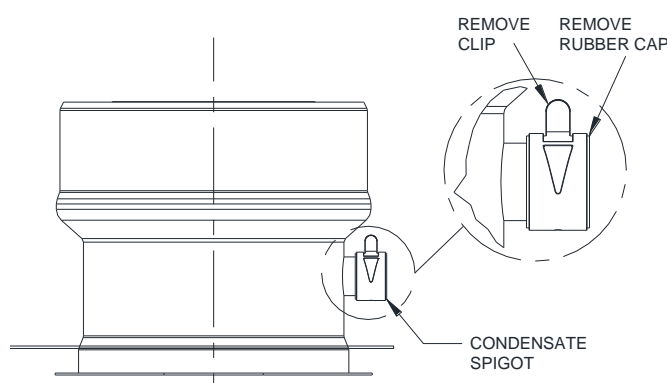
5. Continuing from the first flue component and working towards the terminal location, connect all of the other flue system components.

- Ensure each flue component is fully engaged and the rubber seal on the inner duct is well seated at each joint.

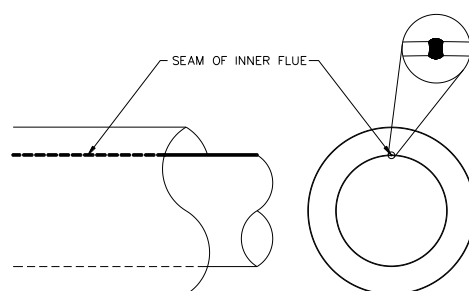
6. Horizontal flue runs between bends must have a minimum upward gradient towards the flue terminal of 20 mm per metre.

Note: Ensure that the seam of the inner flue in horizontal runs is towards the top of the installation.

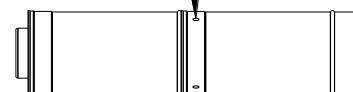
7. Secure each flue component using the sheet metal screws provided.



condensate drain spigot



SECURE SECTIONS OF FLUE USING SHEET METAL SCREWS PROVIDED



8. Fix a Wall Bracket after each transition to a vertical run.

This is to prevent vertical loading on the bends and offsets.

9. Support vertical sections of flue at a distance no greater than 2 m using a Wall Bracket (PN 295128).

Note: The Wall Bracket can be used to support vertical sections of flue from a ceiling by rotating the legs through 90°.

10. Install an Adjustable Straight Length (PN 295127) if a special length is required between offsets or changes in direction of the flue.

- The Adjustable Straight Length can be adjusted from 560 mm to 890 mm by pulling on its end to increase its length or pushing on its end to decrease its length.
- Firmly tighten the compression band on the Adjustable Straight Length to prevent the pipe from extending or compressing its length over time.

11. Fit a Trim Ring over the last section of flue prior to penetrating the ceiling, if one is to be fitted.

12. Once all of the flue components, excluding the Vertical Terminal, have been installed and all supports are securely fastened, the roof flashing must be installed and adequately sealed to prevent rain entry.

- Cut the flashing to a diameter that allows a snug fit over the flue.
- Install the roof flashing over the flue and using suitable fasteners, fix to the roof material.

The flue must extend a minimum of 150 mm through the roof flashing.

13. Connect the Vertical Terminal (PN 295117) to the flue exiting the roof.

- Secure the joint with sheet metal screws provided.

The top of the Vertical Terminal should not be less than 450 mm above the flashing below.

Observe flue terminal clearances in accordance with AS/NZS5601.1. Refer also to [“Vertical Flue Terminal Location”](#) on page 59.

Note: The flue should not extend more than 1.5 m from the roof unless guy wires or other additional support is provided.

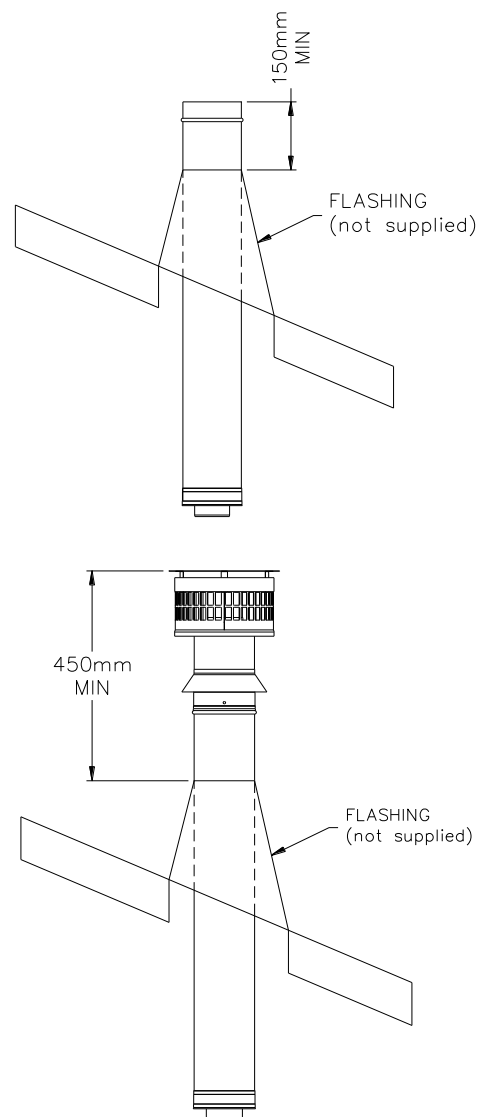
14. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and flashing and around the flashing and roof material, using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for outdoor application.

Failure to properly seal the flue penetration through the roof will result in long term damage due to weather conditions.

15. Apply an adequate bead of sealant around the flue assembly and ceiling and on the rear face of the Trim Ring (if fitted), using a general purpose silicone sealant suitable for indoor application.

Press the Trim Ring (if fitted) up against the ceiling.

16. Upon completion of the secondary flue installation, remove the warning label adhered to the top left hand corner of the water heater's front panel.



Refer to [“Connections – Electrical”](#) on page 75 electrical connection details and [“Commissioning”](#) on page 87 for the commissioning details of the water heater.

MULTIPLE WATER HEATER FLUE INSTALLATION

Where multiple water heaters are installed, each water heater must be individually flued to the outside. A common flue system **MUST NOT** be used.

For a multiple unit installation, the water heater is certified for installation with zero clearance between adjacent water heaters.

If the water heaters are mounted on a wall, although they are certified for installation with zero clearance between them, it may be necessary to leave a suitable space of a minimum 175 mm between each water heater if a Condensate Trap and condensate drain line is to be installed. The Condensate Trap and condensate drain line would be located between each water heater with the common drain manifold positioned below the water heaters. Refer to [“Multiple Water Heater Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line Installation”](#) on page 72.

Refer to [“Flue Terminal Location”](#) on page 59 for flue terminal clearances from other objects in accordance with AS/NZS5601.1.

Follow the relevant instructions pertaining to the type of flue installation, with the following additional requirements in relation to flue terminal clearances to be taken into account. The distances are based on using the coaxial flue system components.

Vertical Flue Terminations

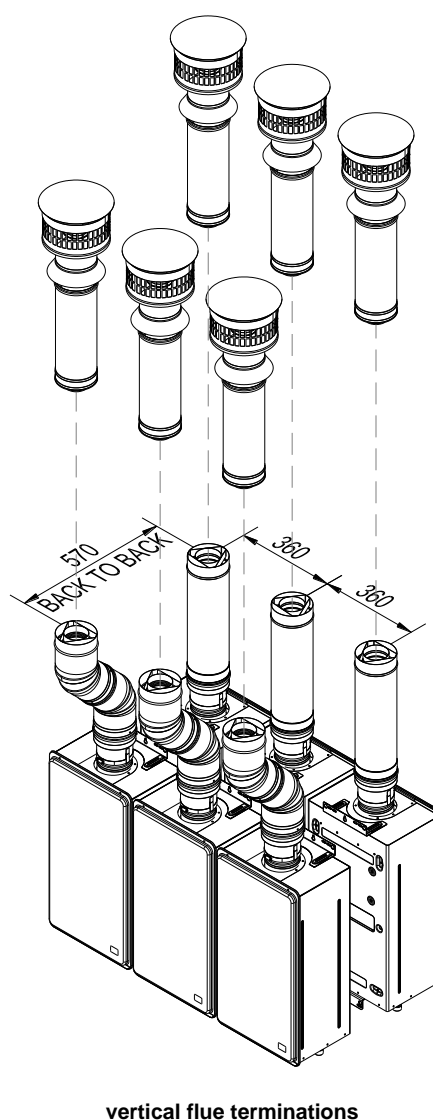
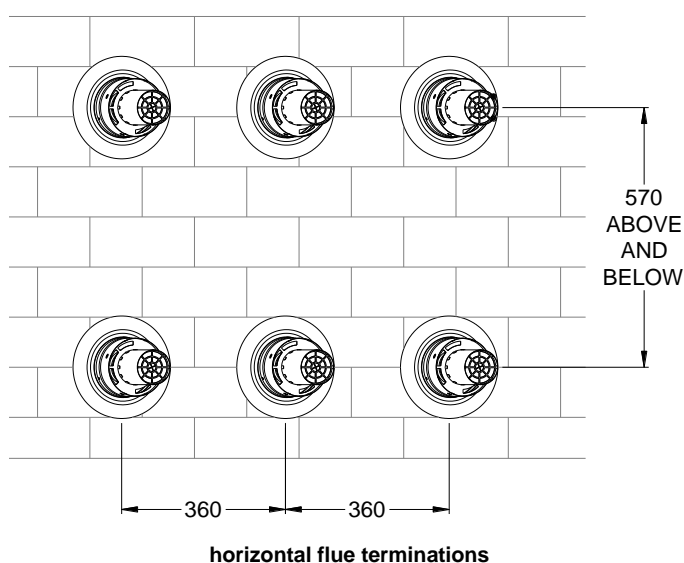
The minimum **side by side** centre to centre distance between flue terminals is to be no less than 360 mm.

The minimum **back to back** centre to centre distance between flue terminals is to be no less than 570 mm.

Horizontal Flue Terminations

The minimum **horizontal** centre to centre distance between flue terminals is to be no less than 360 mm.

The minimum **vertical** centre to centre distance between flue terminals is to be no less than 570 mm.



MULTIPLE WATER HEATER CONDENSATE TRAP AND CONDENSATE DRAIN LINE INSTALLATION

Depending upon the type of installation, it may be necessary to install a Condensate Trap and condensate drain line to each water heater. Refer to [“Draining the Condensate”](#) on page 60.

The drain line from each Condensate Trap may be:

- drained separately to a discharge point, or
- manifolded together with a single drain line running to a discharge point.

If the water heaters are mounted on a wall, although they are certified for installation with zero clearance between them, it may be necessary to leave a suitable space of a minimum 175 mm between each water heater if a Condensate Trap and condensate drain line is to be installed. The Condensate Trap and condensate drain line would be located between each water heater with the common drain manifold positioned below the water heaters.

Condensate Traps with Common Drain Line

1. Remove the clamp and rubber cap from the condensate drain spigot on each water heater flue outlet assembly.
2. Locate and install the Condensate Trap in a suitable position adjacent to the water heater.

Refer to steps 1 to 5 on page 61 of the procedure outlined in [“Condensate Trap and Condensate Drain Line”](#) on page 61.

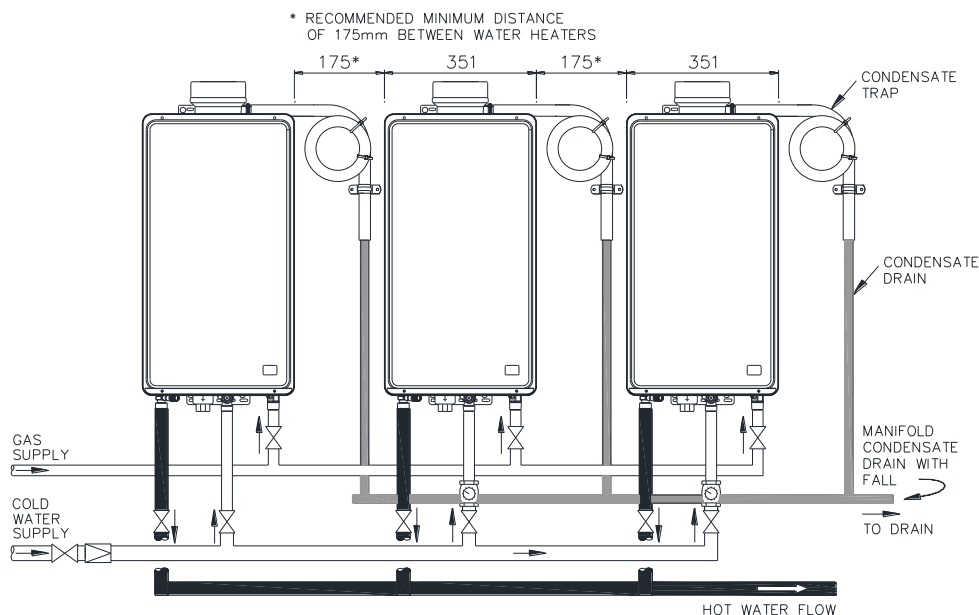
If the drain line from each Condensate Trap is to be run separately to a discharge point, then proceed to step 4, otherwise continue with step 3.

3. Manifold the drain lines from each Condensate Trap into a common header.

Use UPVC, PE or similar, do not use copper.

Ensure adequate fall is provided in the header to allow for complete drainage.

It may be necessary to support the drain line manifold with suitable hangers from the ceiling.



Condensate drain common manifold

4. Plumb the outlet of each Condensate Trap or the drain line manifold to a suitable discharge point.

The drain line should be as short as possible, have a continuous fall all the way from the Condensate Trap or drain line manifold to the discharge outlet and have no tap, valves or other restrictions in the pipe work. The outlet of the drain line must be in such a position that flow can be easily seen, but arranged so the condensate will not cause injury, damage or nuisance.

⚠ Warning: Failure to fill with water may cause flue gasses to escape through the condensate trap. The condensate trap should be regularly checked to ensure it is filled with water, replenishing when required.

Notes

AS/NZS3500.4 section 5.12 is used as a guide in preparing the following drainage recommendations.

- As the condensate is mildly acidic, copper tube and fittings must not be used as they will corrode.
- Use UPVC (Unplasticised Polyvinyl Chloride) or PE (polyethylene) piping.
- The outlet of the drain line must be in such a position that flow can be easily seen, but arranged so that discharge will not cause injury, damage or nuisance.
- The drain line must not discharge onto electrical connections, earth stakes, copper pipe, concrete paths or into a pond.

FLUE LENGTHS

The Rheem flueing literature states the maximum flue length for a 27L internal water heater is 9m with 3 x 90 degree bends, including 1 x horizontal or vertical terminal.

The maximum flue length and number of bends are interrelated. The table below provides guidance in alternative acceptable flue design.

Bend Resistance

Each 90 degree bend has an equivalent length of 1.5m.

Each 45 degree bend has an equivalent length of 0.75m.

It follows that 2 x 45 degree bends are equal to 1 x 90 degree bend.

Maximum Flue Length

The maximum flue length may be increased by the equivalent length for each bend reduction.

The maximum flue length **must** be reduced by the equivalent length for each bend increase.

The maximum permissible flue length with no bends and a terminal is 13.5m.

THE TABLE BELOW PROVIDES A READY RECKONER:

No. x 90 Degree Bends	No. x 45 Degree Bends	Maximum Flue length
0	0	13.5
1	0	12.0
2	0	10.5
3	0	9.0
4	0	7.5
5	0	6.0
0	1	12.75
0	2	12.0
0	3	11.25
0	4	10.5
0	5	9.75
0	6	9.0
0	7	8.25
0	8	7.5
0	9	6.75
0	10	6.0

Note: It is theoretically possible to have an odd number of 45 degree bends (for example a horizontal terminal installed on a wall that is 45 degrees to the wall to which the CFWH is mounted) and in this instance the equivalent length of the 45 degree bend should be added or subtracted as required.

CONNECTIONS – ELECTRICAL

All electrical work and permanent wiring must be carried out by a qualified person and in accordance with the Wiring Rules AS/NZS3000 and local authority requirements.

⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater (864 series) as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

The water heater is supplied with a 1.8 metre lead and plug and requires a 240 V 50 Hz general purpose outlet (GPO) to be located within 1.2 metres of the installation. The GPO must be clear of the flue exhaust, draining water, gas supply pipe and water connections.

The power consumption of the water heater is:

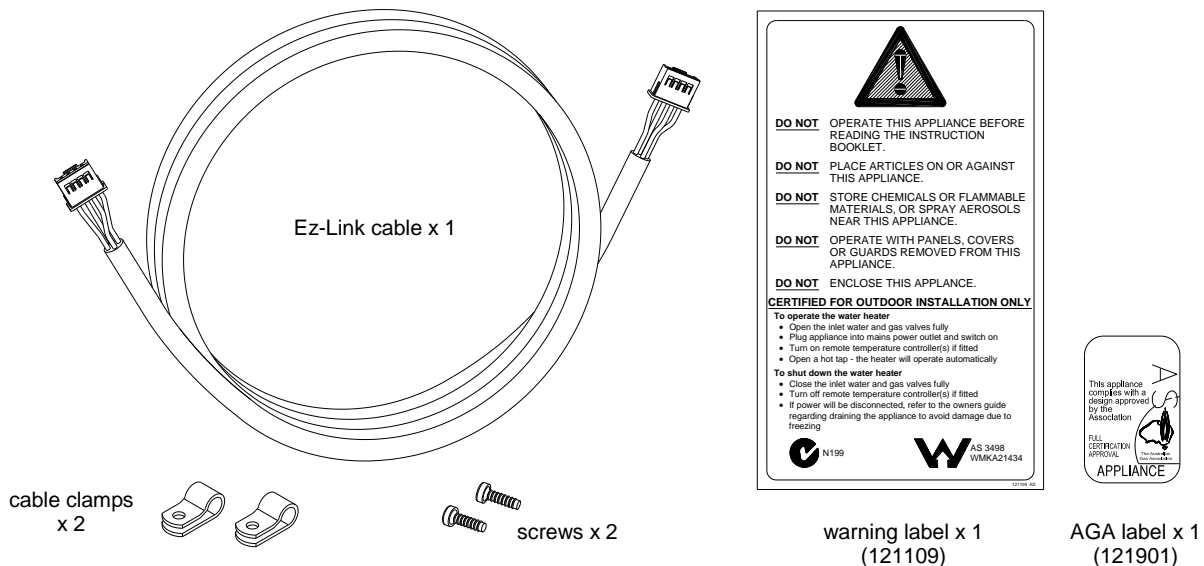
Model	Power consumption	Comments
864627 & 862627	80 Watts	Burner on, anti-frost device inactive
	187 Watts	Burner on, anti-frost device active

The water heater will only operate on a sine wave at 50 Hz. Devices generating a square wave cannot be used to supply power to the water heater.

EZ-LINK SYSTEM DUAL INSTALLATION

The EZ-Link™ system is designed to electronically control two continuous flow gas water heaters and have them operate as one. One or both water heaters may be in operation, depending upon the hot water demand. The second water heater will only operate when the hot water demand exceeds the capacity of the first water heater to supply.

The EZ-Link system is suitable for installation with Rheem 864 and 862 series continuous flow gas water heaters. The Ez-Link Kit PN 290141 is required for the installation.



Ez-Link Kit – PN 290141

Notes:

- Only two continuous flow gas water heaters can be installed with an Ez-Link system.
- The Ez-Link system will vary the start-up sequence of the two water heaters.
- The two continuous flow water heaters must be of the same model. The performance of two different model water heaters manifolded together cannot be guaranteed.
- A temperature controller is not required to be installed with the EZ-Link system.
- If required, the controller can be either a standard or deluxe controller.
- A maximum temperature of 55°C if a kitchen controller is used.

⚠ Warning: Two continuous flow water heaters manifolded together with an Ez-Link system installed cannot be used as an in-series gas booster system to a solar water heater installation. Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to a water heater as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered.

DUAL INSTALLATION

Install two continuous flow water heaters of the same model in a parallel plumbing arrangement. It is good practice, but not essential, to install the two water heaters in an Equa-Flow® manifold plumbing arrangement. There are basic installation requirements which must be followed:

1. The pipe work must be sized to meet the requirements of both AS/NZS3500.4 and the application. It is recommended to use minimum DN25 pipe for the cold water line, cold and hot headers and hot water line and DN20 for the cold and hot water branch lines of each water heater.
2. A full flow gate valve or ball valve must be installed on the cold water line to the system. A non-return valve or stop tap must not be installed.
3. A full flow gate valve or ball valve (not a stop tap) should be installed on both the cold water branch and hot water branch of each water heater.
4. An isolation valve must be installed on the gas branch of each water heater.
5. Non return valves or pressure limiting valves must not be installed on the branch lines to the water heaters.
6. All fittings, valves and branch lines should be matched sets to each of the water heaters.
7. Sufficient space must be left to enable access, servicing or removal of either water heater.

Refer to the '[Typical Two Unit Manifold with Ez-Link Connection](#)' diagram on page 79 for installation and plant layout details.

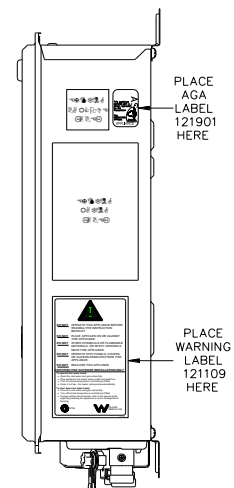
LABELS

A warning label (121109) and an AGA approval label (121901) are supplied in the Ez-Link kit. Where the two water heaters are installed close together and the warning label and AGA approval label on the inside face of the right hand water heater cannot be read, it is necessary to adhere the two labels supplied to the right-hand face of the water heater.

8. Place the warning label below the rating label.
9. Place the AGA approval label beside the barcode label.

Refer to the '[Label Positioning](#)' diagram adjacent for the position of the two labels to be adhered to the water heater.

A second rating label is attached to the inside of the front cover. This can be referenced to determine details of the left hand water heater.



Label Positioning

TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER

A temperature controller is not required to be installed with the EZ-Link system. If fitted, the controller can be either a standard or Deluxe controller.

If required connect a temperature controller to one only of the two water heaters. Up to three temperature controllers of the same family can be installed to this water heater. Refer to "[Installation – Controllers](#)" on page 80.

The water heater connected with the temperature controller(s) will become the "master" water heater. The installed temperature controller(s) will control the temperature and functionality of both water heaters. The maximum outlet temperature of the water heaters will be limited by the maximum temperature setting of the temperature controller.

A controller should only be installed if two continuous flow gas water heaters have been Ez-Linked together and they are not part of a circulated hot water flow and return system in a building. Refer to "[Circulated Hot Water Flow And Return System](#)" on page 48.

EZ-LINK CABLE CONNECTION

The references in steps 5 to 8 are to the '[Control Board with Ez-Link Connection](#)' diagram on page 79. To connect the Ez-Link cable to the water heaters:

1. Close any hot taps and ensure the burners on both water heaters are not operating.
2. Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to each water heater.
3. Remove the screws holding the front panel to the jacket on each water heater.
4. Gently disengage the front panel and pull forward to remove from each water heater.
5. Connect one end of the EZ-Link cable to the first water heater.
 - Draw the cable through the cable grommet on the underside of the water heater.
 - Plug the cable into the four pin connector located immediately below the MIN button, toward the upper right hand corner of the Control Board (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram).

The connector will only fit one way.
 - Press until the connector snaps into place.
 - Secure the EZ-Link cable with the clamp and screw provided to the top right of the Control Board (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram).
6. Switch DIP SWITCH 4 to the on (up) position on the first water heater (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram). **Note:** This dip switch is on the DIP 1 set of dip switches.
7. Connect the other end of the EZ-Link cable to the second water heater.
 - Draw the cable through the cable grommet on the underside of the water heater.
 - Plug the cable into the four pin connector located immediately below the MIN button, toward the upper right hand corner of the Control Board (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram).

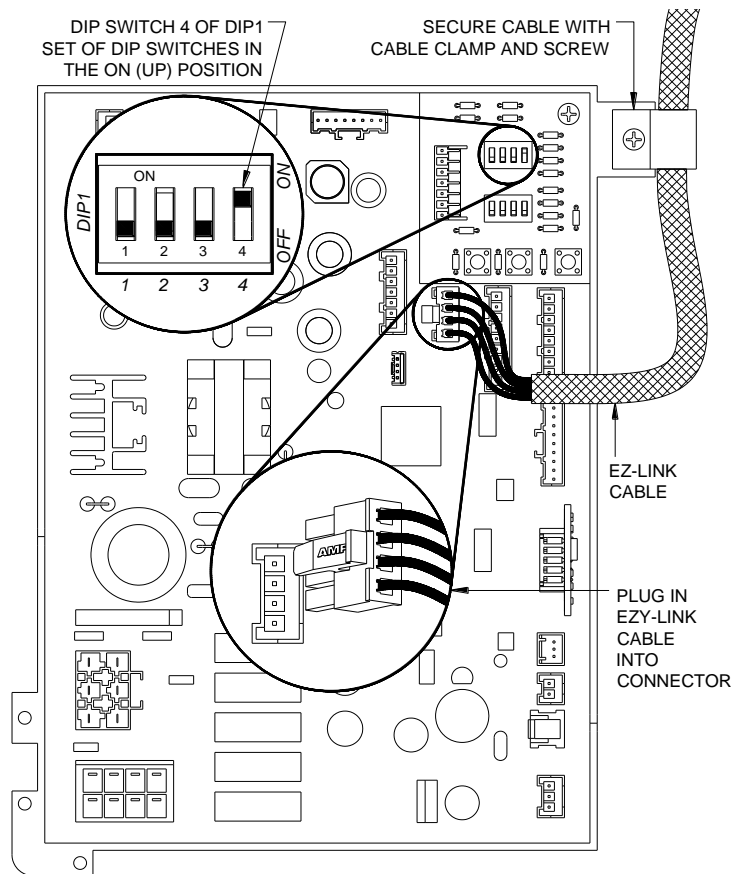
The connector will only fit one way.
 - Press until the connector snaps into place.
 - Secure the EZ-Link cable with the clamp and screw provided to the top right of the Control Board (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram).
8. Switch DIP SWITCH 4 to the on (up) position on the second water heater (refer to the [Control Board](#) diagram). **Note:** This dip switch is on the DIP 1 set of dip switches.
9. Refit the front panel and screws to each water heater.
10. Check the main gas isolation valve and the isolation valves at the gas inlet to each water heater are fully open.
11. Switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater. If fitted, turn on the controller by pressing the on / off button. The light in the on / off button and the priority light (standard controller) or ACTIVE light (Deluxe controller) will both glow.
12. Open a hot tap.

The first water heater and depending upon the flow from the hot tap, the second water heater will operate automatically.
13. Increase the hot water flow by turning on an additional hot tap(s).

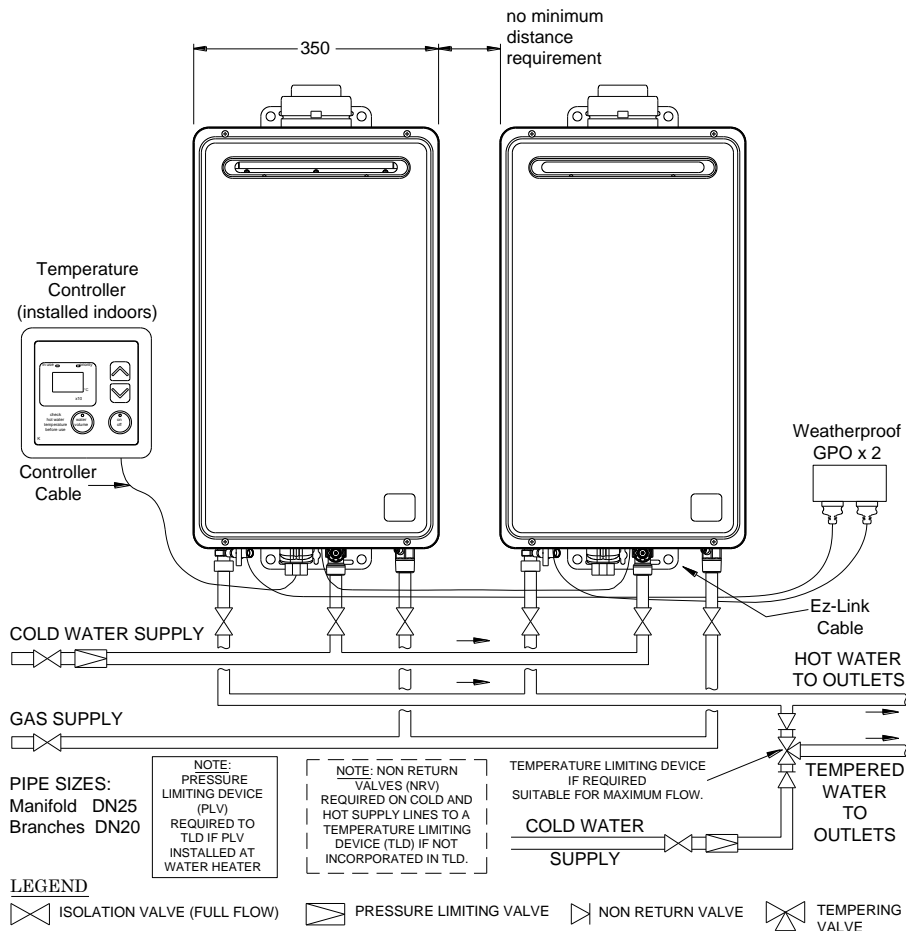
Check to ensure the flow from each connected hot tap is sufficient to operate both water heaters.

The minimum operating flow rate for each water heater is 3.0 litres per minute.
14. Turn off the hot taps.

Refer to "[Commissioning](#)" on page 87 for details on completing the installation.



Control Board with Ez-Link Connection



Typical Two Unit Manifold with Ez-Link Connection

INSTALLATION – CONTROLLERS

CONTROLLERS

The Rheem 864 & 862 series can be installed with Rheem controllers to enable the user to control the temperature of the delivered water from the outlet of the water heater.

There are two families of Rheem controllers suitable for installation with this water heater. These are the standard controllers and the Deluxe controllers.

Standard Controllers

There are three types of standard controller. They are the Kitchen controller (Rheem PN A299850), Bathroom1 controller (Rheem PN A299851) and the Bathroom2 controller (Rheem PN A299852).

The standard controllers are suitable for use on all 864 & 862 series water heaters.

The standard controllers are identified by a 'K' (Kitchen controller), 'B1' (Bathroom1 controller) or 'B2' (Bathroom2 controller) located on the front bottom left hand corner of the standard controller.

Deluxe Controllers

There are three types of Deluxe controller. They are the Kitchen Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299861), Bathroom1 Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299862) and the Bathroom2 Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299863).

The Deluxe controllers are suitable for use on all 864 & 862 series water heaters.

The Deluxe controllers are identified by a 'K' (Kitchen Deluxe controller), 'B1' (Bathroom1 Deluxe controller) or 'B2' (Bathroom2 Deluxe controller), located under the front panel, to the bottom left hand corner adjacent to the BATH FILL VOLUME label.

The standard and Deluxe controllers are designed to be hard wired into the water heater using either the Kitchen controller cable (Rheem PN A299856) or the Bathroom controller cable (Rheem PN A299857).

Notes:

- Where more than one controller is installed, the second or third controller must be of the same family.
- A standard controller can only be installed with another standard controller(s) and a Deluxe controller can only be installed with another Deluxe controller(s). A standard controller(s) and a Deluxe controller(s) cannot be connected to the same water heater.
- One, two or three controllers can be installed. Only one of each type of controller can be connected to the water heater. Therefore, a maximum of three controllers only can be connected to each water heater.
- A Bathroom2 controller can only be installed if a Bathroom1 controller is installed and a Bathroom2 Deluxe controller can only be installed if a Bathroom1 Deluxe controller is installed.
- An additional Kitchen controller cable or Bathroom controller cable can be used if an extension of the cable length is required. It will be necessary to cut an opposite end off both cables to be installed in order to wire them together. Alternatively, the cables may be extended using two-core flex with a minimum cross-sectional area of 0.5 mm².
- Other manufacturers' controllers are not suitable for use, and cannot be installed with this water heater.

⚠ Warning: Temperature controllers **must not** be fitted to this water heater (864 series) as part of a solar water heater system because water at a temperature much higher than the controller setting can be delivered. If a solar preheater has been installed to an existing water heater installation, then all controllers **must be** disconnected and removed.

Location – The controllers must be installed in dry, shaded and clean locations.

Do not install the controllers:

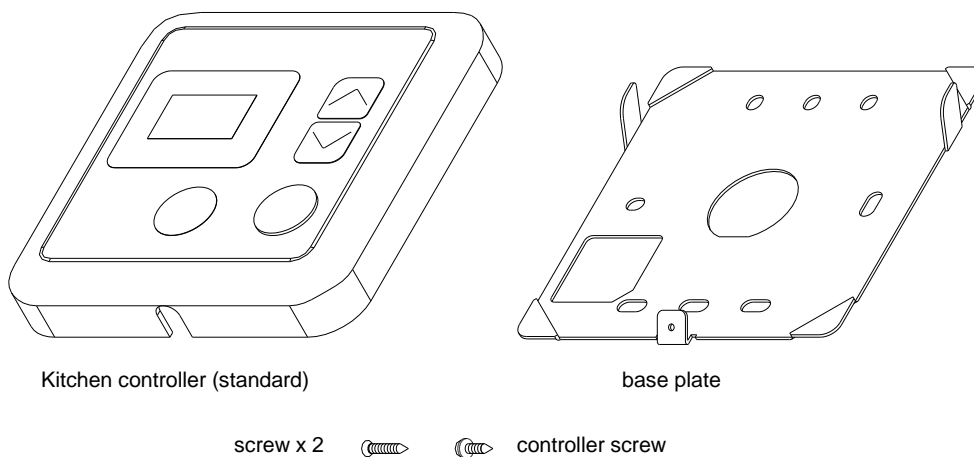
- Near a heat source, such as a cook top, stove or oven. Heat, steam and smoke will interfere with the electronic components of the controllers.
- In direct sunlight.
- In or near a wet area. The controllers are not waterproof. Water may damage the controllers.
- Outdoors. The controllers are not weatherproof.

KITCHEN CONTROLLER

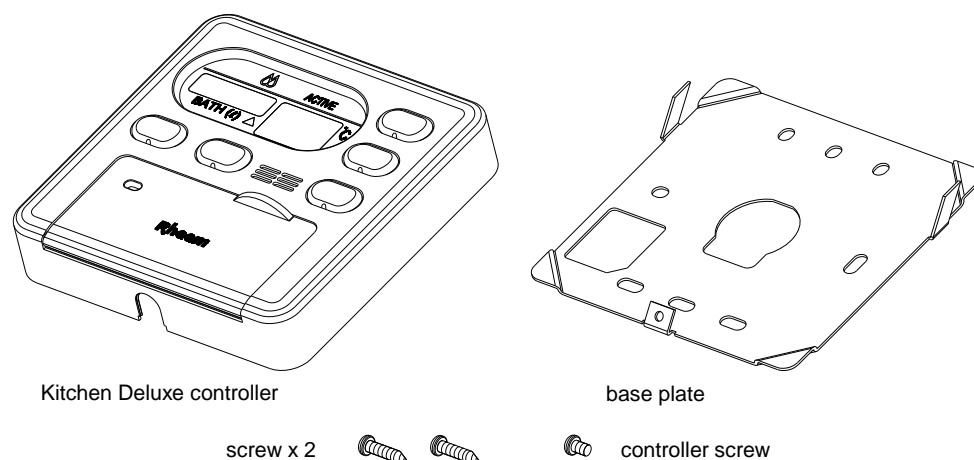
The standard Kitchen controller (Rheem PN A299850) or Kitchen Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299861) is to be installed in the kitchen or laundry only. It has a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

Choose a suitable location for the Kitchen controller, away from water, heat and sunlight.



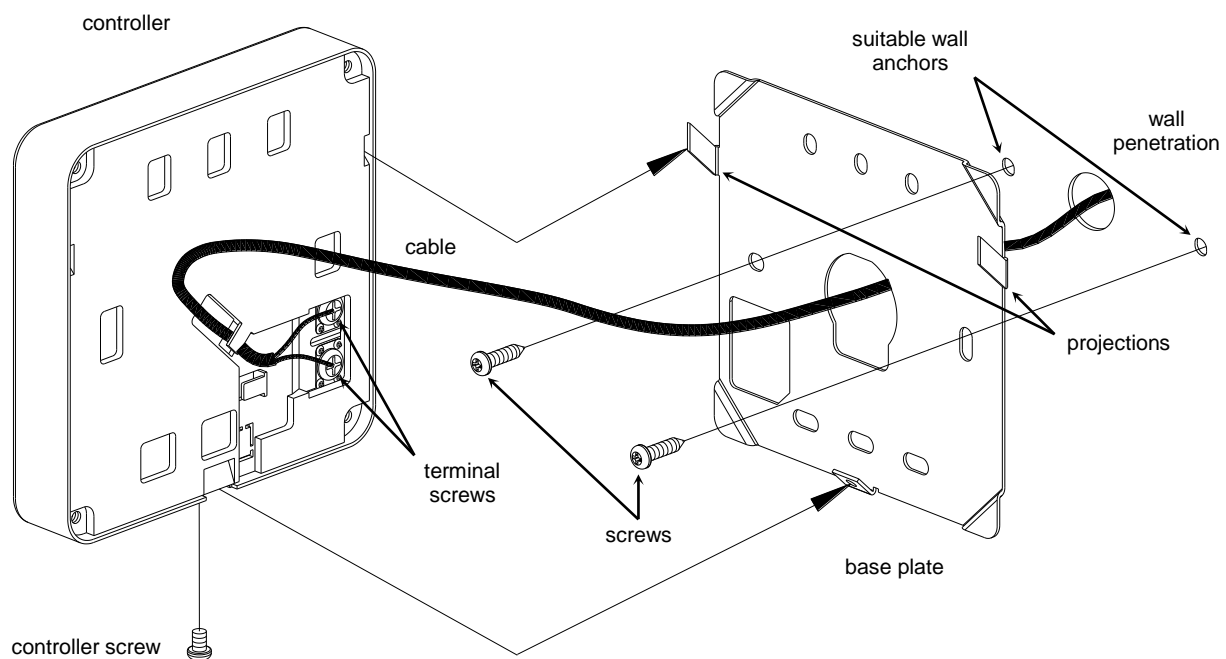
Kitchen Controller (Standard) Components



Kitchen Deluxe Controller Components

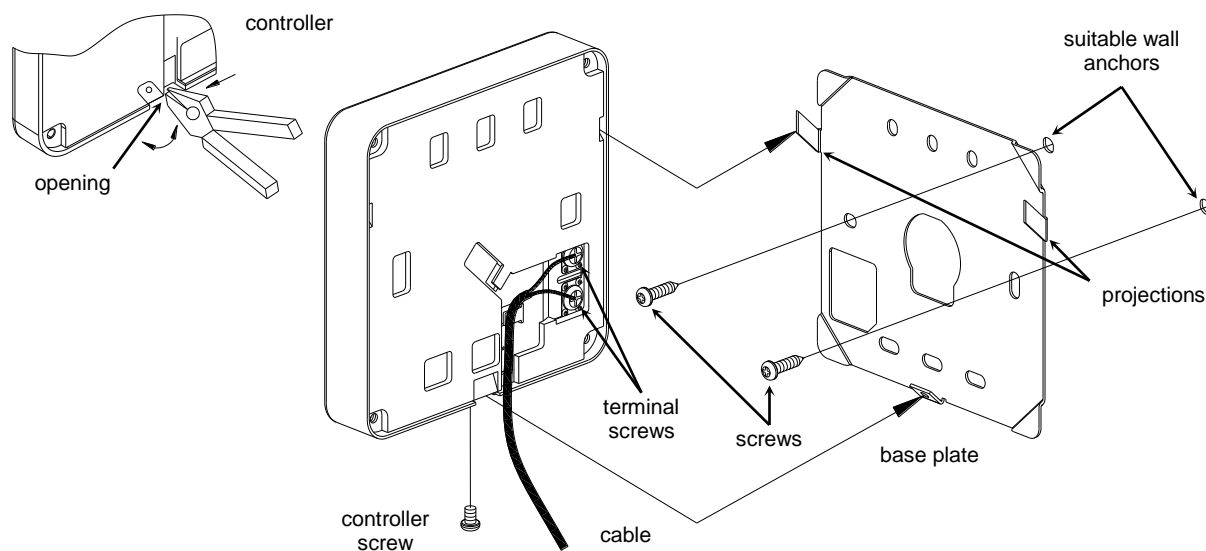
Wiring installation:

1. Penetrate the wall with a 30-35 mm hole at the controller location.
2. Install the Kitchen controller cable between the location of the controller and the water heater.
3. Remove the base plate from the controller.
4. Draw the cable through the central hole in the base plate.
5. Fix the base plate to the wall using suitable screws and wall anchors.
Ensure the projections in the base plate are pointing upwards.
6. Connect the cable to the two terminals on the back of the controller (connections are not polarity sensitive).
Ensure the connecting screws are seated tightly.
7. Place the controller over the base plate.
Ensure the projections in the base plate fit into the housings in the controller.
8. Fix the controller to the base plate at the bottom of the controller, using the controller screw provided.
9. Proceed to [“Connecting the Controller\(s\) to the Water Heater”](#) on page 86.



**Kitchen Controller (Standard and Deluxe) Installation
Concealed Cable**

If it is necessary to have an exposed wiring installation, follow this procedure omitting Steps 1 and 4, and make an opening in the thin section in the underside of the controller to accommodate the cable (as shown in the diagram), prior to Step 6.



**Kitchen Controller (Standard and Deluxe) Installation
Exposed Cable**

BATHROOM1 AND BATHROOM2 CONTROLLERS

If only one Bathroom controller is to be installed, the standard Bathroom1 Controller (Rheem PN A299851) or the Bathroom1 Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299862) must be used. If two Bathroom controllers are to be installed, one must be a standard Bathroom1 controller and the other must be a standard Bathroom2 controller (Rheem PN A299852) or one must be a Bathroom1 Deluxe controller and the other must be a Bathroom2 Deluxe controller (Rheem PN A299863).

They have a minimum temperature setting of 37°C and a maximum temperature setting of:

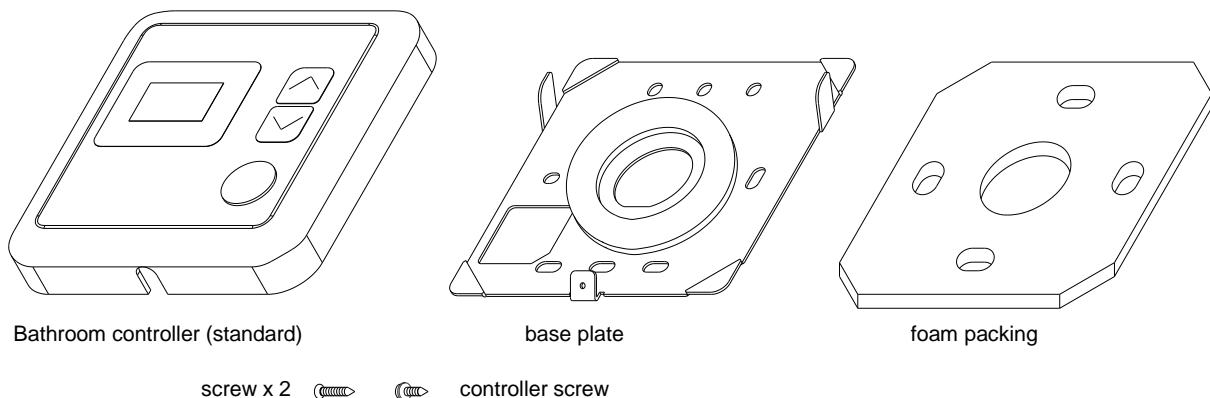
- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

The method of installation for the standard Bathroom1 and Bathroom2 controllers and the Bathroom1 Deluxe and Bathroom2 Deluxe controllers is identical.

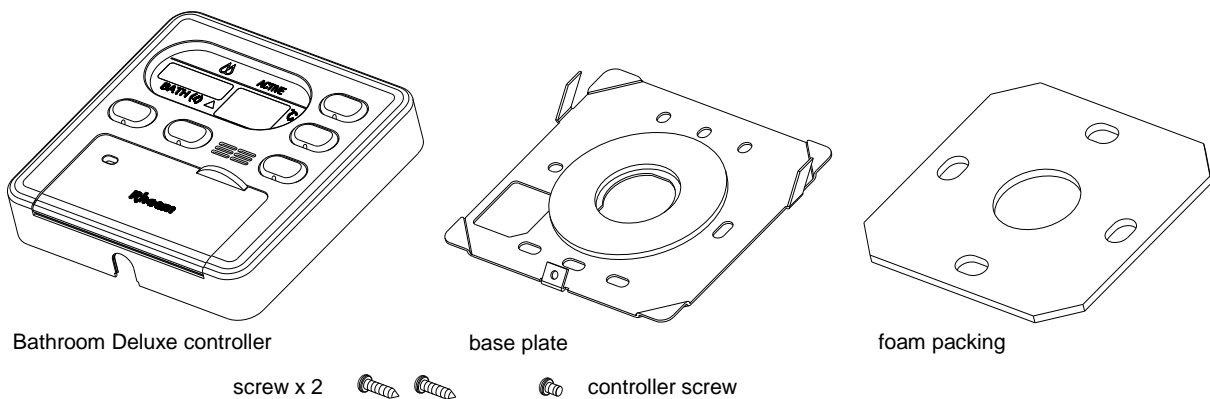
Choose a suitable location for each Bathroom controller, away from water, heat, and sunlight. The Bathroom controllers are supplied with a 250 mm length of wire with connectors to mate with the Bathroom controller cable.

Notes:

- It is not recommended to have exposed wiring in a bathroom.
- Do not apply sealant to the controller cable.



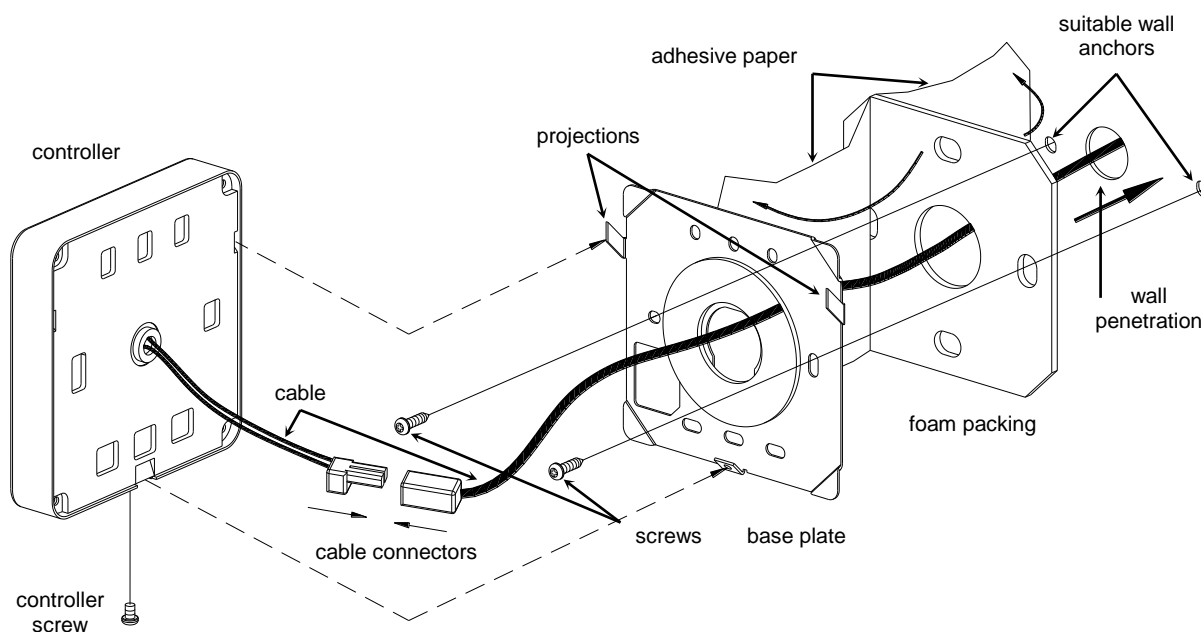
Bathroom1 and Bathroom2 Controller Components



Bathroom1 Deluxe and Bathroom2 Deluxe Controller Components

Wiring installation:

1. Penetrate the wall with a 30-35 mm hole at the controller location.
2. Install the supplied cable between the location of the controller and the water heater.
3. Remove the base plate from the controller.
4. Peel off one side of the adhesive paper from the foam packing and adhere to the back face of the base plate. This is the side without the projections.
5. Peel off the remaining adhesive paper from the foam packing.
6. Draw the cable through the central hole in the base plate.
7. Fix the base plate to the wall using suitable screws and wall anchors.
Ensure the projections in the base plate are pointing upwards.
8. Plug the controller wire into the Bathroom controller cable.
9. Place the controller over the base plate.
Ensure the projections in the base plate fit into the housings in the controller.
10. Fix the controller to the base plate at the bottom of the controller, using the screw provided.
11. Proceed to [“Connecting the Controller\(s\) to the Water Heater”](#) on page 86.



Bathroom Controller (Standard and Deluxe) Installation

CONNECTING THE CONTROLLER(S) TO THE WATER HEATER

To connect the controller(s) to the water heater:

1. Ensure the electrical supply to the water heater is switched off.
2. Unscrew and gently remove the electrical cover from the underside of the water heater.
3. Draw the cable(s) through the electrical cover.
4. Connect a cable lug from each cable to each of the remote controller terminals. Each cable has two cable lugs.

Ensure the terminal screws are seated firmly and there are no excess wire loops inside of the electrical cover.

- The cable connections are non-polarised.
- Three cable lugs, one from each type of controller, can be connected to each remote controller terminal.

5. Place the cable(s) in the cable holder notches.

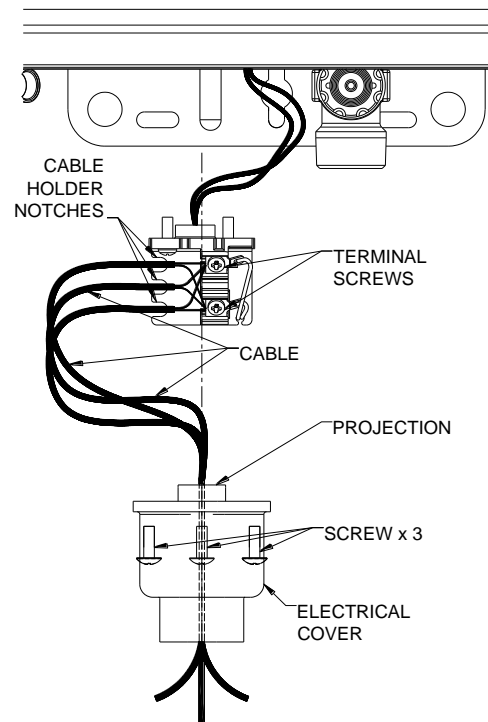
It is important to seat the cables into the cable notches. Failure to do this may cause an unstable contact or even disconnection of the cables from the terminals if the cables were to be pulled.

6. Refit the electrical cover to the water heater and replace the screws.
7. Switch on the electrical supply to the water heater.

Upon completion of the installation of the controllers, it is necessary to test their operation through the complete range of functions (refer to [“Temperature Control”](#) on pages 9 to 38).

Upon completion and testing of the installation, explain to the householder the functions and operation of the controllers and the water heater.

If it is necessary to turn off the water heater on completion of the installation, such as on a building site or where the premises is vacant, follow the procedure [“To Turn Off the Water Heater”](#) on page 93.



COMMISSIONING

All water heaters are tested and adjusted before dispatch from the factory, however further adjustments may become necessary because of local conditions.

TO TURN ON THE WATER HEATER

- Open all of the hot taps in the house (don't forget the shower).
- Open the cold water isolation valve fully at the inlet to the water heater.
Air will be forced out of the taps.
- Close each tap as water flows freely from it.
- Check the pipe work for leaks.
- Open the gas isolation valve fully.
- Check the gas pipe work for leaks.
- Plug in the water heater at the power outlet and switch on the electrical supply.
- Turn on a controller, if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button.
The light in the on / off button and the priority light (standard controller) or ACTIVE light (Deluxe controller) will both glow.
- Open a hot tap.
The water heater will operate automatically.
- Check to ensure the flow from each connected hot tap is sufficient to operate the water heater.
The minimum operating flow rate for all models is 3.0 litres per minute.

The automatic water governor incorporated in the water heater is not adjustable.

To complete the installation, it is necessary to check the gas supply pressure at the inlet to the water heater (refer to "[Gas Inlet Pressure](#)" below), the minimum test point pressure and the maximum test point pressure (refer to "[Burner Gas Pressure](#)" on page 89).

Upon completion and testing of the installation, ensure the controller(s) is turned off (if fitted). Explain to the householder or a responsible officer the functions and operation of the water heater and the controllers (if fitted).

⚠ Warning: Upon completion of the installation and commissioning of the water heater, leave this guide with the householder or a responsible officer. **DO NOT** leave this guide inside of the cover of the water heater, as it may interfere with the safe operation of the water heater or ignite when the water heater is turned on.

GAS INLET PRESSURE

IMPORTANT - CHECK the gas supply pressure at the inlet to the water heater with the water heater and all other gas burning appliances in the premises operating (burners alight). The minimum gas supply pressure is:

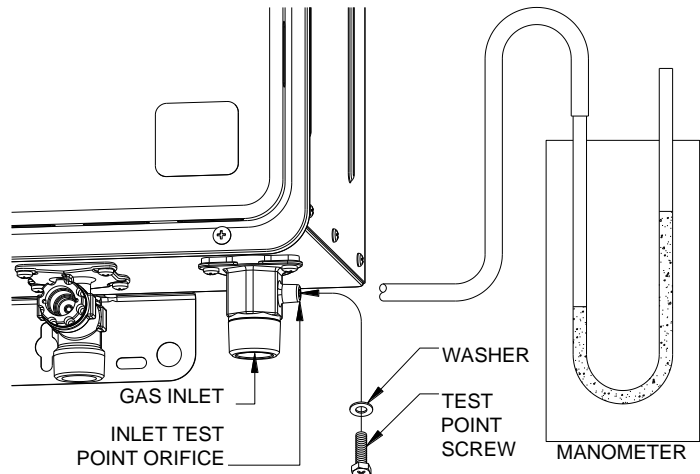
Natural Gas	1.13 kPa	ULPG	2.75 kPa
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If this minimum cannot be achieved, it may indicate the meter or the gas line to the water heater is undersized. It is important to ensure that an adequate gas supply pressure is available to the water heater when other gas burning appliances, on the same gas supply, are operating.

Gas Inlet Test Point Pressure

To check the gas inlet pressure:

1. Close any hot taps and ensure the burners are not operating.
2. Close the gas isolation valve at the gas inlet to the water heater.
3. Locate the gas inlet test point on the gas connection to the water heater.
 - Remove the test point screw and washer from the test point orifice.
 - Connect the manometer.
4. Open the gas isolation valve fully at the gas inlet to the water heater.
5. Observe the gas pressure reading on the manometer.



If the manometer reading is between the minimum and maximum inlet gas pressure ratings on the rating label, no adjustment is required.

If the manometer reading is below the minimum inlet gas pressure rating on the rating label, then either the gas pipe to the water heater is undersized and needs to be rectified or adjustment is required at the gas regulator.

If the manometer reading is above the maximum inlet gas pressure ratings on the rating label, then adjustment is required at the gas regulator.

6. Switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater if it is not already switched on and turn on a controller, if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button.
7. Open a hot tap fully and ensure the burners are fully ignited.

It may be necessary to open a second tap.
8. Turn on all other gas burning appliances in the house which are on the same gas supply.
9. Observe the gas pressure reading on the manometer.

If the manometer reading is between the minimum and maximum inlet gas pressure ratings on the rating label, no adjustment is required.

If the manometer reading is below the minimum inlet gas pressure rating on the rating label, then either the gas pipe to the water heater is undersized and needs to be rectified or adjustment is required at the gas regulator.

If the manometer reading is above the maximum inlet gas pressure ratings on the rating label, then adjustment is required at the gas regulator.

10. Turn off the other gas burning appliances in the house.
11. If an adjustment was made during Step 9, repeat this procedure from Step 6.
12. Close the hot tap(s).
13. Close the gas isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.
14. Remove the manometer and refit and tighten the test point screw and washer.
15. Open the gas isolation valve fully at the gas inlet to the water heater.
16. Open a hot tap again so the burners ignite.
17. Test for gas leaks.
18. Close the hot tap.

BURNER GAS PRESSURE

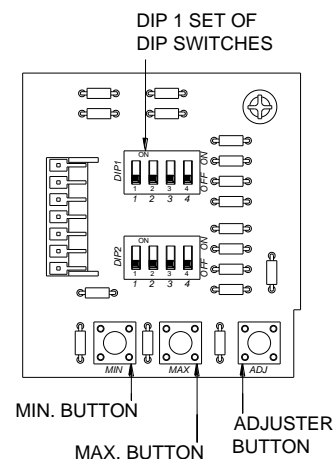
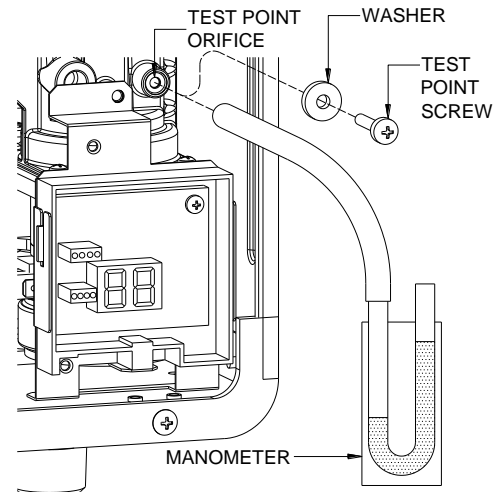
It is necessary to check the burner gas pressure at both the minimum and maximum operational settings. To check and if necessary adjust the operational gas pressures, the electrical supply to the water heater must be switched on, the burners ignited and hot water must be flowing from a hot tap.

⚠ Warning: The removal of the front panel will expose 240 volt wiring. Take care not to touch wiring terminals.

Minimum test point gas pressure

Refer to the rating label on the water heater for the minimum test point gas pressure.

1. Close any hot taps and ensure the burners are not operating.
2. Turn off the controller(s), if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button and switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater.
3. Remove the screws holding the front panel to the jacket.
4. Gently disengage the front panel and pull forward to remove from the water heater.
5. Locate the burner pressure test point on the main burner manifold.
 - Remove the test point screw and washer from the test point orifice.
 - Connect the manometer.
6. Switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater and turn on a controller, if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button.
7. Open the gas isolation valve fully at the gas inlet to the water heater, if not already open.
8. Open a hot tap slowly until the burners ignite.
9. Press and hold down the MIN button and observe the reading on the manometer.
 - "1L" is shown on the LED display.
10. Release the MIN button.



If the manometer reading observed in step 9 agrees with the rating label, no further adjustment is required.

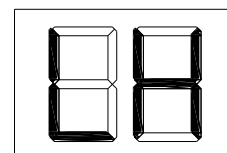
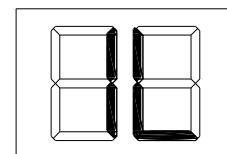
11. To adjust, press and hold the adjuster button.

- "LH" is shown on the LED display.

Note: The adjuster button must be held down continuously through steps 11 to 13.

12. Press and hold the MIN button and observe the reading on the manometer.

- The manometer reading will change as the test point gas pressure adjusts.



Note: While the MIN button is pressed, the gas pressure will at first increase then decrease, cycling between an upper gas pressure limit (39 on the LED display) and a lower gas pressure limit (01 on the LED display).

13. Release the MIN button when the reading on the manometer agrees with the rating label.
14. Release the adjuster button.

Notes:

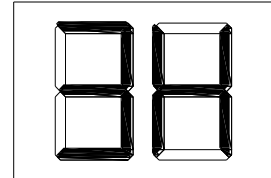
- If the burners extinguish and error code 11 or 12 starts to flash on the LED display:
 - release the MIN and adjuster buttons
 - close the hot tap
 - recommence the procedure from Step 8.
- If the adjuster button is released before Step 13, clear any error code (if displayed) and recommence the procedure from Step 8.

Maximum test point gas pressure

Refer to the rating label on the water heater for the maximum test point gas pressure.

Follow Steps 8 to 14 of the [“Minimum test point gas pressure”](#) procedure, but open the hot tap fully and use the MAX button instead of the MIN button. It may be necessary to open two or three hot taps fully, depending upon the model of water heater and the incoming cold water temperature.

Note: In Step 9, “3H” (864627 & 862627 models) will be shown on the LED display.



After setting the minimum and maximum test point gas pressures:

- Close the hot tap.
- Remove the manometer and refit and tighten the test point screw and washer.
- Open a hot tap again so the burners ignite.
- Test for gas leaks.
- Close the hot tap.
- Turn off the controller, if one is fitted, by pressing the on / off button
- Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater
- Refit the front panel and screws to the water heater.

Clearing Error Codes

If an error code does appear on the LED display during the installation and commissioning process, it will be necessary to clear the error prior in order to complete the installation.

To clear an error code:

- switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater
- check the gas isolation valve at the gas inlet to the water heater is fully open
- wait five (5) minutes
- switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater

PRESET OUTLET TEMPERATURE SETTING

The factory pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater is:

- 864 series 55°C
- 862 series 55°C

If a temperature controller is connected to the water heater, this will override the pre-set outlet temperature setting and the maximum temperature setting will be:

627 Model	Maximum Outlet Temperature	
	864 series	862 series
Kitchen controller connected	55°C	55°C
Bathroom controller only connected	50°C	50°C

It is usually not necessary to check or adjust the factory pre-set outlet temperature setting of the water heater, unless the customer has a particular requirement for this to be done or it is to be installed as a gas booster to a solar water heater.

Gas Booster for a Solar Water Heater

Where an 864 series water heater is installed as a gas booster to a solar water heater, the pre-set outlet temperature setting must be set at 75°C for the system to operate correctly.

It will be necessary to check and if required to adjust the pre-set outlet temperature setting of the continuous flow water heater when:

- it is installed as a gas booster as part of a solar water heater installation
- it is an existing continuous flow water heater and a solar preheat water heater is then installed.

Notes:

- Consideration must be given to the delivery temperature to any ablution and public areas such as a bathroom, en-suite or public amenities. Refer to [“Hot Water Delivery”](#) on page 46 and to [“Schematics of 2 Temperature Zones Using A Temperature Limiting Device”](#) on page 47.

⚠ WARNING: TEMPERATURE CHANGE MUST ONLY BE MADE BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER OR RHEEM SERVICE CENTRE REPRESENTATIVE. SEVERE SCALD INJURIES COULD OCCUR IF BATHROOMS AND ENSUITES ARE NOT PROTECTED BY A HOT WATER TEMPERING DEVICE.

TO CHECK OR ADJUST THE PRESET OUTLET TEMPERATURE SETTING

The temperature settings will be displayed on the LED display. The pre-set outlet temperature settings are:

- 864 series 38°C, 40°C, 42°C, 43°C, 45°C, 50°C, 55°C 70°C & 75°C
- 862 series 38°C, 40°C, 42°C, 43°C, 45°C, 50°C, 55°C, 60°C, 65°C, 70°C, 75°C, & 82°C

It is necessary to have the electrical supply to the water heater switched on during stages of checking or adjusting the pre-set outlet temperature setting procedure.

⚠ Warning: The removal of the front panel will expose 240 volt wiring. Take care not to touch wiring terminals. The adjustment must be carried out by a qualified person.

⚠ Warning: This procedure will involve the adjustment of dip switches. Adjustment of a dip switch should only be made with an insulated tool.

To check or adjust the pre-set outlet temperature setting:

1. Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater.
2. Remove the screws holding the front panel to the jacket.
3. Gently disengage the front panel and pull forward to remove from the water heater.
4. Switch on the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater.
5. Switch dip switches 3 and 4 to the on (up) position on the DIP 1 set of DIP switches on the I.C. Board.

The current pre-set outlet temperature setting will show on the LED display.

If the temperature displayed on the LED display is the desired pre-set outlet temperature setting, then proceed to step 7, as no further adjustment is necessary.

6. Press the MAX button to increase or the MIN button to decrease the pre-set outlet temperature setting.

Each press of the MAX or MIN button will increase or decrease the pre-set temperature by one increment.

The MAX and MIN buttons are located underneath the DIP 1 and DIP 2 set of DIP switches.

864 series

If the water heater is to be used as a gas booster to a solar water heater and '55' is shown on the LED display, increase the temperature to 75°C.

The increments are 38°C, 40°C, 42°C, 43°C, 45°C, 50°C, 55°C, 70°C & 75°C.

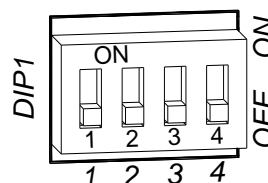
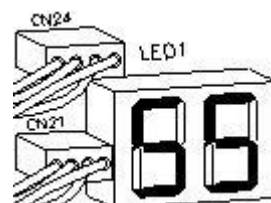
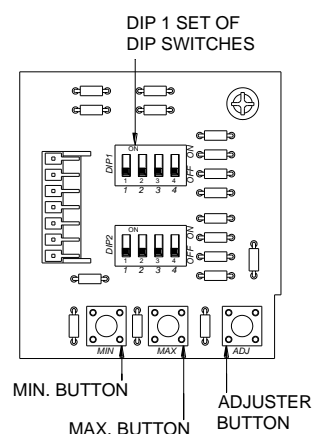
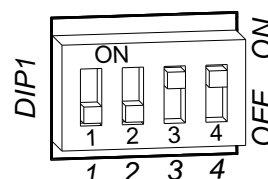
862 series

If the water heater is to be used as a gas booster to a solar water heater set the temperature to a minimum of 75°C. The increments are 38°C, 40°C, 42°C, 43°C, 45°C, 50°C, 55°C, 60°C, 65°C, 70°C, 75°C & 82°C.

7. Switch dip switches 3 and 4 to the off (down) position.

The LED display will go blank. The pre-set outlet temperature setting is now set.

8. Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater.
9. Refit the front panel and screws to the water heater.



TO TURN OFF THE WATER HEATER

If it is necessary to turn off the water heater on completion of the installation, such as on a building site or where the premise is vacant, then:

- Turn off the controllers(s) (if fitted) by pressing the on / off button.
The light in the on / off button will go out and the priority light (standard controller) or the ACTIVE light (Deluxe controller), if it is on, will go out.
- Switch off the electrical supply at the power outlet to the water heater (refer to note below).
- Close the gas isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater
- Close the cold water isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.
- Drain the water heater if there is a risk of freezing conditions occurring (refer to [“Draining The Water Heater”](#) on page 94).

Note: The frost protection system will be rendered inoperable if electrical power is not available at the water heater. Damage caused by freezing due to the unavailability of power at the water heater is not covered by warranty (refer to [“Warranty Exclusions”](#) on page 96). If the power has been switched off to the water heater and there is a risk of freezing, then it is necessary to drain the water heater (refer to [“Draining the Water Heater”](#) on page 94).

DRAINING THE WATER HEATER

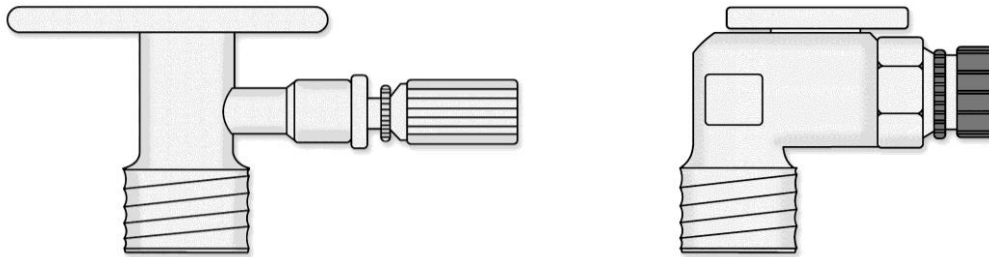
To drain the water heater:

- Turn off the water heater (refer to [“Turn Off The Water Heater”](#) on page 93).
- Open a hot tap (preferably the shower outlet).
- Unscrew the two drain plugs, one each at the cold water inlet and hot water outlet, on the underside of the water heater.

Water will drain from the water heater.

- When water stops flowing from the water heater, close the hot tap.

Note: It is recommended not to screw the drain plugs back in, until the water heater is to be turned on again.



WATER SUPPLIES

Your water heater is manufactured to suit the water conditions of most New Zealand Town water supplies. However, there are some known water supplies that can have detrimental effects on the water heater Bore/Rain Water and its operation and / or life expectancy. If you are unsure of your water chemistry, you can obtain information from your local water supply authority.

This water heater is not suitable for connection to bore water or spring water unless a water treatment device is fitted and the PH is within 6.8-7.6. (Refer to [Water Quality](#) page 99)

MAINTENANCE

To ensure your water heater is operating safely and efficiently it is recommended that a yearly service is carried out. Every 5 years additional checks should be carried out in addition to the yearly schedule:-

1. Operate unit and check OK monitor LED status. 'ON' should be displayed if operation is O.K, a numeric value will be displayed if a fault is present.
 - If a fault code is present, refer to the relevant service manual to remedy the fault prior to carrying out routine service.
2. Check all plumbing connections, pressure relief valve and inside of cabinet for water leaks.
3. Check electrical cord set outer sheath to ensure it is intact and not damaged.
4. Access maintenance mode and check for errors previously detected. Note any faults and clear history.
5. Remove and inspect cold water inlet strainer for foreign matter and clean if necessary.
6. Remove any dust and debris from inside cabinet.
7. Remove the water thermistors (x3), and check o-rings are sound and check thermistors for mineral deposits and signs of erosion. Clean or replace as necessary.
8. Inspect the combustion fan, check blades are not corroded, the fan bearing spins freely and the fan blades run true.
 - If required, carefully remove any deposits from the fan blades, and be careful not to disturb balancing weights.
9. Once reassembled, operate unit and test for gas leaks on disturbed joints.
10. Check for water leaks on thermistor connections
11. Operate unit on forced high and check **gas inlet pressure** to unit and adjust supply regulator if necessary/ permissible.
12. Check the high and low burner pressures and adjust if necessary to the data badge rating.
13. Test flame failure device.
14. Carry out electrical safety checks.
15. Replace front panel and restore power, water and gas supplies.
16. Visually inspect flue throughout its entire length where visible and check flue termination is unobstructed and compliant.
17. Complete gas and electrical safety certificate documentation.

Every 5 years complete the additional steps below prior to step 10.

1. Remove burner and separate from burner manifold, check condition of PGFR/gas manifold connection gasket.
 - If the burner manifold orifices are blocked it may be necessary to split the burner manifold (Do this very carefully to preserve the gasket). Use a file gauge to clean the orifices, but ensure only the smooth part of the gauge pin is used and not the file part.
 - Use compressed air and a stiff brush to remove any deposits from the burner.
2. Inspect the ignitor and flame sensor rods for signs of sooting or buckling and clean as necessary.
3. Inspect heat exchanger, check fins are not buckled, signs of leaking and remove any foreign deposits with compressed air and a stiff brush.

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RHEEM ELECTRONIC CONTINUOUS FLOW GAS WATER HEATER WARRANTY – NEW ZEALAND ONLY

WARRANTY CONDITIONS

Installation	Model	Period	Warranty
All Components (from date of installation)			
Water heater installed in any other than a "single-family domestic dwelling"	All models	Year 1	New component or water heater free of charge, including labour**
Water heater installed in a "single-family domestic dwelling"	All models	Years 1 to 3	New component or water heater free of charge, including labour**
Heat Exchanger (from date of installation)			
Water heater installed in a "single-family domestic dwelling"	All models	Years 4 to 10	New heat exchanger, free of charge, with installation and labour costs being the responsibility of the owner.

Notes:

***Rheem New Zealand limited is the supplier of Rheem electronic continuous flow gas water heaters, manufactured by Paloma industries Ltd, a world leader in water heater technology and manufacture.**

****Refer to item 4 of warranty conditions.**

Rheem New Zealand reserves the right to transfer fully functional components from the defective water heater to the replacement water heater if required.

WATER QUALITY

Your water heater is manufactured to suit the water conditions of most New Zealand metropolitan water supplies. However, there are some known water supplies that can have detrimental effects on the water heater and its operation and / or life expectancy. If you are unsure of your water chemistry, you can obtain information from your local water supply authority plumber or merchant.

This water heater is not suitable for connection to bore, spring or rain water unless a water treatment device is fitted to buffer PH levels to between 6.8 - 7.6.

WARRANTY CONDITIONS

1. This warranty is applicable only to water heaters manufactured from 1st January 2001.
1. The water heater must be installed in accordance with the Rheem water heater installation instructions, supplied with the water heater, and in accordance with all relevant statutory and local requirements in which the water heater is installed.
2. Where a failed component or water heater is replaced under warranty, the balance of the original warranty period will remain effective. The replaced part or water heater does not carry a new warranty.
3. Where the water heater is installed outside the boundaries of a metropolitan area as defined by Rheem or further than 25 km from a regional Rheem Service Centre, the cost of transport, insurance and travelling costs between the nearest Rheem Service Centre's premises and the installed site shall be the owner's responsibility.
4. Where the water heater is installed in a position that does not allow safe, ready access, the cost of accessing the site safely, including the cost of additional materials handling and / or safety equipment, shall be the owner's responsibility.
5. The warranty only applies to the water heater and original or genuine (company) component replacement parts and therefore does not cover any plumbing or electrical parts supplied by the installer and not an integral part of the water heater, e.g. pressure limiting valve; isolation valves; non-return valves; electrical switches; pumps or fuse.
6. The water heater must be sized to supply the hot water demand in accordance with the guidelines in the Rheem water heater literature.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS

1. REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT WORK WILL BE CARRIED OUT AS SET OUT IN THE RHEEM WATER HEATER WARRANTY, HOWEVER THE FOLLOWING EXCLUSIONS MAY CAUSE THE WATER HEATER WARRANTY TO BECOME VOID AND MAY INCUR A SERVICE CHARGE AND / OR COST OF PARTS.
 - a) Accidental damage to the water heater or any component, including: Acts of God; failure due to misuse; incorrect installation; attempts to repair the water heater other than by a Rheem Service Centre.
 - b) Where it is found there is nothing wrong with the water heater; where the complaint is related to excessive discharge from the temperature and / or pressure relief valve due to high water pressure; where there is no flow of hot water due to faulty plumbing; where water leaks are related to plumbing and not the water heater or water heater components; where there is a failure of gas, electricity or water supplies; where the supply of gas, electricity or water does not comply with relevant codes or acts.
 - c) Where the water heater or water heater component has failed directly or indirectly as a result of: excessive water pressure; excessive temperature and / or thermal input; corrosive atmosphere; ice formation in the pipe work to or from the water heater; ice formation in the waterways of a water heater without a frost protection system; ice formation in the water heater with a frost protection system where the waterways of a electricity supply has been switched off or has failed and the water heater has not been drained in accordance with the instructions; ice formation in the waterways of a water heater with a frost protection system due to an ambient temperature below -20°C (including wind chill factor); ice formation in the water ways of a water heater where the water heater has not been installed in accordance with the Rheem water heater installation instructions.
 - d) Where the water heater is located in a position that does not comply with the Rheem water heater installation instructions or relevant statutory requirements, causing the need for major dismantling or removal of cupboards, doors or walls, or use of special equipment to bring the water heater to floor or ground level or to a serviceable position.
 - e) Repair and / or replacement of the water heater due to scale formation in the waterways or the effects of corrosive water when the water heater has been connected to a scaling or corrosive water supply as outlined in the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions booklet.
2. SUBJECT TO ANY STATUTORY PROVISIONS TO THE CONTRARY, THIS WARRANTY EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL CLAIMS FOR DAMAGE TO FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALLS, FOUNDATIONS OR ANY OTHER CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY DUE TO LEAKAGE FROM THE WATER HEATER, OR DUE TO LEAKAGE FROM FITTINGS AND/OR PIPE WORK OF METAL, PLASTIC OR OTHER MATERIALS CAUSED BY WATER TEMPERATURE, WORKMANSHIP OR OTHER MODES OF FAILURE.